

#### Design Analysis Technology Advancement (D.A.T.A) Laboratory



## DETC2014-34767

## **Discovering Next Generation Product Innovations By Identifying Lead User Preferences Expressed Through Large Scale Social Media Data**

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Introduction

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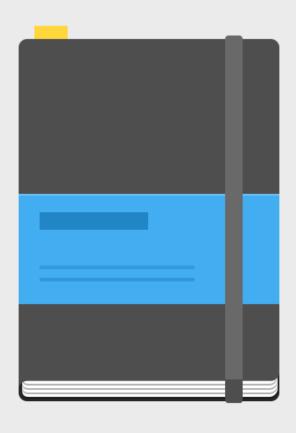
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### PRESENTATION OVERVIEW



- Background
- **Motivation**
- Methodology
  - **Extracting Product Features**
  - **Identifying Latent Features**
  - **Identifying Product Specific and Global Lead Users**
- Case Study
- Results
- Conclusions
- Future Work





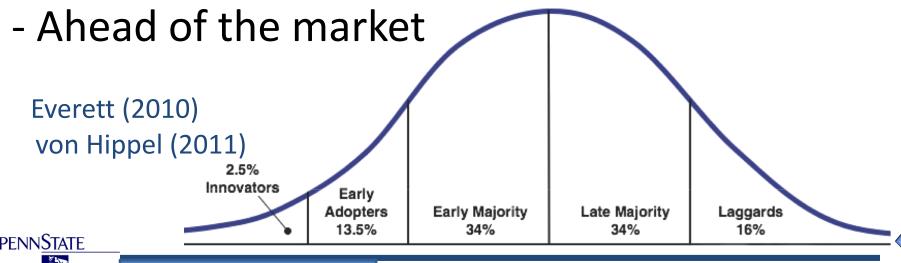
## **NEED FOR LEAD USERS**

 A *lead user* is a consumer of a product who faces needs unknown to the public

Franke et al. (2006), Schreier et al. (2007)

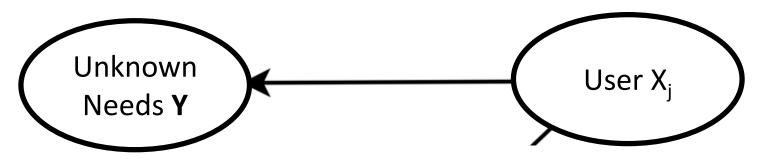
## Lead users have two primary characteristics:

- High incentives to solve problems -> Innovators



**Motivation** 

### **ACQUIRING LEAD USER INSIGHTS**



**Existing Approaches**: Acquire lead user knowledge through surveys, focus group interviews, or frequent interaction with the customer

-Everett (2010), von Hippel (2011), Lars, et al (2011)



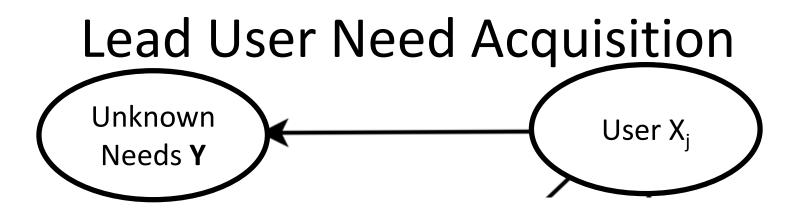
# CHALLENGES OF EXISTING **TECHNIQUES**

- Cost and scalability challenges of acquiring lead user insights
- Limited incentive to participate in a lead user study (from the user's perspective)

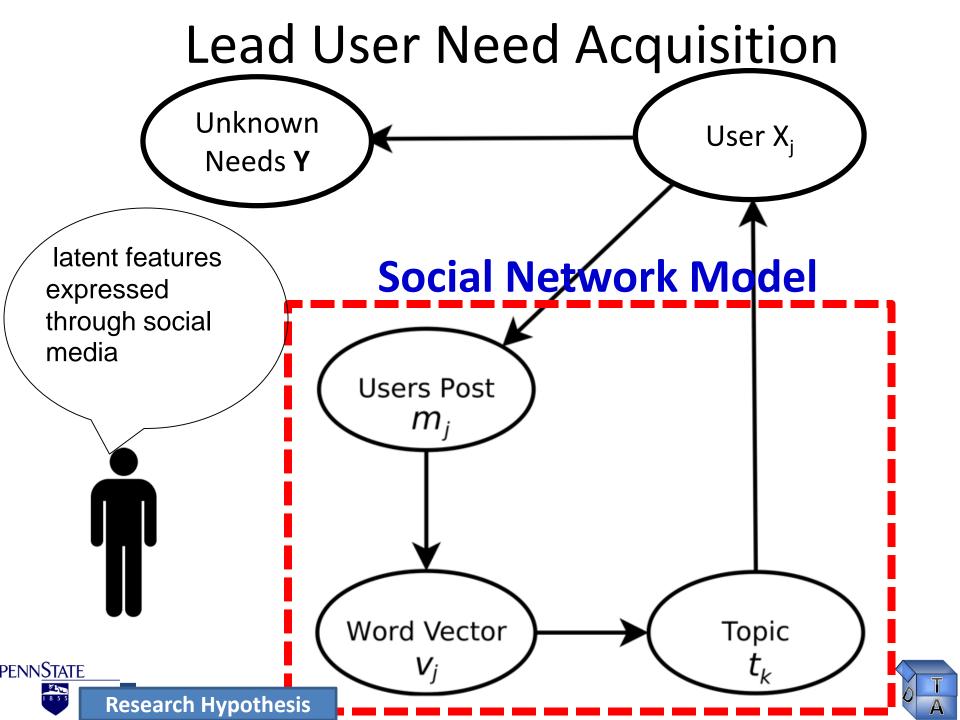


**Related Work** 

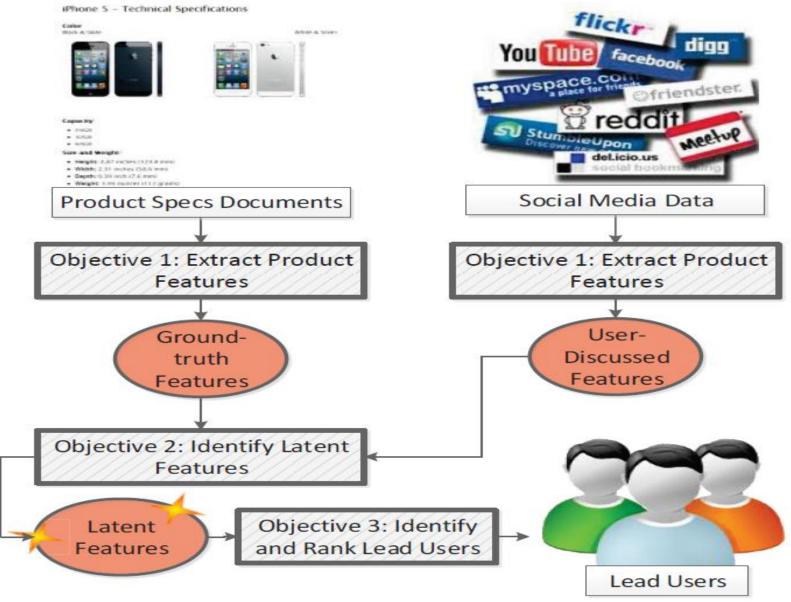




Hypothesis: topics expressed through social media networks approximate lead user needs with high accuracy



### **METHODOLOGY**







Methodology

## **Extracting Product Features**

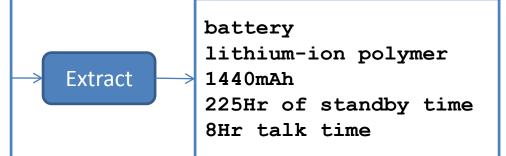
```
Algorithm 1: The feature extraction algorithm from a col-
lection of documents
   Input: D: Set of free-text documents to extract product features.
   Output: E: Set of extractions. Each e \in E is a tuple of
             \langle feature, opinion, frequency \rangle, for example
             e = \langle \text{`onscreen keyboard'}, \text{`fantastic'}, 5 \rangle
 1 preprocessing;
 2 for d \in D do
       Clean d:
       POS tag d;
       Extract multi-word features;
6 end
7 initialization;
8 E = \emptyset;
9 T = \emptyset;
10 F = Seed Features ;
11 while E can still grow do
       Learn templates from seed features;
12
        Add new template to T;
13
       foreach d \in D do
14
            foreach Sentence s \in d do
15
                 e ← Extract potential feature-opinion pair using T;
16
                 Add e to E;
17
            end
18
        end
19
        Update F;
20
21 end
22 E ← Clustering and normalizing features;
```



# **Methodology: Extract Product** Features (Example)

#### **Product Specification Document**

The rechargeable **battery** built with *lithium-ion polymer* with a charge capacity of **1440mAh**[8] is built in and cannot be replaced by the user; it is rated at ≤225 hours of standby time and ≤8 hours of talk time.





#### Social Media Message

U know with all the *glass* in the iPhone 4 they really should think about integrating a *solar panel* to recharge the battery.



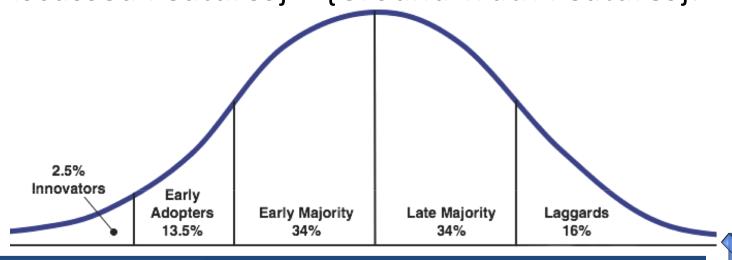




# **Methodology: Identify Latent Features**

"A latent feature: a feature that has not yet been implemented in any products within its domain"

- Naïvely, {Latent Features} = {All Features} {Ground Truth Features \}.
- Retrieve *meaningful* latent features. So {Latent Features} = {Social Discussed Features} – {Ground Truth Features}.

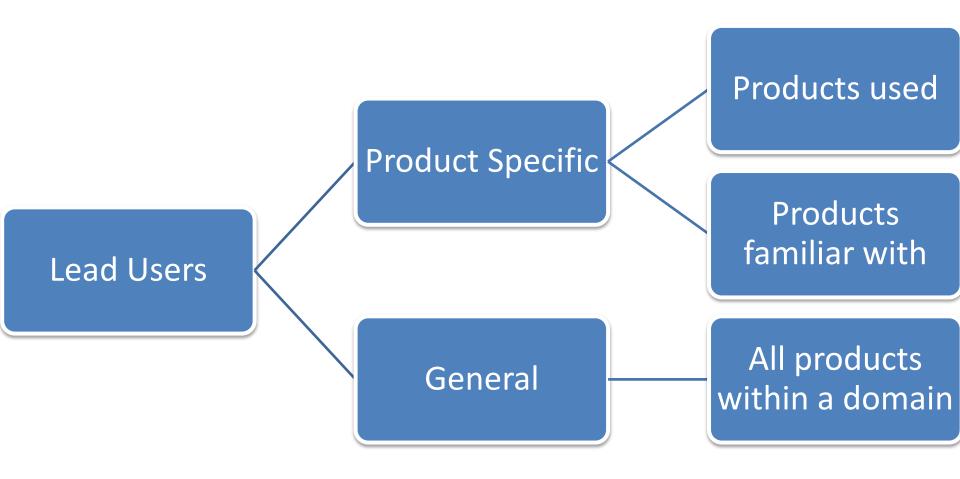


http://www.engr.psu.edu/datalab/



Methodology

# Methodology: Identify Lead Users (Product Specific vs. Global)





Methodology



## **Methodology: Identify Latent Features**

- $S = \{s_1, s_2, ..., s_n\}$ : a product domain
- F\*(\$) set of global latent features

Methodology

 F\*(s): the set of <u>product specific</u> latent features of product s<sub>i</sub>

$$\begin{split} FF(f,F^*) &= 0.5 + 0.5 \cdot \frac{|Frequency(f)|}{\sum_{f' \in F^*} |Frequency(f')|} \\ IPF(f,\mathbb{S}) &= log \frac{|\mathbb{S}|}{|\{s \in \mathbb{S} : f \in s\}|} \\ FF - IPF(f,F^*,\mathbb{S}) &= FF(f,F^*) \cdot IPF(f,\mathbb{S}) \end{split}$$





# **Methodology: Identify Product Specific Lead Users**

"Product specific lead users emit innovative ideas about the products that they use or are familiar with"

```
Algorithm 2: Algorithm for identifying and ranking prod-
uct specific lead users of a particular product s
```

```
Input: s \in \mathbb{S}: The product. U: The set of all users.
        F(G_s):Ground-truth features. F(M_s):User discussed
        features. F^*(s): Latent features.
```

**Output**: Ranked list of users with respect to P(u|s)

Methodology

```
1 initialization:
```

2 
$$I = \emptyset$$
;

3 foreach  $user u \in U$  do

- $M_u \leftarrow$  The messages posted by u;
- Compute  $F(M_u)$  using Algorithm 1;
- iScore  $\leftarrow$  Compute P(u, s);
- Add  $\langle u, iScore \rangle$  to I;
- 8 end
- 9 I  $\leftarrow$  Rank users in I by iScores;
- 10 return I

$$P(u|s) = \sum_{f \in F(M_u)} P(u|f,s) \cdot P(f|s)$$

$$P(u|f,s) = \begin{cases} 1 ; f \in F^*(\mathbb{S}) \\ 0 ; Otherwise \end{cases}$$

$$P(f|s) = \frac{1}{|F(G_s) \cup F(M_s)|}$$

http://www.engr.psu.edu/datalab/





## Methodology: Identify Global Users

"Global lead users have critical, innovative ideas about all the products within the product domain."

$$P(u) = \sum_{s \in \mathbb{S}} P(u|s) \cdot P(s)$$

$$P(s) = \frac{|Positive(s)|}{\sum_{s' \in \mathbb{S}} |Positive(s')|}$$

Positive(s) is the set of positive messages associated with the product s.



Methodology



# Case Study: Smart phones and **Twitter Users**

27 smart phone products

**Case Study** 

 Smartphone Specification Product Specification **Manuals** 

- Product Related Twitter Data:
  - 2.1 billions tweets in the United States during the period of 31 months, from March 2011 to September 2013.

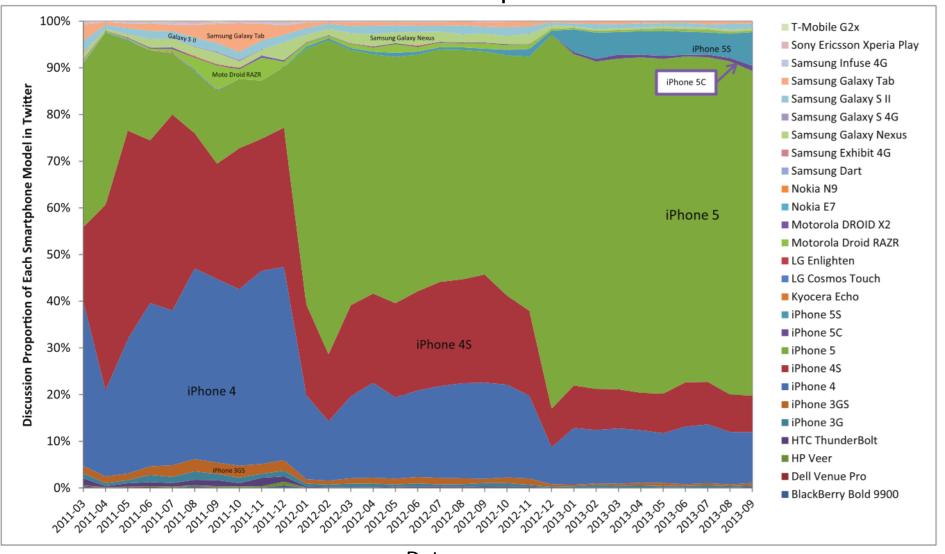
http://www.engr.psu.edu/datalab/

 Preprocess by cleaning and mapping sentiment level (positive, neutral, negative).





#### Monthly distribution of Twitter discussion of each smart phone model across the 31 month period of data collection



Date





http://www.engr.psu.edu/datalab/

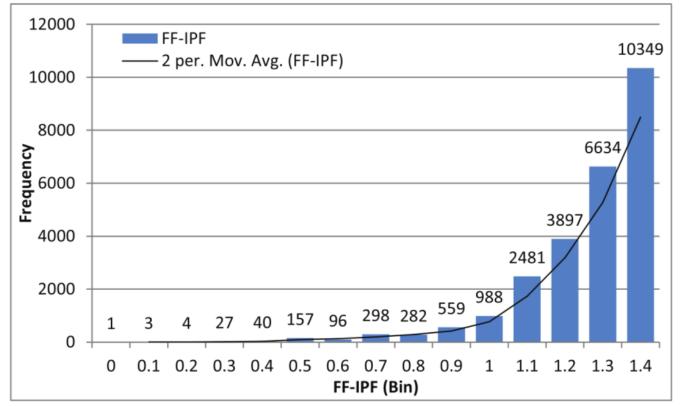
### Results: Extract Product Features

| Model                     | # Base   | # User   | # Latent |
|---------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| Model                     | Features | Features | Features |
| BlackBerry Bold 9900      | 1126     | 126      | 101      |
| Dell Venue Pro            | 497      | 50       | 36       |
| HP Veer                   | 1206     | 76       | 56       |
| HTC ThunderBolt           | 627      | 335      | 281      |
| iPhone 3G                 | 1330     | 532      | 420      |
| iPhone 3GS                | 891      | 775      | 652      |
| iPhone 4                  | 995      | 6057     | 5720     |
| iPhone 4S                 | 963      | 5922     | 5582     |
| iPhone 5                  | 1020     | 13493    | 13050    |
| iPhone 5C                 | 895      | 833      | 717      |
| iPhone 5S                 | 973      | 1962     | 1740     |
| Kyocera Echo              | 895      | 22       | 16       |
| LG Cosmos Touch           | 769      | 11       | 6        |
| LG Enlighten              | 1084     | 5        | 1        |
| Motorola Droid RAZR       | 582      | 593      | 496      |
| Motorola DROID X2         | 504      | 162      | 138      |
| Nokia E7                  | 749      | 14       | 10       |
| Nokia N9                  | 745      | 83       | 62       |
| Samsung Dart              | 1178     | 10       | 6        |
| Samsung Exhibit 4G        | 1331     | 10       | 7        |
| Samsung Galaxy Nexus      | 456      | 1147     | 1017     |
| Samsung Galaxy S 4G       | 1322     | 62       | 37       |
| Samsung Galaxy S II       | 1319     | 801      | 662      |
| Samsung Galaxy Tab        | 771      | 884      | 762      |
| Samsung Infuse 4G         | 1121     | 85       | 60       |
| Sony Ericsson Xperia Play | 726      | 132      | 102      |
| T-Mobile G2x              | 945      | 39       | 23       |





## **Results: Identify Latent Features**



Histogram showing the distribution of the Feature Frequency-Inverse Product Frequency (FF-IPF) scores of 25,816 total extracted global latent features.

- A set of 25,816 global latent features are extracted from the smart phone related social media data.
- Latent features with FF-IPF scores lower than 1.1 are treated as noise and eliminated.

Results

# **Results: Identify Latent Features**

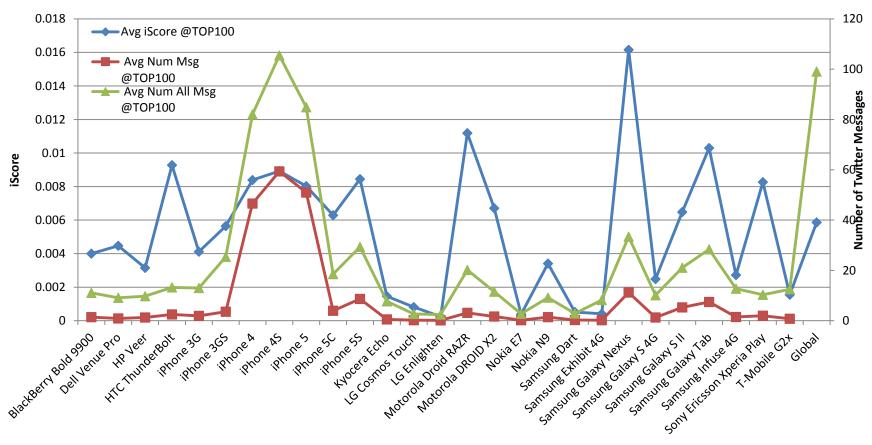
| <b>Latent Feature</b> | FF-IPF | Example   |  |  |
|-----------------------|--------|---|--|--|
| Waterproof            | 1.3087 | I hope Apple incorporates some of that new waterproof technology in the iPhone 5          |  |  |
|                       |        | iPhone 5 better be waterproof, shockproof, scratchproof, thisproof, thatproof, and all    |  |  |
|                       |        | the rest of the proofs for \$800  |  |  |
| Solar Panel           | 1.3061 | and what else would make the iPhone 5 even better, built in solar power charging!         |  |  |
|                       |        | U know with all the glass in the iPhone 4 they really should think about integrating a    |  |  |
|                       |        | solar panel to recharge the battery.  |  |  |
| Hybrid                | 1.3027 | I wish there was an #android phone out there that was a hybrid of the best features on    |  |  |
|                       |        | the droid razr maxx and the galaxy nexus .  |  |  |
|                       |        | I need a <i>hybrid-iPhone 4s</i> so the battery can hold on all day when I'm at #vmworld. |  |  |
|                       |        | Steve, are you listening? :)  |  |  |
| <b>Tooth Pick</b>     | 1.3023 | I hope iPhone 5 borrows from Swiss Army and finally adds a <i>removable tooth pick</i> .  |  |  |
| iHome                 | 1.3021 | My life would be 827492916 times better if my <i>iHome took my iPhone 5</i>               |  |  |
|                       |        | First world problem: mad because my iPhone 5 is not compatible with this iHome dock       |  |  |
|                       |        | in the hotel room.  |  |  |

Top 5 latent features across the chosen smart phone models, FF-IPF scores, and example tweets that related to the latent features





# Results: Identify Lead Users



Average product specific iScore (i.e. P(u|s)) and global iScore (i.e. P(u)) of top 100 lead users across all the selected smartphone models, along with average numbers of tweets both related to each smartphone model (Avg Num Msg @TOP100) and average number of tweets related to smartphone in general (Avg Num All Msg @TOP100)





## Results: Identify Lead Users

| Model                        | Product<br>iScore | Sample Twitter Message   |  |
|------------------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Samsung<br>Galaxy Nexus      | 0.0496            | I wish there was an #android phone out there that was a <i>hybrid</i> of the best features on the droid razr maxx and the galaxy nexus.      |  |
| HTC<br>ThunderBolt           | 0.0308            | HTC Thunderbolt #fail: Connect phone to PC to access drivers on included <i>SD card</i> but need drivers installed to access SD card from PC |  |
| iPhone 5                     | 0.0174            | but unless <i>Siri</i> can do more that just talkI'm not sold! #iPhone5  |  |
| Sony Ericsson<br>Xperia Play | 0.0085            | Hmm Playing games supporting Xperia Play controls. Wish I could use <i>PS3 controller</i> Makes me want an LTE Xperia Play with Tegra3       |  |
| Kyocera Echo                 | 0.0077            | Kyocera Echo needs to develop its own apps.  |  |

Sample tweets from the top lead user of each sample five smart phone models. These tweets suggest product innovative improvement for each corresponding product.





Results

## Results: Identify Lead Users

| Global<br>iScore | Sample Twitter Message   |
|------------------|--|
| 0.0127           | I wish there were a tweak for the iPhone 4S that would<br>indicate "4G" instead of just 3G when I'm connected<br>with a HSDPA+ connection. |
| 0.0126           | If you trust my instinct, the iPhone 5S will come in multiple colors and two display sizes   |
| 0.0113           | Very exciting Siri on the iPhone 4S activates when you "raise it to your ear" that'd b awesome.  |
| 0.0107           | I wish i could use my iPhone as a <i>universal remote</i> control.   |
| 0.0105           | Since iPhone already does fingerprint, Sumsung should scan eyes.   |

Sample tweets from the top 5 global lead users of the smart phone domain. These tweets suggest product innovation.

Results





http://www.engr.psu.edu/datalab/

# Conclusion and Path Forward Unknown User X<sub>i</sub> Needs Y latent features Social Network Model expressed through social media **Users Post** Word Vector Topic PENNSTATE **Research Hypothesis**

## Acknowledgement & References

#### Contributors:

D.A.T.A. Lab: Suppawong Tuarob, Conrad Tucker

#### References

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