

Amanda Gerstenberg  
Structural Option  
Senior Thesis  
Spring 2006



THE 400

Bremerton, WA



# Scope of Presentation



- Introduction
  - Building Description
  - Problem Statement
- Blast Resistant Design (Navy nearby)
  - Causes and Types of Attacks
  - The Explosion Itself
  - Cost Implications
  - Designing Against a Blast
  - Glass as a Lethal Weapon

# Scope of Presentation



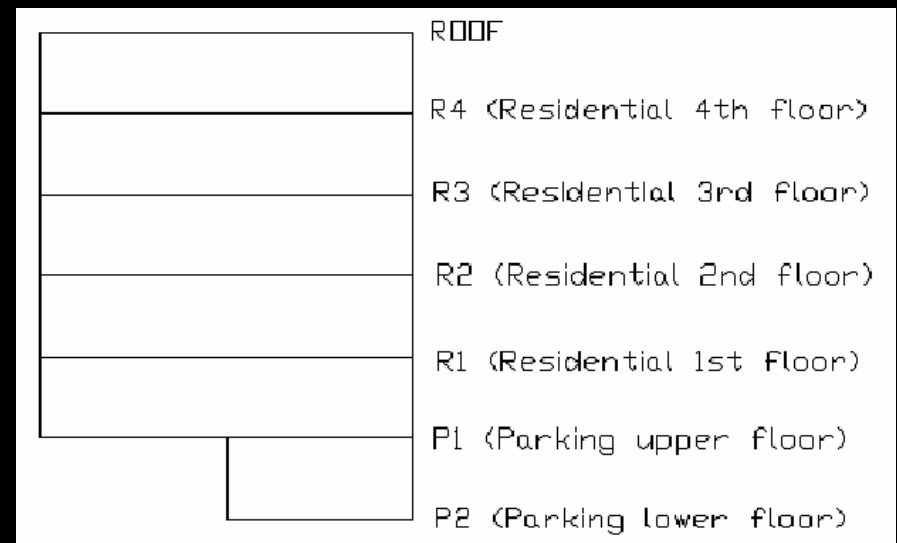
- Blast Resistant Design of The 400
  - Floor plan Considered
  - Design Loading and Combinations
  - Removing a Column
  - Recommendations for The 400
- Conclusions
  - Summary and Conclusions
  - Recommended References

# INTRODUCTION

# Building Description



- Waterfront Condominium (124,000 sq. ft.)
- 4 Stories Residential (about 21,000 sq. ft.)
  - Non-composite Steel Deck
  - ½" Metal Form Deck; 2 ½" Concrete Topping
- 2 Stories Parking (about 15,000 sq. ft.)
  - Slab-on-grade
  - Post-tensioned Slab
- Lateral System
  - 12" Concrete Shear Walls



# Initial <vs> Final Research



<i>Initial</i>	<i>Final</i>
Determine Possible Blasts for Bremerton, WA	Determine Possible Blasts for <b>all areas</b>
Determine Loads and locations for Potential Attack	Determine Loads and locations for Potential Attack
Determine Critical Load Cases	<b>Cannot Determine Critical Load Cases</b>
Redesign Structure for Blast Loading	Redesign Structure for Blast Loading
Determine Cost Comparison for Old and New Designs	Determine Cost Comparison for Old and New Designs

# **BLAST RESISTANT DESIGN**

# Causes and Types of Attacks



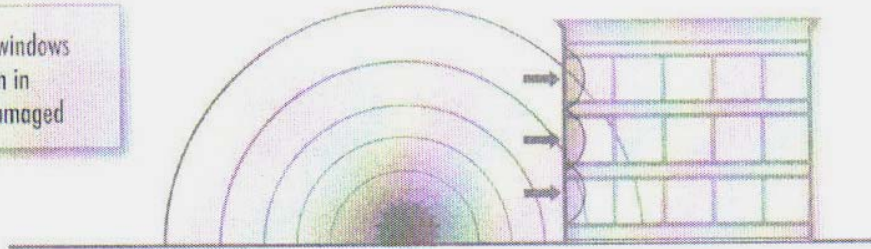
- Causes
  - Exert political pressure
  - Make symbolic statement
- Types of Attacks
  - Vehicle-transported bomb
    - Most common and critical
    - Lower level causes most damage
  - Mail bomb
  - Briefcase/small package bomb
  - Aerial attack (virtually no defense)
  - Nuclear attack (virtually no defense)



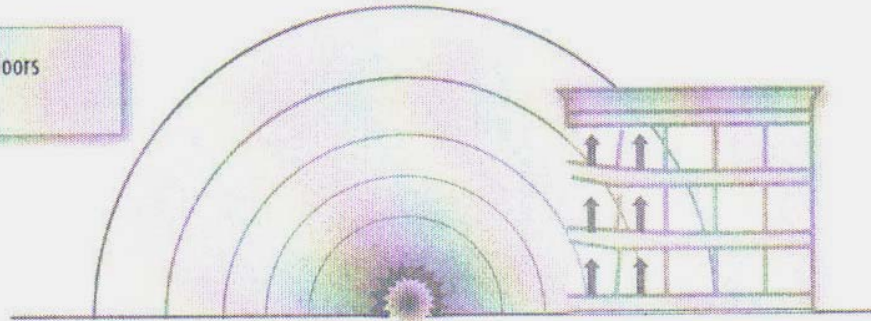
# The Explosion Itself



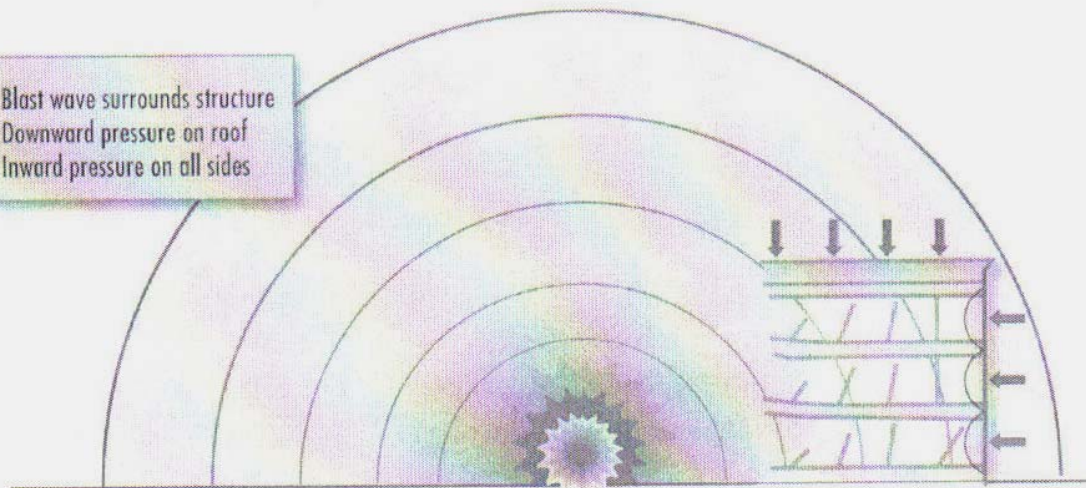
1. Blast wave breaks windows  
Exterior walls blown in  
Columns may be damaged



2. Blast wave forces floors upward



3. Blast wave surrounds structure  
Downward pressure on roof  
Inward pressure on all sides



# Cost Implications



- National Research Council
  - 250,000 square feet
  - Rentable space; 5-year leases

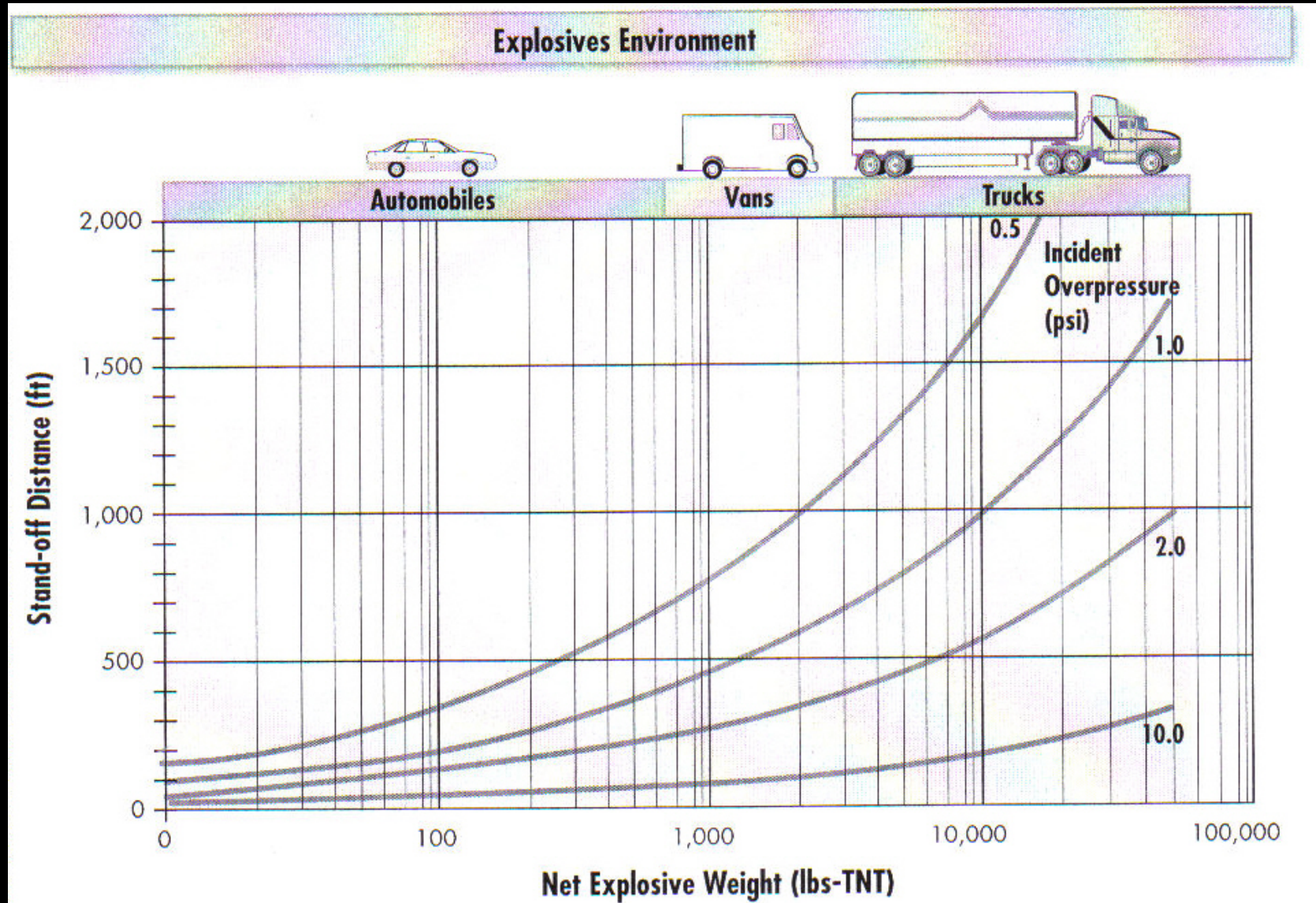
*NON-BLAST RESISTANT: \$83.50 per square foot*

*BLAST RESISTANT: \$86.63 per square foot*

*5% increased cost*

*3.5% increased lease premium*

# Designing Against a Blast



# General Recommendations

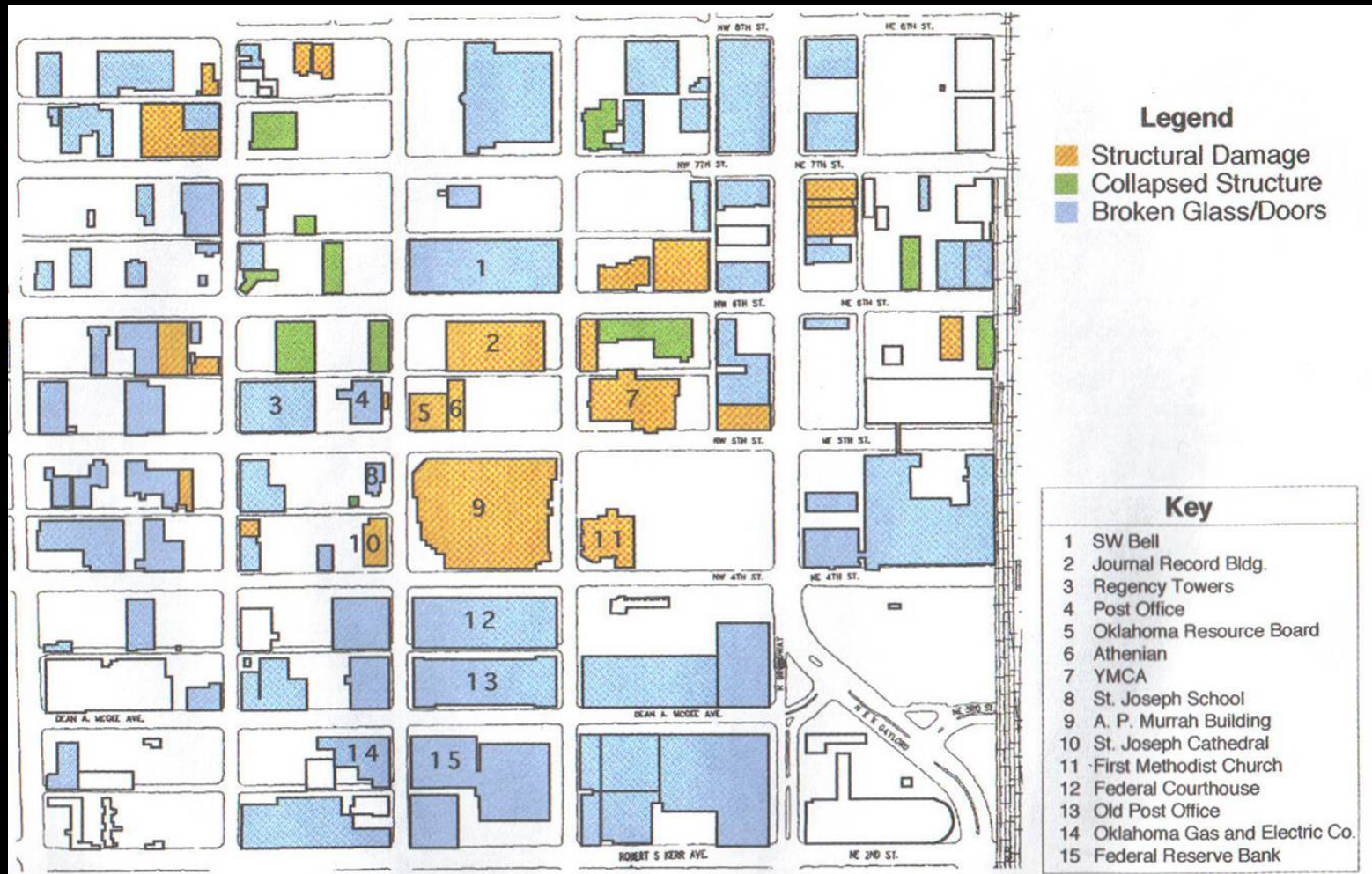


- Continuous Reinforcement
- Redundant Structure
- Spirally Reinforced Columns
- Increased Design Load
- Staggered Lap Splices
- Ductile Steel Connections
- Minimal Column Spacing
- Fully-grouted CMU (if masonry used)
- Tied Horizontal and Roof Diaphragms

# Glass as a Lethal Weapon

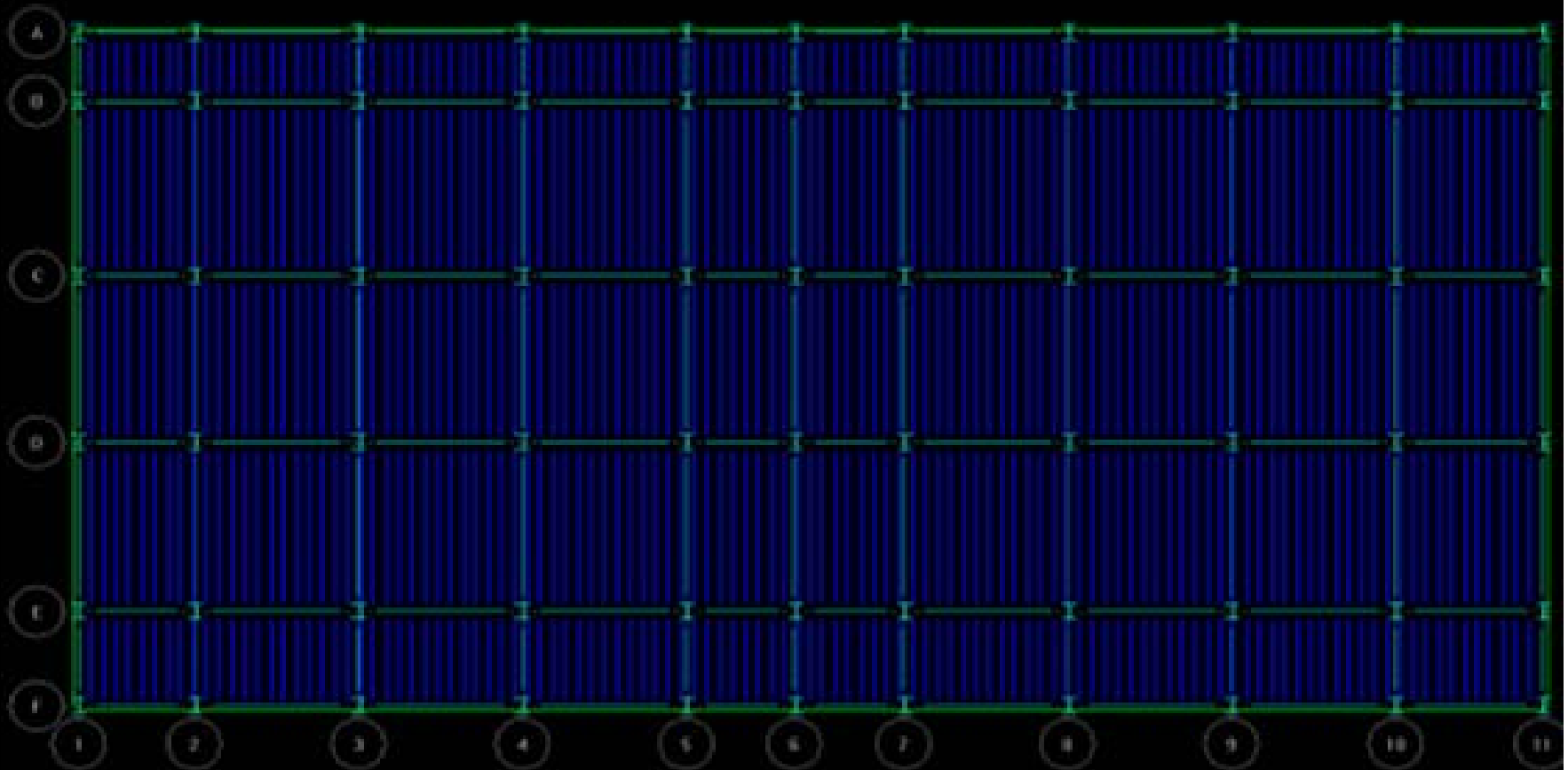


- Glass Missiles
- Surrounding Buildings



# **BLAST RESISTANT DESIGN OF THE 400**

# Floorplan Considered



# Design Loads & Combinations



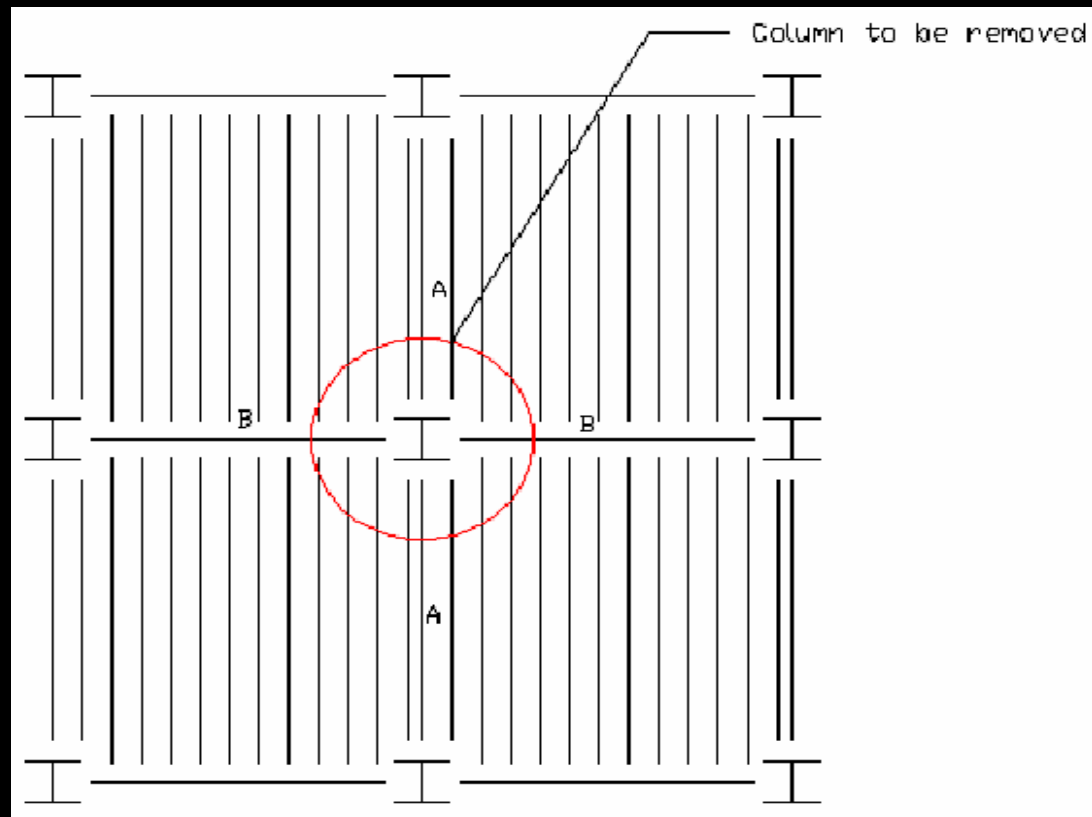
- Live Loads
  - Parking: 40 psf
  - Residential: 40 psf
  - Roof: 25 psf
- Dead Loads
  - Parking: 100 psf
  - Residential: 52 psf
  - Roof: 52 psf
  - Perimeter Wall: 15 psf
- DL + LL
  - W14x22
- 2 (DL + 0.25 LL)
  - W16x26
  - W24x55
- 2 (DL + LL)
  - W18x35
  - W24x62
  - W24x76



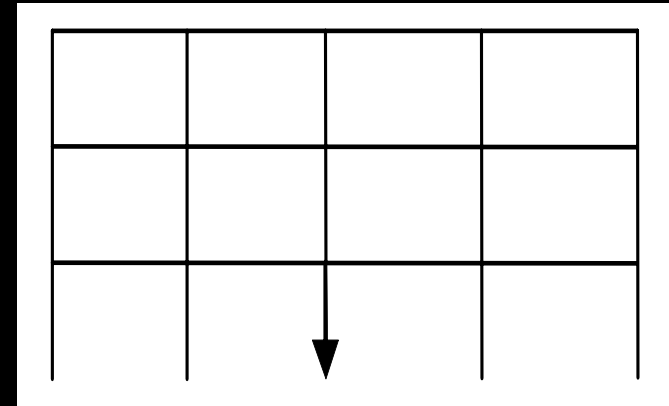
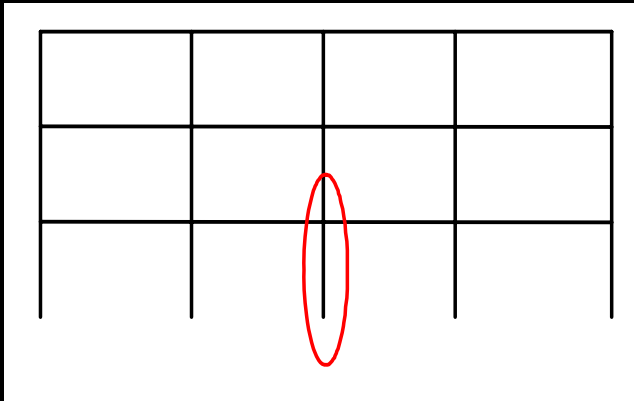
# Removing a Column



- Remove a Column
  - Interior most critical
  - Underground parking/basement
- W or HSS Shapes



# Removing a Column



- Nonlinear Static Pushover Approach
  - Only girders
    - Displacement: 65 inches
  - Girders and Joists
    - Displacement: 40 inches
    - Rotation: 7.45 degrees

# Recommendations for The 400



- Initial Design
  - 5 bays x 10 bays
  - One design team
  - Standoff distance 0 feet
- Recommendations
  - Increase member sizes to resist 2 (DL + 0.25 LL)
  - Upgrade glazing
  - Eliminate parking; increases standoff distance to 15 feet

# CONCLUSIONS

# Summary and Conclusions



- Relatively New Phenomenon
  - No concrete design method
  - Engineering judgment
- Blast Loading
  - Varies with technology
- Rules of Thumb
  - $2 (DL + 0.25 LL)$  equivalent to removing a column
- CONNECTIONS!!!
- Bottom line = *What are you willing to risk?*

# Recommended References



- American Institute of Steel Construction. AISC Blast Guide Draft of Chapter 8. 2006.
- The Federal Emergency Management Agency. "Explosive Blast." 3 Apr. 2006 <[http://www.fema.gov/pdf/fima/428/fema428\\_ch4.pdf](http://www.fema.gov/pdf/fima/428/fema428_ch4.pdf)>.
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# Acknowledgements



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  - Dave's Family

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QUESTIONS

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