

**Appendix**

➤ ICRA Guidelines .....	55
➤ Ultraviolet System Spreadsheets .....	60
○ 20% Fouling.....	60
○ 10% Fouling.....	61
○ 5% Fouling.....	62
○ 2% Fouling.....	63
➤ Project Schedule .....	64
➤ Estimates.....	67
○ Exterior Enclosures Estimate .....	67
○ Detailed Structural Systems Estimate.....	68
○ General Conditions Estimate .....	69
➤ Site Plans .....	70
○ Site Logistics Plan.....	70
○ Excavation Sequencing Plan.....	71
➤ Construction Staffing Plan .....	72
➤ Estimate Calculations.....	73
○ Exterior Enclosures .....	73
○ Structural .....	75

## Infection Control Risk Assessment

### Matrix of Precautions for Construction & Renovation

**Step One:**

Using the following table, identify the **Type of Construction Project Activity (Type A-D)**

<b>TYPE A</b>	<p><b>Inspection and Non-Invasive Activities.</b></p> <p>Includes, but is not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ removal of ceiling tiles for visual inspection limited to 1 tile per 50 square feet</li> <li>▪ painting (but not sanding)</li> <li>▪ wallcovering, electrical trim work, minor plumbing, and activities which do not generate dust or require cutting of walls or access to ceilings other than for visual inspection.</li> </ul>
<b>TYPE B</b>	<p><b>Small scale, short duration activities which create minimal dust</b></p> <p>Includes, but is not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ installation of telephone and computer cabling</li> <li>▪ access to chase spaces</li> <li>▪ cutting of walls or ceiling where dust migration can be controlled.</li> </ul>
<b>TYPE C</b>	<p><b>Work that generates a moderate to high level of dust or requires demolition or removal of any fixed building components or assemblies</b></p> <p>Includes, but is not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ sanding of walls for painting or wall covering</li> <li>▪ removal of floorcoverings, ceiling tiles and casework</li> <li>▪ new wall construction</li> <li>▪ minor duct work or electrical work above ceilings</li> <li>▪ major cabling activities</li> <li>▪ any activity which cannot be completed within a single workshift.</li> </ul>
<b>TYPE D</b>	<p><b>Major demolition and construction projects</b></p> <p>Includes, but is not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ activities which require consecutive work shifts</li> <li>▪ requires heavy demolition or removal of a complete cabling system</li> <li>▪ new construction.</li> </ul>

**STEP 1:** \_\_\_\_\_

Steps 1-3 Adapted with permission V Kennedy, B Barnard, St Luke Episcopal Hospital, Houston TX; C Fine, CA  
 Steps 4-14 Adapted with permission Fairview University Medical Center, Minneapolis MN  
 Forms modified and provided courtesy of J Bartley, ECSI Inc 2002

**Step Two:**

Using the following table, ***identify the Patient Risk Groups*** that will be affected.  
If more than one risk group will be affected, select the higher risk group:

Low Risk	Medium Risk	High Risk	Highest Risk
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Office areas</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Cardiology</li> <li>▪ Echocardiography</li> <li>▪ Endoscopy</li> <li>▪ Nuclear Medicine</li> <li>▪ Physical Therapy</li> <li>▪ Radiology/MRI</li> <li>▪ Respiratory Therapy</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ CCU</li> <li>▪ Emergency Room</li> <li>▪ Labor &amp; Delivery</li> <li>▪ Laboratories (specimen)</li> <li>▪ Newborn Nursery</li> <li>▪ Outpatient Surgery</li> <li>▪ Pediatrics</li> <li>▪ Pharmacy</li> <li>▪ Post Anesthesia Care Unit</li> <li>▪ Surgical Units</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Any area caring for immunocompromised patients</li> <li>▪ Burn Unit</li> <li>▪ Cardiac Cath Lab</li> <li>▪ Central Sterile Supply</li> <li>▪ Intensive Care Units</li> <li>▪ Medical Unit</li> <li>▪ Negative pressure isolation rooms</li> <li>▪ Oncology</li> <li>▪ Operating rooms including C-section rooms</li> </ul>

**Step 2** \_\_\_\_\_**Step Three: Match the**

**Patient Risk Group (Low, Medium, High, Highest)** with the planned ...  
**Construction Project Type (A, B, C, D)** on the following matrix, to find the ...  
**Class of Precautions (I, II, III or IV)** or level of infection control activities required.

**Class I-IV or Color-Coded Precautions** are delineated on the following page.

**IC Matrix - Class of Precautions: Construction Project by Patient Risk**

Patient Risk Group	Construction Project Type			
	TYPE A	TYPE B	TYPE C	TYPE D
<b>LOW Risk Group</b>	I	II	II	III/IV
<b>MEDIUM Risk Group</b>	I	II	III	IV
<b>HIGH Risk Group</b>	I	II	III/IV	IV
<b>HIGHEST Risk Group</b>	II	III/IV	III/IV	IV

Note: Infection Control approval will be required when the Construction Activity and Risk Level indicate that **Class III** or **Class IV** control procedures are necessary.

**Step 3** \_\_\_\_\_

Steps 1-3 Adapted with permission V Kennedy, B Barnard, St Luke Episcopal Hospital, Houston TX ; C Fine, CA  
 Steps 4-14 Adapted with permission Fairview University Medical Center, Minneapolis MN by ECSI Inc 2001  
 Forms modified and provided courtesy of J Bartley, ECSI Inc 2002

**Description of Required Infection Control Precautions by Class**

		<b>During Construction Project</b>	<b>Upon Completion of Project</b>
<b>CLASS I</b>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Execute work by methods to minimize raising dust from construction operations.</li> <li>2. Immediately replace a ceiling tile displaced for visual inspection</li> </ul>	
<b>CLASS II</b>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Provide active means to prevent airborne dust from dispersing into atmosphere.</li> <li>2. Water mist work surfaces to control dust while cutting.</li> <li>3. Seal unused doors with duct tape.</li> <li>4. Block off and seal air vents.</li> <li>5. Place dust mat at entrance and exit of work area</li> <li>6. Remove or isolate HVAC system in areas where work is being performed.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Wipe work surfaces with disinfectant.</li> <li>2. Contain construction waste before transport in tightly covered containers.</li> <li>3. Wet mop and/or vacuum with HEPA filtered vacuum before leaving work area.</li> <li>4. Remove isolation of HVAC system in areas where work is being performed.</li> </ul>
<b>CLASS III</b>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Remove or Isolate HVAC system in area where work is being done to prevent contamination of duct system.</li> <li>2. Complete all critical barriers i.e. sheetrock, plywood, plastic, to seal area from non work area or implement control cube method (cart with plastic covering and sealed connection to work site with HEPA vacuum for vacuuming prior to exit) before construction begins.</li> <li>3. Maintain negative air pressure within work site utilizing HEPA equipped air filtration units.</li> <li>4. Contain construction waste before transport in tightly covered containers.</li> <li>5. Cover transport receptacles or carts. Tape covering unless solid lid.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Do not remove barriers from work area until completed project is inspected by the owner's Safety Department and Infection Control Department and thoroughly cleaned by the owner's Environmental Services Department.</li> <li>2. Remove barrier materials carefully to minimize spreading of dirt and debris associated with construction.</li> <li>3. Vacuum work area with HEPA filtered vacuums.</li> <li>4. Wet mop area with disinfectant.</li> <li>5. Remove isolation of HVAC system in areas where work is being performed.</li> </ul>
<b>CLASS IV</b>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Isolate HVAC system in area where work is being done to prevent contamination of duct system.</li> <li>2. Complete all critical barriers i.e. sheetrock, plywood, plastic, to seal area from non work area or implement control cube method (cart with plastic covering and sealed connection to work site with HEPA vacuum for vacuuming prior to exit) before construction begins.</li> <li>3. Maintain negative air pressure within work site utilizing HEPA equipped air filtration units.</li> <li>4. Seal holes, pipes, conduits, and punctures appropriately.</li> <li>5. Construct anteroom and require all personnel to pass through this room so they can be vacuumed using a HEPA vacuum cleaner before leaving work site or they can wear cloth or paper coveralls that are removed each time they leave the work site.</li> <li>6. All personnel entering work site are required to wear shoe covers. Shoe covers must be changed each time the worker exits the work area.</li> <li>7. Do not remove barriers from work area until completed project is inspected by the owner's Safety Department and Infection Control Department and thoroughly cleaned by the owner's Environmental Services Department.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Remove barrier material carefully to minimize spreading of dirt and debris associated with construction.</li> <li>2. Contain construction waste before transport in tightly covered containers.</li> <li>3. Cover transport receptacles or carts. Tape covering unless solid lid</li> <li>4. Vacuum work area with HEPA filtered vacuums.</li> <li>5. Wet mop area with disinfectant.</li> <li>6. Remove isolation of HVAC system in areas where work is being performed.</li> </ul>

Steps 1-3 Adapted with permission V Kennedy, B Barnard, St Luke Episcopal Hospital, Houston TX ; C Fine, CA  
 Steps 4-14 Adapted with permission Fairview University Medical Center, Minneapolis MN by ECSI Inc 2001  
 Forms modified and provided courtesy of J Bartley, ECSI Inc 2002

**Step 4. Identify the areas surrounding the project area, assessing potential impact**

Unit Below	Unit Above	Lateral	Lateral	Behind	Front
Risk Group					

**Step 5. Identify specific site of activity eg, patient rooms, medication room, etc.****Step 6. Identify issues related to: ventilation, plumbing, electrical in terms of the occurrence of probable outages.****Step 7. Identify containment measures, using prior assessment. What types of barriers? (Eg, solids wall barriers); Will HEPA filtration be required?**

(Note: Renovation/construction area shall be isolated from the occupied areas during construction and shall be negative with respect to surrounding areas)

**Step 8. Consider potential risk of water damage. Is there a risk due to compromising structural integrity? (eg, wall, ceiling, roof)****Step 9. Work hours: Can or will the work be done during non-patient care hours?****Sep 10. Do plans allow for adequate number of isolation/negative airflow rooms?****Step 11. Do the plans allow for the required number & type of handwashing sinks?****Step 12. Does the infection control staff agree with the minimum number of sinks for this project?  
(Verify against AIA Guidelines for types and area)****Step 13. Does the infection control staff agree with the plans relative to clean and soiled utility rooms?****Step 14. Plan to discuss the following containment issues with the project team.  
Eg, traffic flow, housekeeping, debris removal (how and when)**

*Appendix: Identify and communicate the responsibility for project monitoring that includes infection control concerns and risks. The ICRA may be modified throughout the project.  
Revisions must be communicated to the Project Manager.*

Infection Control Construction Permit					
Permit No:					
Location of Construction:			Project Start Date:		
Project Coordinator:			Estimated Duration:		
Contractor Performing Work			Permit Expiration Date:		
Supervisor:			Telephone:		
YES	NO	CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY	YES	NO	INFECTION CONTROL RISK GROUP
		TYPE A: Inspection, non-invasive activity			GROUP 1: Low Risk
		TYPE B: Small scale, short duration, moderate to high levels			GROUP 2: Medium Risk
		TYPE C: Activity generates moderate to high levels of dust, requires greater than 1 work shift for completion			GROUP 3: Medium/High Risk
		TYPE D: Major duration and construction activities Requiring consecutive work shifts			GROUP 4: Highest Risk
CLASS I		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Execute work by methods to minimize raising dust from construction operations.</li> <li>Immediately replace any ceiling tile displaced for visual inspection.</li> <li>Minor Demolition for Remodeling</li> </ol>			
CLASS II		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Provides active means to prevent air-borne dust from dispersing into atmosphere</li> <li>Water mist work surfaces to control dust while cutting.</li> <li>Seal unused doors with duct tape.</li> <li>Block off and seal air vents.</li> <li>Wipe surfaces with disinfectant.</li> <li>Contain construction waste before transport in tightly covered containers.</li> <li>Wet mop and/or vacuum with HEPA filtered vacuum before leaving work area.</li> <li>Place dust mat at entrance and exit of work area.</li> <li>Remove or isolate HVAC system in areas where work is being performed.</li> </ol>			
CLASS III		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Obtain infection control permit before construction begins.</li> <li>Isolate HVAC system in area where work is being done to prevent contamination of the duct system.</li> <li>Complete all critical barriers or implement control cube method before construction begins.</li> <li>Maintain negative air pressure within work site utilizing HEPA equipped air filtration units.</li> <li>Do not remove barriers from work area until complete project is thoroughly cleaned by Env. Services Dept.</li> <li>Vacuum work with HEPA filtered vacuums.</li> <li>Wet mop with disinfectant.</li> <li>Remove barrier materials carefully to minimize spreading of dirt and debris associated with construction.</li> <li>Contain construction waste before transport in tightly covered containers.</li> <li>Cover transport receptacles or carts. Tape covering.</li> <li>Remove or isolate HVAC system in areas where work is being performed.</li> </ol>			
Class IV		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Obtain infection control permit before construction begins.</li> <li>Isolate HVAC system in area where work is being done to prevent contamination of duct system.</li> <li>Complete all critical barriers or implement control cube method before construction begins.</li> <li>Maintain negative air pressure within work site utilizing HEPA equipped air filtration units.</li> <li>Seal holes, pipes, conduits, and punctures appropriately.</li> <li>Construct anteroom and require all personnel to pass through this room so they can be vacuumed using a HEPA vacuum cleaner before leaving work site or they can wear cloth or paper coveralls that are removed each time they leave the work site.</li> <li>All personnel entering work site are required to wear shoe covers</li> <li>Do not remove barriers from work area until completed project is thoroughly cleaned by the Environmental Service Dept.</li> <li>Vacuum work area with HEPA filtered vacuums.</li> <li>Wet mop with disinfectant.</li> <li>Remove barrier materials carefully to minimize spreading of dirt and debris associated with construction.</li> <li>Contain construction waste before transport in tightly covered containers.</li> <li>Cover transport receptacles or carts. Tape covering.</li> <li>Remove or isolate HVAC system in areas where work is being done.</li> </ol>			
Additional Requirements:					
Date Initials			Exceptions/Additions to this permit Initials are noted by attached memoranda		
Permit Request By:			Permit Authorized By:		
Date:			Date:		

Steps 1-3 Adapted with permission V Kennedy, B Barnard, St Luke Episcopal Hospital, Houston TX; C Fine, CA

Steps 4-14 Adapted with permission Fairview University Medical Center, Minneapolis MN

Forms modified and provided courtesy of J Bartley, ECSI Inc 2002

## UV Savings at 20% Fouling

### AHU Info

Desig.	Space	Airflow (cfm)	Cooling Coil	Cooling Coil	Cooling Coil	COP	Annual	Cooling Load, clean (Btu/h)	Cooling Load, fouled (Btu/h)	Capacity loss due to fouling (btu/h)
			Leaving Air Temp (F)	Pressure Drop, clean (in.w.g.)	Pressure Drop, fouled (in.w.g.)		Hours of Cooling			
AHU-1	Laboratory	44,000	53	0.82	0.984	4.1	8760	2,600,000	3,120,000	520,000
AHU-2	Laboratory	44,000	53	0.82	0.984	4.1	8760	2,600,000	3,120,000	520,000
AHU-3	Laboratory	44,000	53	0.82	0.984	4.1	8760	2,600,000	3,120,000	520,000
AHU-4	Laboratory	44,000	53	0.82	0.984	4.1	8760	2,600,000	3,120,000	520,000
AHU-5	Clinical	44,000	48	0.97	1.164	4.1	8760	3,027,000	3,632,400	605,400
AHU-6	Redundant	44,000	48	0.97	1.164	4.1	8760	3,027,000	3,632,400	605,400
AHU-7	Office	50,000	51	1.53	1.836	4.1	8760	3,526,000	4,231,200	705,200
<b>Totals</b>								<b>19,980,000</b>	<b>23,976,000</b>	<b>3,996,000</b>

### Fan Energy Savings

Desig.	Fan Energy, clean (kW)	Fan Energy, fouled (kW)	Fan Energy Savings (kW)	Fan Energy Cost, clean (\$)	Fan Energy Cost, fouled (\$)	Fan Energy Savings (\$)	Cost per kWh (\$)
AHU-1	7.43	8.92	1.49	\$7,413	\$8,895	\$1,483	\$0.1139
AHU-2	7.43	8.92	1.49	\$7,413	\$8,895	\$1,483	\$0.1139
AHU-3	7.43	8.92	1.49	\$7,413	\$8,895	\$1,483	\$0.1139
AHU-4	7.43	8.92	1.49	\$7,413	\$8,895	\$1,483	\$0.1139
AHU-5	8.79	10.55	1.76	\$8,769	\$10,523	\$1,754	\$0.1139
AHU-6	8.79	10.55	1.76	\$8,769	\$10,523	\$1,754	\$0.1139
AHU-7	15.75	18.90	3.15	\$15,717	\$18,861	\$3,143	\$0.1139
<b>Totals</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>\$62,906</b>	<b>\$75,487</b>	<b>\$12,581</b>	

### Cooling Energy Savings

Desig.	Cooling		Cooling Energy Savings (kW)	Cooling Energy Cost, clean (\$)	Cooling Energy Cost, fouled (\$)	Cooling Energy Savings (\$)	Total Energy Savings (\$)
	Cooling Energy, clean (kW)	Energy, fouled (kW)					
AHU-1	185.86	223.03	37.17	\$185,442	\$222,531	\$37,088	\$38,571
AHU-2	185.86	223.03	37.17	\$185,442	\$222,531	\$37,088	\$38,571
AHU-3	185.86	223.03	37.17	\$185,442	\$222,531	\$37,088	\$38,571
AHU-4	185.86	223.03	37.17	\$185,442	\$222,531	\$37,088	\$38,571
AHU-5	216.38	259.66	43.28	\$215,897	\$259,077	\$43,179	\$44,933
AHU-6	216.38	259.66	43.28	\$215,897	\$259,077	\$43,179	\$44,933
AHU-7	252.05	302.46	50.41	\$251,488	\$301,786	\$50,298	\$53,441
<b>Totals</b>	<b>1,428</b>	<b>1,714</b>	<b>286</b>	<b>\$1,425,051</b>	<b>\$1,710,061</b>	<b>\$285,010</b>	<b>\$297,591</b>

### UV Info

Desig.	UV wattage (W)	UV Lamp Fixture First Cost (\$)	UV Lamp Installation Cost (\$)	UV Lamp Replacement Bulb Cost (\$)	UV Operating Cost (\$)
AHU-1	1080	\$8,250	\$2,240	\$540	\$1,078
AHU-2	1080	\$8,250	\$2,240	\$540	\$1,078
AHU-3	1080	\$8,250	\$2,240	\$540	\$1,078
AHU-4	1080	\$8,250	\$2,240	\$540	\$1,078
AHU-5	1080	\$8,250	\$2,240	\$540	\$1,078
AHU-6	1080	\$8,250	\$2,240	\$540	\$1,078
AHU-7	1080	\$8,250	\$2,240	\$540	\$1,078
<b>Totals</b>	<b>7,560</b>	<b>\$57,750</b>	<b>\$15,680</b>	<b>\$3,780</b>	<b>\$7,543</b>

### Maintenance Info

Desig.	Maintenance Cost before UV (\$)	Maintenance Cost after UV (\$)	Maintenance Cost Savings (\$)
AHU-1	\$1,000	\$0	\$1,000
AHU-2	\$1,000	\$0	\$1,000
AHU-3	\$1,000	\$0	\$1,000
AHU-4	\$1,000	\$0	\$1,000
AHU-5	\$1,000	\$0	\$1,000
AHU-6	\$1,000	\$0	\$1,000
AHU-7	\$1,000	\$0	\$1,000
<b>Totals</b>	<b>\$7,000</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$7,000</b>

### Payback Period

Total Initial Cost (\$)	Total Annual Savings (\$)	Payback Period (yrs)
11030	\$37,953	0.29062
11030	\$37,953	0.29062
11030	\$37,953	0.29062
11030	\$37,953	0.29062
11030	\$44,316	0.2489
11030	\$44,316	0.2489
11030	\$52,823	0.20881
<b>\$77,210</b>	<b>\$293,268</b>	<b>0.263</b>

## UV Savings at 10% Fouling

### AHU Info

Desig.	Space	Airflow (cfm)	Cooling Coil	Cooling Coil	Cooling Coil	COP	Annual Hours of Cooling	Cooling Load, clean (Btu/h)	Cooling Load, fouled (Btu/h)	Capacity loss due to fouling (btu/h)
			Leaving Air Temp (F)	Pressure Drop, clean (in.w.g.)	Pressure Drop, fouled (in.w.g.)					
AHU-1	Laboratory	44,000	53	0.82	0.902	4.1	8760	2,600,000	2,860,000	260,000
AHU-2	Laboratory	44,000	53	0.82	0.902	4.1	8760	2,600,000	2,860,000	260,000
AHU-3	Laboratory	44,000	53	0.82	0.902	4.1	8760	2,600,000	2,860,000	260,000
AHU-4	Laboratory	44,000	53	0.82	0.902	4.1	8760	2,600,000	2,860,000	260,000
AHU-5	Clinical	44,000	48	0.97	1.067	4.1	8760	3,027,000	3,329,700	302,700
AHU-6	Redundant	44,000	48	0.97	1.067	4.1	8760	3,027,000	3,329,700	302,700
AHU-7	Office	50,000	51	1.53	1.683	4.1	8760	3,526,000	3,878,600	352,600
<b>Totals</b>								<b>19,980,000</b>	<b>21,978,000</b>	<b>1,998,000</b>

### Fan Energy Savings

Desig.	Fan Energy, clean (kW)	Fan Energy, fouled (kW)	Fan Energy Savings (kW)	Fan Energy Cost, clean (\$)	Fan Energy Cost, fouled (\$)	Fan Energy Savings (\$)	Cost per kWh (\$)
AHU-1	7.43	8.17	0.74	\$7,413	\$8,154	\$741	\$0.1139
AHU-2	7.43	8.17	0.74	\$7,413	\$8,154	\$741	\$0.1139
AHU-3	7.43	8.17	0.74	\$7,413	\$8,154	\$741	\$0.1139
AHU-4	7.43	8.17	0.74	\$7,413	\$8,154	\$741	\$0.1139
AHU-5	8.79	9.67	0.88	\$8,769	\$9,646	\$877	\$0.1139
AHU-6	8.79	9.67	0.88	\$8,769	\$9,646	\$877	\$0.1139
AHU-7	15.75	17.33	1.58	\$15,717	\$17,289	\$1,572	\$0.1139
<b>Totals</b>		<b>63</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>\$62,906</b>	<b>\$69,196</b>	<b>\$6,291</b>

### Cooling Energy Savings

Desig.	Cooling					Cooling Energy Savings (\$)	Total Energy Savings (\$)
	Cooling Energy, clean (kW)	Energy, fouled (kW)	Cooling Energy Savings (kW)	Cooling Energy Cost, clean (\$)	Cooling Energy Cost, fouled (\$)		
AHU-1	185.86	204.44	18.59	\$185,442	\$203,986	\$18,544	\$19,285
AHU-2	185.86	204.44	18.59	\$185,442	\$203,986	\$18,544	\$19,285
AHU-3	185.86	204.44	18.59	\$185,442	\$203,986	\$18,544	\$19,285
AHU-4	185.86	204.44	18.59	\$185,442	\$203,986	\$18,544	\$19,285
AHU-5	216.38	238.02	21.64	\$215,897	\$237,487	\$21,590	\$22,467
AHU-6	216.38	238.02	21.64	\$215,897	\$237,487	\$21,590	\$22,467
AHU-7	252.05	277.26	25.21	\$251,488	\$276,637	\$25,149	\$26,721
<b>Totals</b>		<b>1,428</b>	<b>1,571</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>\$1,425,051</b>	<b>\$1,567,556</b>	<b>\$142,505</b>
							<b>\$148,796</b>

### UV Info

Desig.	UV wattage (W)	UV Lamp Fixture First Cost (\$)	UV Lamp Installation Cost (\$)	UV Lamp Replacement Bulb Cost (\$)	UV Operating Cost (\$)	Total Energy Savings (\$)
AHU-1	1080	\$8,250	\$2,240	\$540	\$1,078	
AHU-2	1080	\$8,250	\$2,240	\$540	\$1,078	
AHU-3	1080	\$8,250	\$2,240	\$540	\$1,078	
AHU-4	1080	\$8,250	\$2,240	\$540	\$1,078	
AHU-5	1080	\$8,250	\$2,240	\$540	\$1,078	
AHU-6	1080	\$8,250	\$2,240	\$540	\$1,078	
AHU-7	1080	\$8,250	\$2,240	\$540	\$1,078	
<b>Totals</b>		<b>7,560</b>	<b>\$57,750</b>	<b>\$15,680</b>	<b>\$3,780</b>	<b>\$7,543</b>

### Maintenance Info

Desig.	Maintenance Cost before UV (\$)	Maintenance Cost after UV (\$)	Maintenance Cost Savings (\$)	Total Initial Cost (\$)	Total Annual Savings (\$)	Payback Period (yrs)
AHU-1	\$1,000	\$0	\$1,000	11030	\$18,668	0.590854
AHU-2	\$1,000	\$0	\$1,000	11030	\$18,668	0.590854
AHU-3	\$1,000	\$0	\$1,000	11030	\$18,668	0.590854
AHU-4	\$1,000	\$0	\$1,000	11030	\$18,668	0.590854
AHU-5	\$1,000	\$0	\$1,000	11030	\$21,849	0.504828
AHU-6	\$1,000	\$0	\$1,000	11030	\$21,849	0.504828
AHU-7	\$1,000	\$0	\$1,000	11030	\$26,103	0.422558
<b>Totals</b>		<b>\$7,000</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$7,000</b>	<b>\$77,210</b>	<b>\$144,473</b>
						<b>0.5344</b>

### Payback Period

## UV Savings at 5% Fouling

### AHU Info

Desig.	Space	Airflow (cfm)	Cooling Coil	Cooling Coil	Cooling Coil	COP	Annual	Capacity loss due to fouling
			Leaving Air Temp (F)	Pressure Drop, clean (in.w.g.)	Pressure Drop, fouled (in.w.g.)		Hours of Cooling	
AHU-1	Laboratory	44,000	53	0.82	0.861	4.1	8760	2,600,000 2,730,000 130,000
AHU-2	Laboratory	44,000	53	0.82	0.861	4.1	8760	2,600,000 2,730,000 130,000
AHU-3	Laboratory	44,000	53	0.82	0.861	4.1	8760	2,600,000 2,730,000 130,000
AHU-4	Laboratory	44,000	53	0.82	0.861	4.1	8760	2,600,000 2,730,000 130,000
AHU-5	Clinical	44,000	48	0.97	1.0185	4.1	8760	3,027,000 3,178,350 151,350
AHU-6	Redundant	44,000	48	0.97	1.0185	4.1	8760	3,027,000 3,178,350 151,350
AHU-7	Office	50,000	51	1.53	1.6065	4.1	8760	3,526,000 3,702,300 176,300
<b>Totals</b>							<b>19,980,000 20,979,000 999,000</b>	

### Fan Energy Savings

Desig.	Fan Energy, clean (kW)	Fan Energy, fouled (kW)	Fan Energy Savings (kW)	Fan Energy Cost, clean (\$)	Fan Energy Cost, fouled (\$)	Fan Energy Savings (\$)	Cost per kWh (\$)
AHU-1	7.43	7.80	0.37	\$7,413	\$7,783	\$371	\$0.1139
AHU-2	7.43	7.80	0.37	\$7,413	\$7,783	\$371	\$0.1139
AHU-3	7.43	7.80	0.37	\$7,413	\$7,783	\$371	\$0.1139
AHU-4	7.43	7.80	0.37	\$7,413	\$7,783	\$371	\$0.1139
AHU-5	8.79	9.23	0.44	\$8,769	\$9,207	\$438	\$0.1139
AHU-6	8.79	9.23	0.44	\$8,769	\$9,207	\$438	\$0.1139
AHU-7	15.75	16.54	0.79	\$15,717	\$16,503	\$786	\$0.1139
<b>Totals</b>		<b>63</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>\$62,906</b>	<b>\$66,051</b>	<b>\$3,145</b>

### Cooling Energy Savings

Desig.	Cooling		Cooling Energy Savings (kW)	Cooling Energy Cost, clean (\$)	Cooling Energy Cost, fouled (\$)	Cooling Energy Savings (\$)	Total Energy Savings (\$)
	Cooling Energy, clean (kW)	Energy, fouled (kW)					
AHU-1	185.86	195.15	9.29	\$185,442	\$194,714	\$9,272	\$9,643
AHU-2	185.86	195.15	9.29	\$185,442	\$194,714	\$9,272	\$9,643
AHU-3	185.86	195.15	9.29	\$185,442	\$194,714	\$9,272	\$9,643
AHU-4	185.86	195.15	9.29	\$185,442	\$194,714	\$9,272	\$9,643
AHU-5	216.38	227.20	10.82	\$215,897	\$226,692	\$10,795	\$11,233
AHU-6	216.38	227.20	10.82	\$215,897	\$226,692	\$10,795	\$11,233
AHU-7	252.05	264.65	12.60	\$251,488	\$264,062	\$12,574	\$13,360
<b>Totals</b>		<b>1,428</b>	<b>1,500</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>\$1,425,051</b>	<b>\$1,496,304</b>	<b>\$71,253</b>
							<b>\$74,398</b>

### UV Info

Desig.	UV Lamp		UV Lamp Replacement Bulb Cost (\$)	UV Operating Cost (\$)	UV Energy Savings (\$)	Total Energy Savings (\$)
	Fixture First UV wattage (W)	Cost (\$)				
AHU-1	1080	\$8,250	\$2,240	\$540	\$1,078	
AHU-2	1080	\$8,250	\$2,240	\$540	\$1,078	
AHU-3	1080	\$8,250	\$2,240	\$540	\$1,078	
AHU-4	1080	\$8,250	\$2,240	\$540	\$1,078	
AHU-5	1080	\$8,250	\$2,240	\$540	\$1,078	
AHU-6	1080	\$8,250	\$2,240	\$540	\$1,078	
AHU-7	1080	\$8,250	\$2,240	\$540	\$1,078	
<b>Totals</b>		<b>7,560</b>	<b>\$57,750</b>	<b>\$15,680</b>	<b>\$3,780</b>	<b>\$7,543</b>

### Maintenance Info

Desig.	Maintenance Cost before UV (\$)	Maintenance Cost after UV (\$)	Maintenance Cost Savings (\$)	Total Initial Cost (\$)	Total Annual Savings (\$)	Payback Period (yrs)
AHU-1	\$1,000	\$0	\$1,000	11030	\$9,025	1.22214
AHU-2	\$1,000	\$0	\$1,000	11030	\$9,025	1.22214
AHU-3	\$1,000	\$0	\$1,000	11030	\$9,025	1.22214
AHU-4	\$1,000	\$0	\$1,000	11030	\$9,025	1.22214
AHU-5	\$1,000	\$0	\$1,000	11030	\$10,616	1.03902
AHU-6	\$1,000	\$0	\$1,000	11030	\$10,616	1.03902
AHU-7	\$1,000	\$0	\$1,000	11030	\$12,743	0.8656
<b>Totals</b>		<b>\$7,000</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$7,000</b>	<b>\$77,210</b>	<b>\$70,075</b>
						<b>1.102</b>

Tyler M. Smith

The Wilmer Eye Institute  
Outpatient Surgery & Lab Building

Baltimore, Maryland

## UV Savings at 2% Fouling

### AHU Info

Desig.	Space	Airflow (cfm)	Cooling Coil	Cooling Coil	Cooling Coil	COP	Annual	Capacity loss due to fouling
			Leaving Air Temp (F)	Pressure Drop, clean (in.w.g.)	Pressure Drop, fouled (in.w.g.)		Hours of Cooling	
AHU-1	Laboratory	44,000	53	0.82	0.8364	4.1	8760	2,600,000 2,652,000 52,000
AHU-2	Laboratory	44,000	53	0.82	0.8364	4.1	8760	2,600,000 2,652,000 52,000
AHU-3	Laboratory	44,000	53	0.82	0.8364	4.1	8760	2,600,000 2,652,000 52,000
AHU-4	Laboratory	44,000	53	0.82	0.8364	4.1	8760	2,600,000 2,652,000 52,000
AHU-5	Clinical	44,000	48	0.97	0.9894	4.1	8760	3,027,000 3,087,540 60,540
AHU-6	Redundant	44,000	48	0.97	0.9894	4.1	8760	3,027,000 3,087,540 60,540
AHU-7	Office	50,000	51	1.53	1.5606	4.1	8760	3,526,000 3,596,520 70,520
<b>Totals</b>							<b>19,980,000 20,379,600 399,600</b>	

### Fan Energy Savings

Desig.	Fan Energy, clean (kW)	Fan Energy, fouled (kW)	Fan Energy Savings (kW)	Fan Energy Cost, clean (\$)	Fan Energy Cost, fouled (\$)	Fan Energy Savings (\$)	Cost per kWh (\$)
AHU-1	7.43	7.58	0.15	\$7,413	\$7,561	\$148	\$0.1139
AHU-2	7.43	7.58	0.15	\$7,413	\$7,561	\$148	\$0.1139
AHU-3	7.43	7.58	0.15	\$7,413	\$7,561	\$148	\$0.1139
AHU-4	7.43	7.58	0.15	\$7,413	\$7,561	\$148	\$0.1139
AHU-5	8.79	8.96	0.18	\$8,769	\$8,944	\$175	\$0.1139
AHU-6	8.79	8.96	0.18	\$8,769	\$8,944	\$175	\$0.1139
AHU-7	15.75	16.07	0.32	\$15,717	\$16,032	\$314	\$0.1139
<b>Totals</b>		<b>63</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>\$62,906</b>	<b>\$64,164</b>	<b>\$1,258</b>

### Cooling Energy Savings

Desig.	Cooling Energy, clean (kW)	Cooling Energy, fouled (kW)	Cooling Energy Savings (kW)	Cooling Energy Cost, clean (\$)	Cooling Energy Cost, fouled (\$)	Cooling Energy Savings (\$)	Total Energy Savings (\$)
AHU-1	185.86	189.57	3.72	\$185,442	\$189,151	\$3,709	\$3,857
AHU-2	185.86	189.57	3.72	\$185,442	\$189,151	\$3,709	\$3,857
AHU-3	185.86	189.57	3.72	\$185,442	\$189,151	\$3,709	\$3,857
AHU-4	185.86	189.57	3.72	\$185,442	\$189,151	\$3,709	\$3,857
AHU-5	216.38	220.71	4.33	\$215,897	\$220,215	\$4,318	\$4,493
AHU-6	216.38	220.71	4.33	\$215,897	\$220,215	\$4,318	\$4,493
AHU-7	252.05	257.09	5.04	\$251,488	\$256,518	\$5,030	\$5,344
<b>Totals</b>		<b>1,428</b>	<b>1,457</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>\$1,425,051</b>	<b>\$1,453,552</b>	<b>\$28,501</b>
							<b>\$29,759</b>

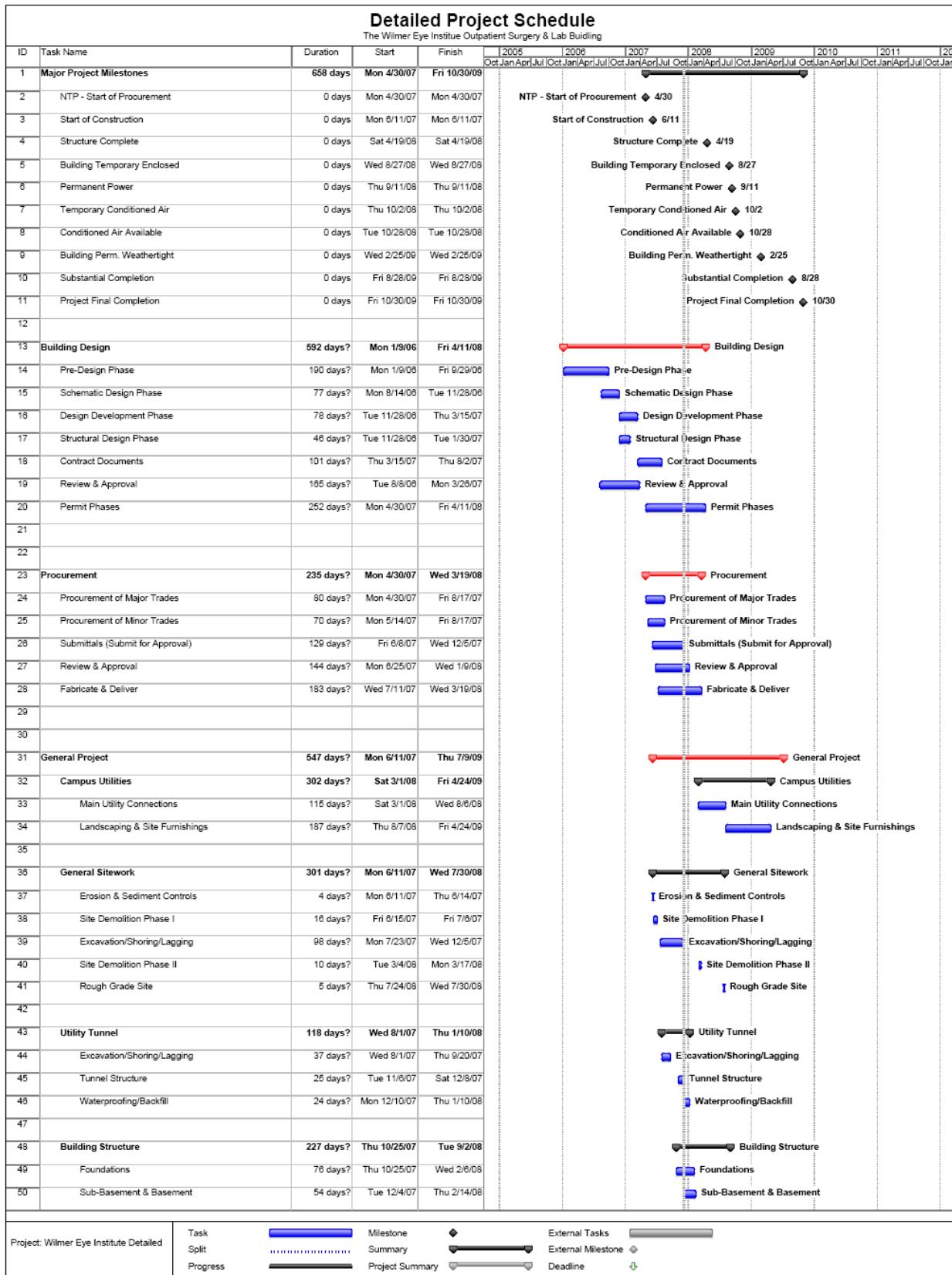
### UV Info

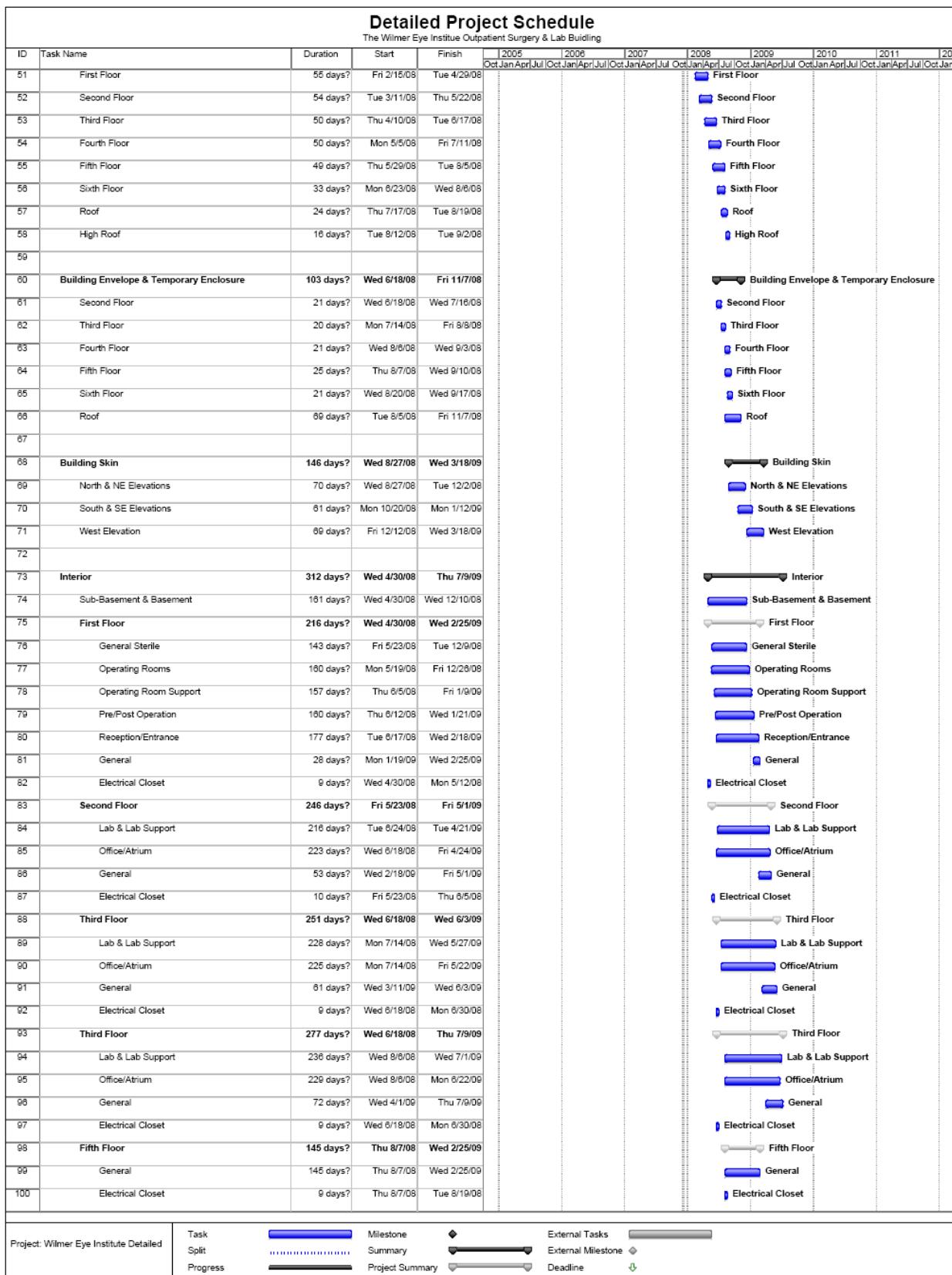
Desig.	UV wattage (W)	UV Lamp Fixture First Cost (\$)	UV Lamp Installation Cost (\$)	UV Lamp Replacement Bulb Cost (\$)	UV Operating Cost (\$)
AHU-1	1080	\$8,250	\$2,240	\$540	\$1,078
AHU-2	1080	\$8,250	\$2,240	\$540	\$1,078
AHU-3	1080	\$8,250	\$2,240	\$540	\$1,078
AHU-4	1080	\$8,250	\$2,240	\$540	\$1,078
AHU-5	1080	\$8,250	\$2,240	\$540	\$1,078
AHU-6	1080	\$8,250	\$2,240	\$540	\$1,078
AHU-7	1080	\$8,250	\$2,240	\$540	\$1,078
<b>Totals</b>		<b>7,560</b>	<b>\$57,750</b>	<b>\$15,680</b>	<b>\$3,780</b>
					<b>\$7,543</b>

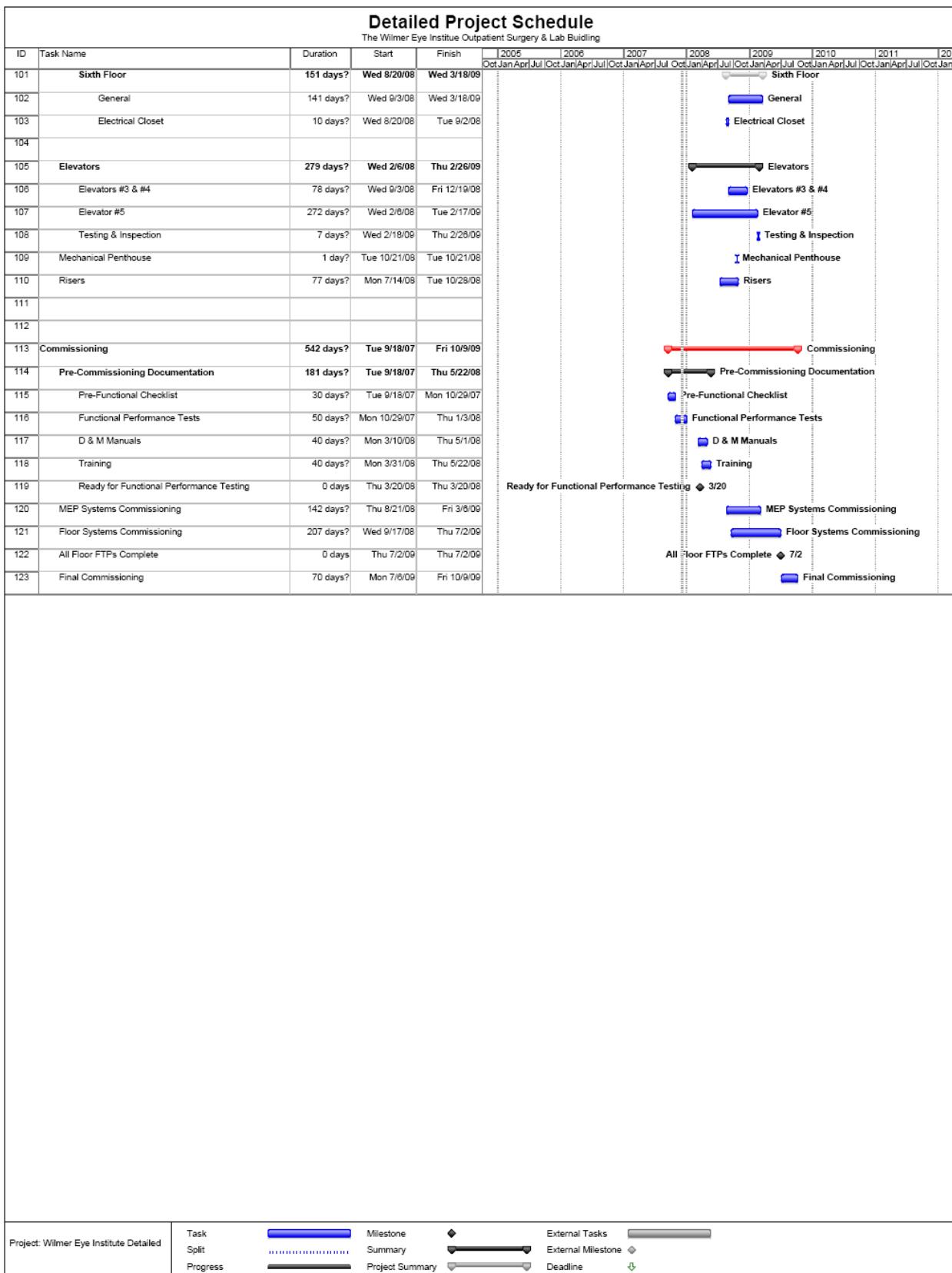
### Maintenance Info

Desig.	Maintenance Cost before UV (\$)	Maintenance Cost after UV (\$)	Maintenance Cost Savings (\$)	Total Initial Cost (\$)	Total Annual Savings (\$)	Payback Period (yrs)
AHU-1	\$1,000	\$0	\$1,000	11030	\$3,240	3.40483
AHU-2	\$1,000	\$0	\$1,000	11030	\$3,240	3.40483
AHU-3	\$1,000	\$0	\$1,000	11030	\$3,240	3.40483
AHU-4	\$1,000	\$0	\$1,000	11030	\$3,240	3.40483
AHU-5	\$1,000	\$0	\$1,000	11030	\$3,876	2.84591
AHU-6	\$1,000	\$0	\$1,000	11030	\$3,876	2.84591
AHU-7	\$1,000	\$0	\$1,000	11030	\$4,727	2.33364
<b>Totals</b>		<b>\$7,000</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$7,000</b>	<b>\$25,436</b>	<b>3.035</b>

### Payback Period







**Exterior Building Enclosure Estimate**

The Wilmer Eye Institute Outpatient Surgery and Laboratory Building

Quick Building Stats: \$65M Cost of Construction

7 Storeys, 202,000 SF

Material Description	Quantity	Units	Material	Installation	Total	Material	Installation	Total
<b>East Elevation</b>								
Brick Face Cavity Wall Standard face brick, 8" conc. block backup Polystyrene cavity insulation	6620	S.F.	10.30	18.95	29.25	68,186	125,449	193,635
Tubular Aluminum Framing For 1/4" glass, one intermediate horizontal	9830	S.F.	13.90	13.05	26.95	136,637	128,282	264,919
Curtain Wall Panels Glazing panel, insulating, 1/2" thick, 2 lites	9830	S.F.	9.15	9.50	18.65	89,945	93,385	183,330
<b>South Elevation</b>								
Brick Face Cavity Wall Standard face brick, 8" conc. block backup Polystyrene cavity insulation	5790	S.F.	10.30	18.95	29.25	59,637	109,721	169,358
Tubular Aluminum Framing For 1/4" glass, one intermediate horizontal	4280	S.F.	13.90	13.05	26.95	59,492	55,854	115,346
Curtain Wall Panels Glazing panel, insulating, 1/2" thick, 2 lites	4280	S.F.	9.15	9.50	18.65	39,162	40,660	79,822
<b>West Elevation</b>								
Brick Face Cavity Wall Standard face brick, 8" conc. block backup Polystyrene cavity insulation	16855	S.F.	10.30	18.95	29.25	173,607	319,402	493,009
Tubular Aluminum Framing For 1/4" glass, one intermediate horizontal	3435	S.F.	13.90	13.05	26.95	47,747	44,827	92,573
Curtain Wall Panels Glazing panel, insulating, 1/2" thick, 2 lites	3435	S.F.	9.15	9.50	18.65	31,430	32,633	64,063
<b>North Elevation</b>								
Brick Face Cavity Wall Standard face brick, 8" conc. block backup Polystyrene cavity insulation	7570	S.F.	10.30	18.95	29.25	77,971	143,452	221,423
Tubular Aluminum Framing For 1/4" glass, one intermediate horizontal	2910	S.F.	13.90	13.05	26.95	40,449	37,976	78,425
Curtain Wall Panels Glazing panel, insulating, 1/2" thick, 2 lites	2910	S.F.	9.15	9.50	18.65	26,627	27,645	54,272
						Totals:	Material	Installation
						\$850,888	\$1,159,284	\$2,010,172

\*Cavity wall assembly includes brick shelf, ties to the backups and necessary dampproofing, flashing, and control joints every 20'.

\*Figures referenced from R.S. Means Assemblies Cost Data 2008

## Detailed Structural Systems Estimate

The Wilmer Eye Institute Outpatient Surgery & Lab Building

Quick Building Stats: \$65M Cost of Construction  
7 Storeys, 202,000 SF

\*Assuming area well wall reinforcement is similar to typical foundation wall

\*Assuming all foundation walls are 34'-0" due to conflicts in structural and architectural drawings

\*Assuming typical dowel length of 4'-0"

\*Assuming similar elevated slabs aside from deduction for atrium space

\*Assuming all concrete is pumped

\*All unit-cost data referenced from R.S. Means Facilities Construction Cost Data 2007, 22nd Annual Edition

# General Conditions Cost Estimate

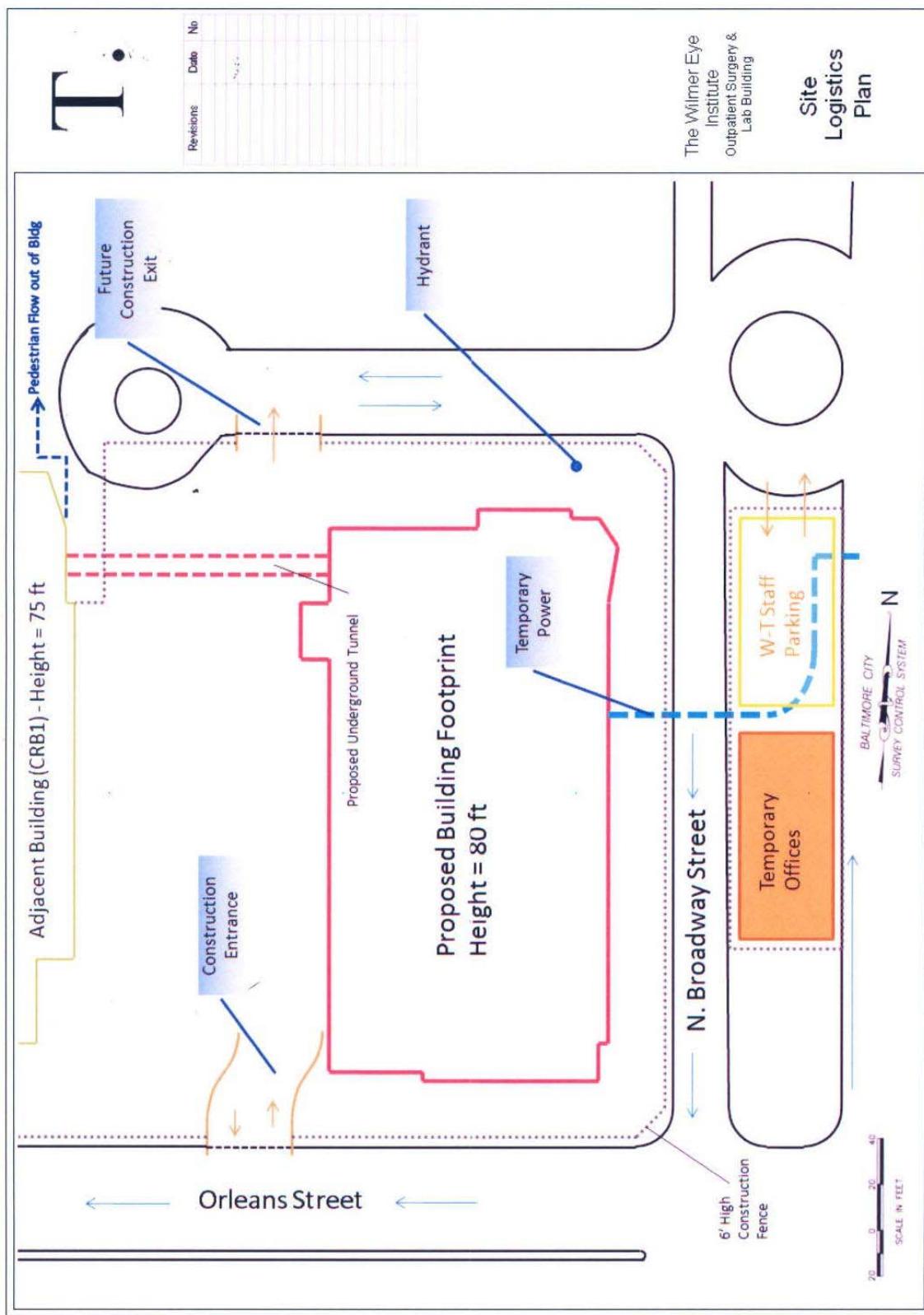
The Wilmer Eye Institute Outpatient Surgery & Laboratory Building

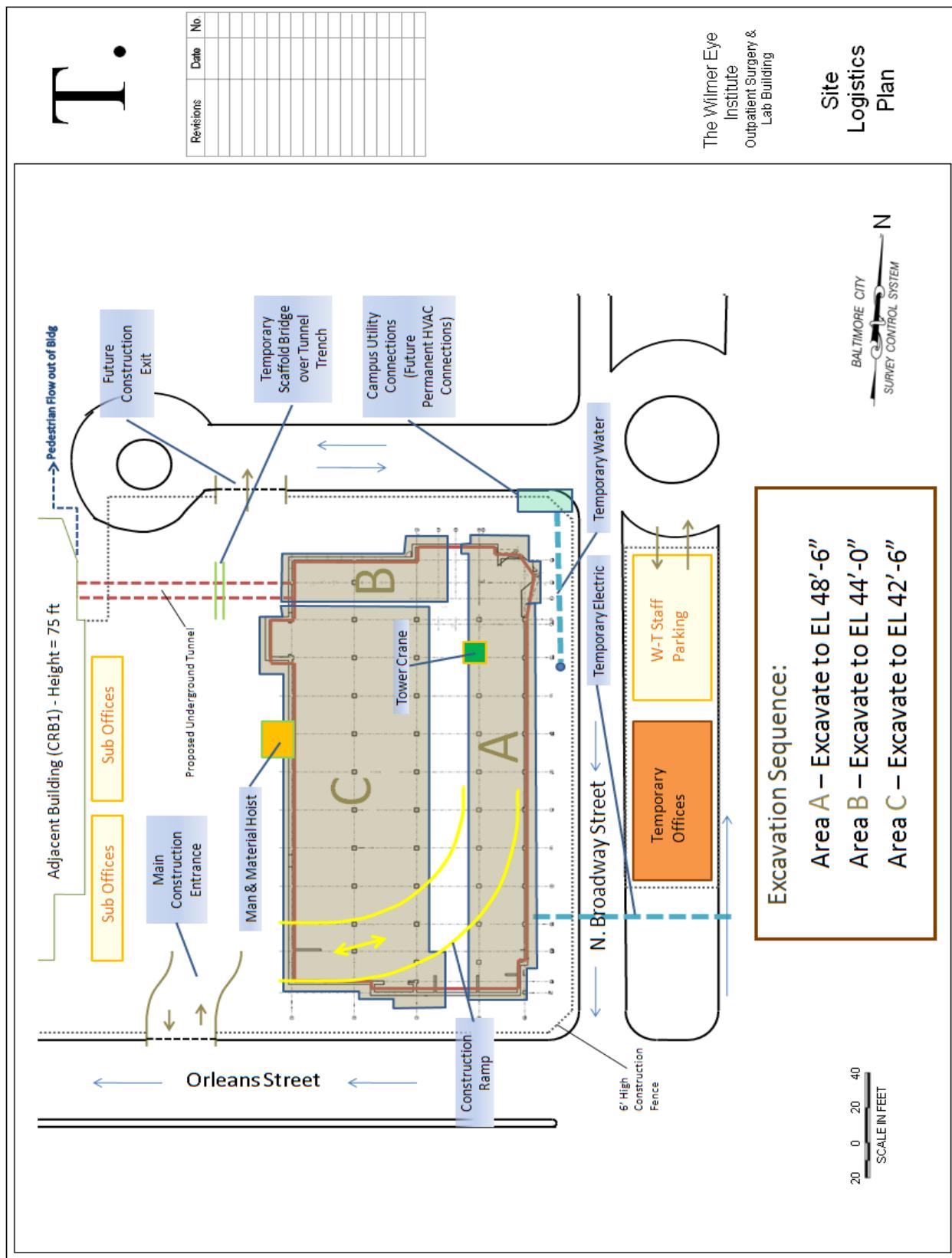
Quick Building Stats: \$65M Cost of Construction

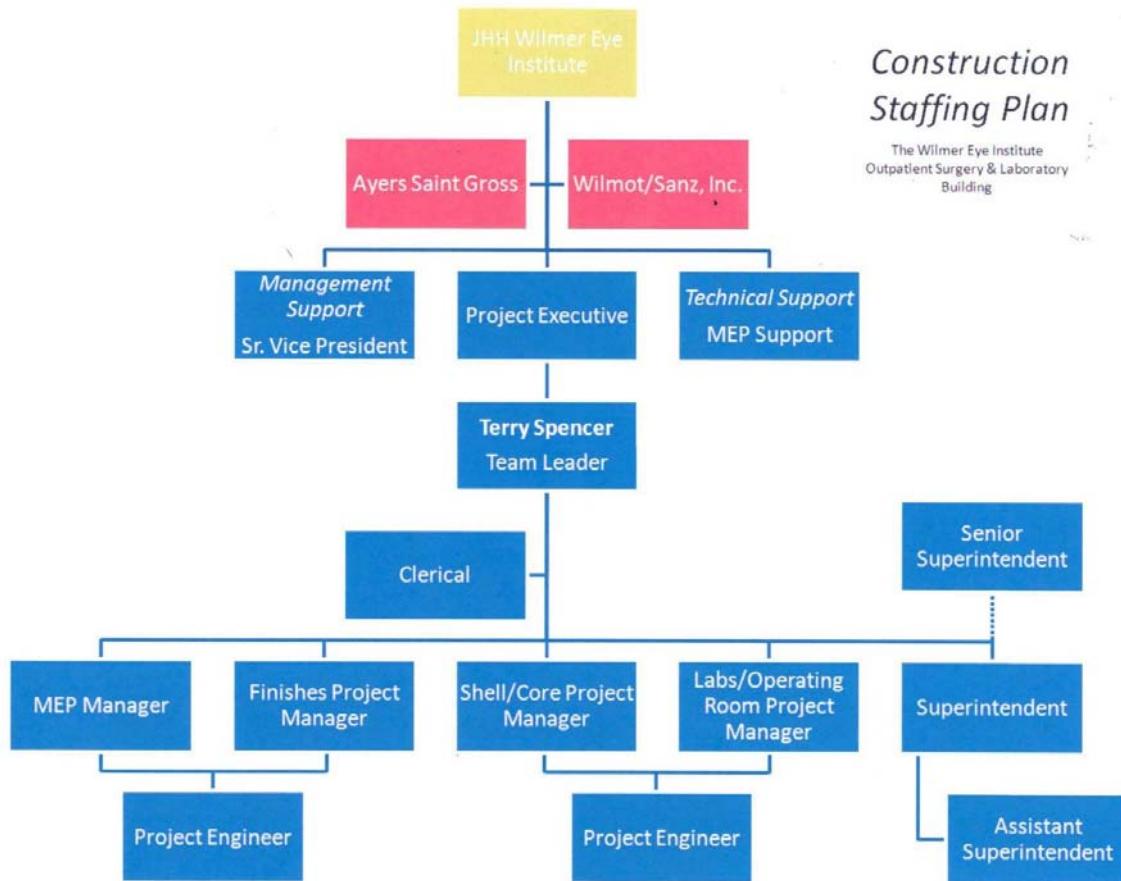
7 Storeys, 202,000 SF

Category	Description	\$/Unit	Unit	Qty.	Total
Personnel	Project Executive	10000	mo	2	\$20,000
	Senior Project Manager	8333	mo	31	\$258,323
	Shell/Core PM	7500	mo	17	\$127,500
	Finishes PM	7500	mo	14	\$105,000
	MEP Manager	7500	mo	15	\$112,500
	Labs/OR Manager	7500	mo	14	\$105,000
	Senior Superintendent	7500	mo	15	\$112,500
	Superintendent	7100	mo	31	\$220,100
	Asst. Superintendent	6250	mo	31	\$193,750
	Project Engineer	5500	mo	17	\$93,500
	Project Engineer	5500	mo	14	\$77,000
Office Supplies	General	95	mo	31	\$2,945
	Office Elec./HVAC	110	mo	31	\$3,410
	Phone Bills	210	mo	31	\$6,510
Temporary Offices	Trailer Rental	700	mo	31	\$21,700
Temporary Utilities	Water	62	mo	31	\$1,922
	Electric	75	mo	31	\$2,325
	Lighting	15	CSF	202	\$3,030
	Heating	390	mo	6	\$2,340
Trash Disposal	Dumpsters	690	wk	140	\$96,600
	Trash Chutes	55	LF	80	\$4,400
Temporary Facilities	Toilet	685	mo	31	\$21,235
Temporary Fencing	Chain link, 11 ga, 6' high	7.15	LF	1120	\$8,008
Signage		16.55	SF	20	\$331
Scaffold Bridge	Catwalk, 10' span	190	ea	1	\$190
Surveying		1200	LS	1	\$1,200
Temporary Building Enclosure	Framing over openings	1	SF	63240	\$63,240
Photographic Documentation	Photographs	450	set	2	\$900
	Cameraman/Film	1375	visit	2	\$2,750
Scheduling	CPM Scheduling	15000	LS	1	\$15,000
Construction Clean-up		115000	LS	1	\$115,000
Man/Material Hoist		6000	LS	1	\$6,000
Miscellaneous/Unforseen		6,000	LS	1	\$6,000

Total: **\$1,810,209**







**Exterior Enclosures Estimate Calculations**

Name _____	Date _____	Page ____ of ____
Exponent <sup>*</sup> Failure Analysis Associates*	Assignment _____	Class _____
SOUTH ELEVATION		
TOTAL AREA :		
$[(32.1') + (32') \times 2 + (23.5')] \times [85'] = 10,070 \text{ sf}$		
WINDOWS:		
$CW-2 - (7' \times 11') ( \times 36 ) - 2 \text{ INT. HOLE }$		
$CW-4 - (11.7' \times 76.7) - 1 \text{ VENT}$		
$\text{TOTAL CW AREA} = 4280 \text{ sf}$		
$\text{TOTAL Cm. Wall Area} = 5790 \text{ sf}$		

Name <u>TYLER M. SMITH</u>	Date _____	Page ____ of ____
Exponent <sup>*</sup> Failure Analysis Associates*	Assignment <u>ESTIMATE EXTERIOR ENCLOSURE</u>	Class _____
EAST ELEVATION		
TOTAL AREA (EXCL. NE CW):		
$[(6.1') + (10.7') + (6.1') + (4.8') + (21') \times 3] \times [80'] = 16,450 \text{ sf}$		
WINDOWS:		
$CW-11 - (7' \times 11') ( \times 80 ) - 2 \text{ INT. HOLE }$		
$+ CW-12 - (11' \times 77.3') - 1 \text{ INT. VERT}$		
$+ CW-13 - (13.8' \times 77.3')$		
$+ CW-16 ( \times 2 ) - \frac{(10' \times 77.3')}{2}$		
$+ CW-15 - \frac{(19.5' \times 77.3')}{2}$		
$CW-6 - (7' \times 54.5')$		
$\text{TOTAL CW AREA} = 9830 \text{ sf}$		
$\text{TOTAL Cm. Wall Area} = 6620 \text{ sf}$		

**Exterior Enclosures Estimate Calculations**

Name _____	Date _____	Page <u>4</u> of _____
Assignment _____	Class _____	
<b>Exponent</b> Failure Analysis Associates*		
<u>NORTH ELEVATION</u>		
Total Area (EXCL. NE CW):		
$\left[ (105' \times 48.2') + (215') \times 92' \right] + (42') \times 82' = 10,480 \text{ sf}$		
Windows:		
CW-9 - (7.3' x 14.8')		
CW-10 - (7.3' x 54.7')		
CW-7 - (7.2' x 10.7') (x2)		
CW-8 - (9.7' x 74.7')		
*CW-14 - (10' x 77.3')		
Total CW AREA = 2910 sf		
Total CW Wall Area = 7570 sf		

© Exponent 2007

Name _____	Date _____	Page <u>3</u> of _____
Assignment _____	Class _____	
<b>Exponent</b> Failure Analysis Associates*		
<u>WEST ELEVATION</u>		
Total Area :		
$\left[ (12.5') + (20.5') + (21') \times 8 + (14.8') + (6.1') + (6.7') + (6.1') \times (6.1') \right] \times (85') = 20290 \text{ sf}$		
Windows/Louvers:		
CW-11 - (7' x 11') (x 20)		
CW-3 - (13.5' x 8.5') (x 5)		
CW-3 - (7' x 11') (x 10)		
CW-1 - (10.5' x 10.5') (x 5)		
Total CW AREA = 3435 sf		
Total CW Wall Area = 16,855 sf		

© Exponent 2007

## Structural Estimate Calculations

MAT FOOTINGS --- 3,000 psi (Side wall = 4,000 psi)

$$(21.5)(20.5) \times 48^{\prime\prime} \text{ THK} = 1845 \text{ CF} = \boxed{68 \text{ CT}}$$

# 9 C 12" O.C. EA UNIT B

$$\#5 @ \frac{1}{2}(20.5) + 2(22.5) \left[ \frac{(1.043)(14)}{3.4 \text{ SF}} \right] = 985 \text{ LF} = \boxed{0.5 \text{ TONS}}$$

#3-7 =  $\frac{1}{2}(23)(26.5) \times 54^{\prime\prime} \text{ THK} = 153 \text{ CF} = \boxed{1.6 \text{ TONS}}$

$$(34.5)(6.5) \times 54^{\prime\prime} \text{ THK} = 414 \text{ CF} = \boxed{153 \text{ CT}}$$

#10 C 10" O.C. EA UNIT B

$$\#5 @ 12" O.C. " T$$
~~(28-B =  $\frac{1}{2}(26.5) + 32(34.5) \left[ \frac{(1.043)(14)}{3.4 \text{ SF}} \right] = 9540 \text{ LF} = \boxed{4.77 \text{ TONS}}$ )~~

$$\#3-7 = \frac{1}{2}(26.5) + 24(34.5) \left[ \frac{(1.043)}{3.4 \text{ SF}} \right] = 1939 = \boxed{0.97 \text{ TONS}}$$

$$(71.5)(35.5) \times 54^{\prime\prime} \text{ THK} = 4394 \text{ CF} = \boxed{163 \text{ CT}}$$

#10 C 10" O.C. EA UNIT B

$$\#5 @ 12" O.C. " T$$

$$\#3-7 = \frac{1}{2}(27.5) + 28(35.5) \left[ \frac{(1.043)}{3.4 \text{ SF}} \right] = 2069 = \boxed{1.03 \text{ TONS}}$$

$$\#8-B = \frac{1}{2}(27.5) + 33(35.5) \left[ \frac{(1.043)}{3.4 \text{ SF}} \right] = 8257 \text{ LF} = \boxed{4.23 \text{ TONS}}$$

$$(16)(31.4) \times 48^{\prime\prime} \text{ THK} = 2009.6 \text{ CF} = \boxed{75 \text{ CT}}$$

#10 @ 12" O.C. B  $\sum_{i=1}^{16}$

$$\#5 @ 12" O.C. T  $\sum_{i=1}^{16}$ 

$$\#1 @ 12" O.C. B  $\sum_{i=1}^{16}$ 

$$\#5 @ 12" O.C. T  $\sum_{i=1}^{16}$ 

$$\#3-7 = \frac{1}{2}(63.4) + 32(16) \left[ \frac{(1.043)}{3.4 \text{ SF}} \right] = 0.53 \text{ TONS}$$

$$\#8-B = \frac{1}{2}(43.03) = \boxed{2.2 \text{ TONS}}$$$$$$$$

3 FOUNDATION / BASEMENT

SOD = 5" THK w/ 6x6-WJO, 1/2" O.WWF - 3500 psi

Area:  $(70.5)(23.4') = 493 \text{ Col Area: } 65 \times 11 = 26 \times 26'$

 $(21')(23.4') \times 9 = 493 \quad 65 \times 9 = 585$ 
 $(20.5)(32') = 656 \quad 65 \times 5 = 325$ 
 $(21')(32') \times 9 = 6048 \quad 65 \times 6 = 390$ 
 $(20.5)(63.3') = 1298 \quad 23.3 \times 1 = 23.3 \times 26' = 150 \text{ SF}$ 
 $(21')(63.3') \times 9 = 11000$ 
 $(19.5)(16.7') = 320$ 
 $(32')(16.7') = 535$ 
 $(10.7')(63.3') = 678$ 
 $(25')(63.3') = 792$ 
 $(44')(19.5') = 858$ 
 $(13.6')(22.5') = 173$ 
 $(4')(13.7') = 55$ 
 $(6.5')(22.5') = 82$ 
 $(28')(10') = 260$ 
 $(4')(20') = 80$ 
 $\frac{28,700 \text{ SF} - 150 \text{ SF}}{440 \text{ SF}} = \frac{28,550 \text{ SF} \times \left(\frac{5}{8}\right)}{440 \text{ SF}} = 11,100 \text{ CF}$

## Structural Estimate Calculations

MAT FICS (cont.) - 2,000 PSI  $\frac{f_{\text{WALL}} - 4000}{(15)(24.7) \times 48'' \text{ THK} = 66 \text{ CY}}$

$\#10 \text{ O.C. } \begin{cases} 9'' \text{ O.C.} \\ 12'' \text{ O.C.} \end{cases} \begin{cases} 15' \\ T \end{cases}$

$\#5 \text{ O.C. } \begin{cases} 12'' \text{ O.C.} \\ 12'' \text{ O.C.} \end{cases} \begin{cases} 15' \\ T \end{cases}$

$\#3-7 = [39(15) + 15(24.7)](1.043) = 0.47 \text{ TONS}$

$\#8-18 = \left[ 39(15) + 20(24.7) \right] (4.303) / 11 = 2.23 \text{ TONS}$

COC. FGCS - 8,000 PSI  $\frac{8F-13}{(13)(15) \times 43'' \text{ THK} = 241 \text{ CY}}$

$\#10 \text{ EA WAT B}$

$\#8-18 = 24(13)(4.303) / 11 = 7.4 \text{ TONS}$

BF-14  $\begin{cases} 48'' \text{ THK} \\ 9 \end{cases} \Rightarrow 97 \text{ CY}$

$\#10 \text{ O.C. } \begin{cases} 9'' \text{ O.C.} \\ 12'' \text{ O.C.} \end{cases} \begin{cases} 28.4' \\ T \end{cases}$

$\#5 \text{ O.C. } \begin{cases} 10'' \text{ O.C.} \\ 12'' \text{ O.C.} \end{cases} \begin{cases} 23' \\ T \end{cases}$

$\#3-7 = [23(28.4') + 29(23')] (1.043) = 0.69 \text{ TONS}$

$\#8-18 = [38(23) + 28(28.4')] (4.303) = 3.6 \text{ TONS}$

BF-15  $\begin{cases} 48'' \text{ THK} \\ 9 \end{cases} \Rightarrow 104 \text{ CY}$

$\#10 \text{ EA WAT B}$

$\#8-18 = 32(15)(4.303) / 6 = 6.20 \text{ TONS}$

MAT FICS (cont.) - 2,000 PSI  $\frac{f_{\text{WALL}} - 4000}{(15)(24.7) \times 48'' \text{ THK} = 66 \text{ CY}}$

$\#10 \text{ O.C. } \begin{cases} 9'' \text{ O.C.} \\ 12'' \text{ O.C.} \end{cases} \begin{cases} 15' \\ T \end{cases}$

$\#5 \text{ O.C. } \begin{cases} 10'' \text{ O.C.} \\ 12'' \text{ O.C.} \end{cases} \begin{cases} 23' \\ T \end{cases}$

$\#3-7 = [38(18) + 13(28.4')] (4.303) + [10(23.4') + 29(9.8')] (2.670) = 2.35 \text{ TONS}$

$\#8-18 = [38(15) + 14(28.4')] (4.303) + [12(23.4') + 29(11.5)] (2.67) = 2.63 \text{ TONS}$

Pile Caps - 5000 PSI  $\frac{f_{\text{WALL}} - 4000}{(20.4)(18) \times 58'' \text{ THK} = 43.4 \text{ CY}}$

$\#10 \text{ O.C. } \begin{cases} 9'' \text{ O.C.} \\ 12'' \text{ O.C.} \end{cases} \begin{cases} 15' \\ T \end{cases}$

$\#8-18 = [35(15) + 14(28.4')] (4.303) + [12(23.4') + 29(9.8')] (2.670) = 2.35 \text{ TONS}$

Pile Caps - 5000 PSI  $\frac{f_{\text{WALL}} - 4000}{(20.4)(15) \times 58'' \text{ THK} = 58.7 \text{ CY}}$

$\#10 \text{ O.C. } \begin{cases} 9'' \text{ O.C.} \\ 12'' \text{ O.C.} \end{cases} \begin{cases} 15' \\ T \end{cases}$

$\#8-18 = [35(15) + 14(28.4')] (4.303) + [12(23.4') + 29(11.5)] (2.67) = 2.63 \text{ TONS}$

## Structural Estimate Calculations

Uall FG6s (cont.)

> UWF - 4  
 LENGTH:  $(17') + (35.5') \rightarrow [37.3 \text{ cr}]$

EXT LENGTH FOR PEARL IN MATT PIGEON  
 Dim:  $(6') \times (3.2')$   
 $\beta \# 7$  cont.  
 $\# 5 @ 12^{\circ} \text{ O.C. STIR.}$

$\# 3-7 = [10(52.5)(2.044)] + [36(6')(1.043)] = [0.65 \text{ TONS}]$

> UWF - 5  
 LENGTH:  $(20.9') + (12.4') + (143.4') \rightarrow [379 \text{ cr}]$

EXT LENGTH FOR REINFORCING THREA MANTS:  $(34.5') + (18')$   
 Dim:  $(8') \times (3.5')$   
 $\beta \# 7$  cont.  
 $\# 6 @ 12^{\circ} \text{ O.C. STIR.}$

$\# 3-7 = [11(47.3)(2.044)] + [417(8')(1.502)] = [7.2 \text{ TONS}]$

> UWF - 6 \* EXTEND BARS 10'-0" INTO NEXT FG4  
 LENGTH:  $(53') \rightarrow [55.0 \text{ cr}]$

Dim:  $(8') \times (\beta-5')$   
 $\beta \# 7$  cont.  
 $\# 5 @ 12.0 \text{ cr. THIS D2 STIRRUPS}$

$\# 3-7 = [18(73)(2.044)] + [53(8')(1.043)] = [1.56 \text{ TONS}]$

> UWF (AREAWAY) (outer)  
 $(2') (2') \times (\text{LENGTH})$   
 $\beta \# 4 \text{ CONT w/ LENGTH}$

LENGTH:  $(10.7') + (10.8') + (18') \rightarrow [5.9 \text{ cr}]$

$\# 3-7 = (4)(39.5)(0.668) = [0.04 \text{ TONS}]$

Vill Figs

\*\* RESULTING FIG. DOES NOT REST ON TOP OF  
CONTINUOUS CO. FIGS

1#4 SUB STEP down

(3.2)  $\times$  (1')  $\times$  (92') =  $\boxed{11 \text{ CY}}$   
7 #4 CONTINUOUS LENGTH

LENGTH:  $\boxed{\begin{array}{l} (12.5) \\ (5.5) \\ (7) \end{array}} \times 8$

$\boxed{[3 \times 7 \times (1.047)] \times [12(12) \times (0.668)]}$   
 $= 0.51 \text{ TONS}$

(6')  $\times$  (0.8')  $\times$  (92') =  $\boxed{16.4 \text{ CY}}$

2#4 C 12' O.C. LENGTHWISE  $\boxed{16 \text{ CY}}$   
2#4 C 12' O.C. VERT ...  $\rightarrow$  (7' to another into FG)

#3-7 =  $\boxed{[2(42)(0.668)] + [2(7)(0.668)]}$  =  $\boxed{0.58 \text{ TONS}}$

> U.F.-2  
length:  $(7')^2 + (9')^2 + (7')^2 + (8.6')^2 + (12')^2 + (18')^2$   $\Rightarrow \boxed{27.4 \text{ CY}}$   
EACH LENGTH FOR REINF. THESE PLATS:  $(20.5) + (26.5) + (32') + (11.5) + (11.5) + (11.5)$  '(23)

DIM:  $(4') \times (3')$   
7 #7 CANT LENGTH  
#4 2 48° O.C. SPAN

#3-7 =  $\boxed{[7(18.7)(2.047)] + \left[\frac{1}{4}(4 \times 7)^2(1')(0.668)\right]}$  =  $\boxed{1.38 \text{ TONS}}$

> U.F.-1  
length:  $(6.7) \rightarrow \boxed{3.1 \text{ CY}}$   
DIM:  $(2') \times (2.5')$   
4 #7 CONTINUOUS

#3-4 =  $(4)(16.7)(0.668) = \boxed{0.02 \text{ TONS}}$

## Structural Estimate Calculations

Basement Walls (cont) -- 4,000 psf  
 \* ASSUMING PRECAST WALL REINF. IS SAME AS VRF.  
 DUE TO CONFLICTS IN STR + NECH PLATES

> 1'-8" WALL HEIGHT = 24'

LENGTH: (12' 6") + (12' 6") + (6') + (24') + (8')  
 (12' 6") + (12' 6") + (12' 6") + (6') + (24') + (28') + (8')  
 (18') + (20') + (5') + (19') + (37') + (4') + (45') + (5')  
 = 428.4'

REINF: #10 @ 12" o.c. VERT 1F.  
 #6 @ 12" o.c. VERT O.F.  
 #5 @ 12" o.c. HORIZ BOTH FACES

DRAWS: #10 @ 12" o.c. OF. { 6.5' IN LENGTH  
 #6 @ 12" o.c. 1F.

#3-7 = [42(34)(1502)] + [34(428.4)(1013)] + [42(6.5)(1502)] = 20.6 TONS

#3-18 = [42(34)(4303)] + [42(34)(4303)] = 37.4 TONS

**896 CY**

Basement Walls - 4,000 psf  
 \* ASSUMING PRECAST WALL REINF. IS SAME AS VRF.

> 1'-0" SOUTH WALL NARROW LOW SIDE  
 LENGTH: (12' 8") x 6  
 (17.5') + (12') + (12' 8") + (14.5') + (8') → 50 CY → 50 CY

HEIGHT = 24'  
 REINF: #6 @ 12" o.c. VERT O.F.  
 #10 @ 6" o.c. 1F.  
 #5 @ 12" o.c. HORIZ BOTH FACES  
 DRAWS: #6 @ 12" o.c. 1F.

#3-7 = [20(34)(1502)] + 2[34(12.27)(1013)] + [20(4)(1502)] = 13 TONS

#3-18 = [40(34)(4303)] + [40(4)(4303)] = 33 TONS

**17.6 CY**

NEWMANS

SOUTH WALL  
 LENGTH: (12') + (20') → 32 CY

REINF: #6 @ 12" o.c. VERT 1F.  
 #6 @ 12" o.c. HORIZ 1F.

DRWNS: LENGTH = 20'  
 #6 @ 12" o.c. EA VERT BOTH FACES

#3-7 = [40(29.2)(1502)] + [40(29.2)(1502)] + [30(44)(1502)] + [20(12')(1013)] + [11(12')(1013)] = 3.2 TONS

#3-18 = [30(44)(4303)] + [30(44)(4303)] = 6.6 TONS

- FIRST WALL  
 LENGTH: (4') + (2.5 6') + (3') = 20.6 → 21.7 CY  
 " HT = 24.4'  
 #3-#7 = 188 TONS

△ INNER LENGTH = 12.5'  
 △ ALL REINF. SAME AS SOUTH NEWMAN  
 #8-18 = 3.23 TONS

**21.7 CY**

## Structural Estimate Calculations

SHEAR WALLS - 5,000 psi

> SWL  
- 12" THICK  
- 20' 7" WIDE

- HEIGHT = (17' 7") - (48' 6") = 13'

- #5 @ 12" o.c. BOTH FACES HORIZ. & VERT

- 20" THK BASEMENT WALL (to EL 85'-8")

- 16 #9 CHORD BARS (EL 85'-6" to EL 15'-0") = 66.5'

{ 12 #9 " " " 15'-0" to 14'-4" = 23.2'

{ 8 #9 " " " 14'-4" to 14'-2" = 35.4'

#3-7 = [3(120.7')(1.043)] + [2(15)(1043)] = 2.85 Ton/s

#3-18 = [6(66.5)(3.4)] + [2(28.3)(3.4)] + [8(35.4)(3.4)] = 3.1 Ton/s

> SWL  
- 10" THICK  
- 10'-0" WIDE

- HEIGHT = SWL

- REG REINF = SWL

- 20" THK BASEMENT WALL (to EL 85'-8")

{ 12 #9 " " " 10'-0" to 9'-9" = 27.0'

{ 8 #9 " " " 9'-9" to 8'-4" = 20.0'

#3-7 = [3(578.5)(1.043)] + [0(13)(1.043)] = 1.4 Ton/s

#3-18 = [12(66.5)(3.4)] + [10(29.3)(3.4)] + [8(35.4)(3.4)] = 2.5 Ton/s

INT. BASEMENT WALLS + THICKENED SLABS

> GENERAL  
- EXTRA 5" THICKNESS  
- (1.5') = (WIDTH OF WALL)

- 3 #4 CONTINUOUS

LENGTH:  $(10') + (22') + (2') + (3') + (20.5') + (19') + (15.5') + (5.5')$   
 $[8'(10')] + 4(1.5') + (24') + (15') + (13.5') + (10') + (50') + (30')$   
 $+ (24') + (20') + (24') + (18') = 578.5'$

LENGTH:  $(10') + (16') + (6') + (37') + (10') + (23.5') + (10.5') = 178.5'$   
 $[1'-0" WDM]$

CMU: HORIZONTAL JOINT REINF @ 16" o.c. VERTICALLY  
#4 @ 24" o.c. VERT .. CELLS GROUTED SOLID

CONC: 2 #4 @ 12" o.c. BOTH WADS

CONC THIRD SLAB:  $\left(\frac{8}{12}\right)[25(137.5) + 2.16(578.5')] = 24.6 \text{ cu ft}$

WALLS:  $(137.5')(20')(1') = 102 \text{ cu ft}$

CONC REINF  
#3-7 =  $[3(578.5 + 137.5)(0.668)] + [38(20)(0.668) + 20(137.5)(0.668)] = 37 \text{ tons}$

CMU  
AREA:  $(578.5')(20') = 11,570 \text{ SF}$

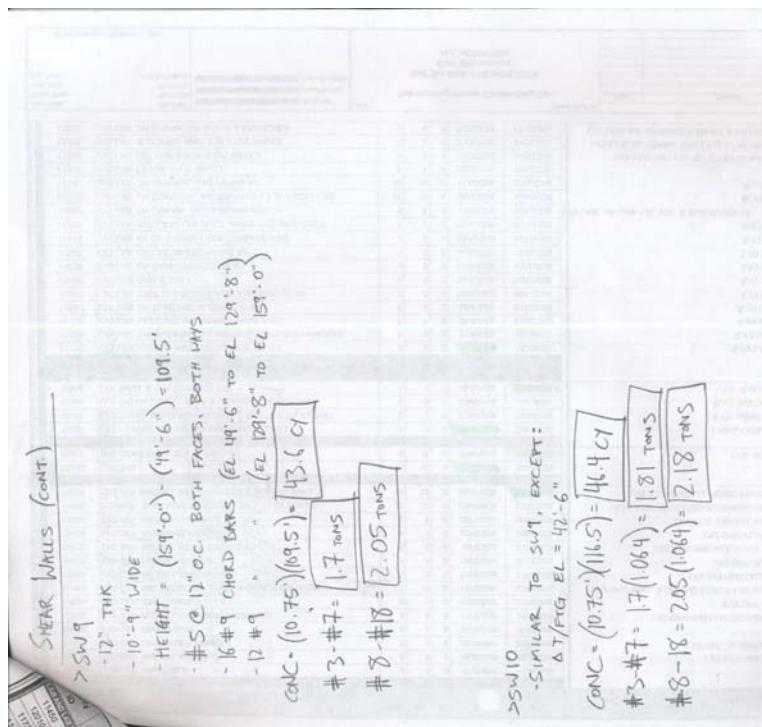
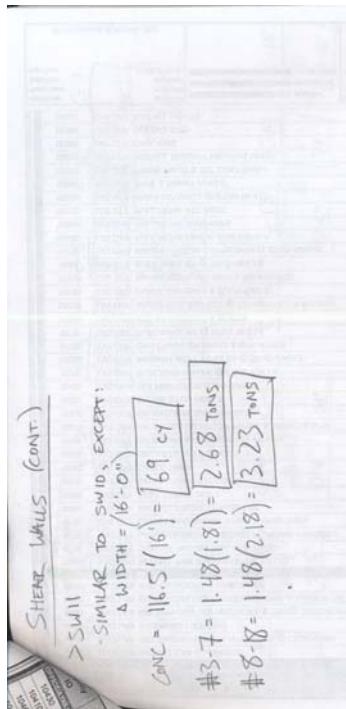
REINF:  $(20')\left(\frac{578.5}{2}\right) = 5785 \text{ LF}$   
#4

## Structural Estimate Calculations

SHEAR WALLS (CONT)	
$> SW7$	SHEAR LOADS (CONT)
- 12" THK	- HEIGHT = $(173'-8") - (44'-0") = 129.7'$
- 12'-10" WIDE	- #5 @ 12" OC. BOTH FACES, BOTH WAYS
- #8-18 = $\boxed{2.5 \text{ TONS}}$	- 12 #9 CHORD BARS (EL 44'-0" TO EL 115'-0")
- CONC = $\boxed{61.5 \text{ CY}}$	- 8 #9 " " (EL 115'-0" TO EL 173'-8")
	$\#3-7 = 1.7(1.05) = \boxed{1.8 \text{ TONS}}$
	$\#8-18 = 3.03(1.05) = \boxed{3.2 \text{ TONS}}$
$> SW8$	
- 12" THK	- 16'-0" WIDE
- HEIGHT = $(154'-0") - (44'-0") = 110'$	- #5 @ 12" OC. BOTH FACES, BOTH WAYS
- #8-18 = $\boxed{2.5 \text{ TONS}}$	- 12 #9 CHORD BARS (EL 44'-0" TO EL 114'-0")
- CONC = $\boxed{68.1 \text{ CY}}$	- 8 #9 " (EL 114'-0" TO EL 154'-0")
	$\#3-7 = \boxed{1.95 \text{ TONS}}$
	$\#8-18 = \boxed{2.14 \text{ TONS}}$

SHEAR WALLS (CONT)	
$> SW3$	$\Rightarrow 48.5 \text{ CY}$
- IDENTICAL TO SW2	$\#3-7 = \boxed{1.4 \text{ TONS}}$
- 12" THK	$\#8-18 = \boxed{2.5 \text{ TONS}}$
- 20" THK BASEMENT WALL (TO EL 85'-8")	$\Rightarrow 105 \text{ CY}$
- HEIGHT = $(174'-0") - (44'-0") = 135.7'$	
- REINF SIM TO SW1 (CHORD BARS ALSO SIMILAR TO SW1)	
- EXTRA #4 @ 12" OC. HORZ	
- $\#3-7 = 2.85(1.05) = \boxed{3.0 \text{ TONS}}$	
- $\#8-18 = 3.1(1.05) = \boxed{3.3 \text{ TONS}}$	
$> SW5$	
- SIM TO SW2, EXCEPT:	
- WIDTH = 11'-8"	
- AT/FIG EL = 44'-0"	
- CONC = $48.5(1.2) = \boxed{58.7 \text{ CY}}$	
- $\#3-7 = 1.9(1.2) = \boxed{1.7 \text{ TONS}}$	
- $\#8-18 = 2.5(1.2) = \boxed{3.03 \text{ TONS}}$	
$> SW6$	$\Rightarrow 58.7 \text{ CY}$
- IDENTICAL TO SW5	$\#3-7 = \boxed{1.7 \text{ TONS}}$
	$\#8-18 = \boxed{3.03 \text{ TONS}}$

## Structural Estimate Calculations



## Structural Estimate Calculations

ASSUMING DEWEL LENGTH = 4
COLUMNS (CONT.)
> C-2 (x2)
- CONC: $\frac{1}{4}(1.25)^2(1.18) + \frac{1}{4}(2.0)^2(10.33) = 411 \text{ CF} = (152 \text{ CI})2 = 30.4 \text{ CI}$
- STL:
A#3-#7 : DOWNS: $8\#7 - 65 \text{ lbs}$
TIES: $(5\pi/2)(0.6834)(65 \text{ lbs})/2034 \text{ lbs} = 2394 \text{ lbs}$
LONG: $10(37.2)(34.4 \text{ lbs}) = 1265 \text{ lbs}$
CONC: $1.133(2.17)(10.5) = 439 \text{ CF} = (163 \text{ CI})9 = 147 \text{ CI}$
A#8-#18:
DOWNS: $8\#7 - 65 \text{ lbs}$
TIES: $8(2.6748)(66.5) = 1809 \text{ lbs}$
LONG: $8(2.6748)(41) = 9410 \text{ lbs}$
CONC: $1.133(2.17)(10.5) = 439 \text{ CF} = 349 \text{ CI} = 12.9 \text{ CI}$
C-3 (x9):
DOWNS: $8\#7 - 65 \text{ lbs}$
TIES: $8(2.6748)(36.5) = 652 \text{ lbs}$
LONG: $8(2.6748)(41) = 9410 \text{ lbs}$
CONC: $1.133(2.17)(10.5) = 439 \text{ CF} = 349 \text{ CI} = 12.9 \text{ CI}$
C-4 (x1):
DOWNS: $8\#7 - 65 \text{ lbs}$
TIES: $8(2.6748)(36.5) = 652 \text{ lbs}$
LONG: $8(2.6748)(41) = 9410 \text{ lbs}$
CONC: $1.133(2.17)(10.5) = 439 \text{ CF} = 349 \text{ CI} = 12.9 \text{ CI}$
C-5:
A#3-#7 : DOWNS: $12(64)(2.044) = 98.1 \text{ lbs}$
TIES: $11(52)(2.6748)(41) = 266.4 \text{ lbs}$
LONG: $12(52)(2.6748)(41) = 1541 \text{ lbs}$
CONC: $11(52)(2.6748)(36.5) = 10688.7 \text{ lbs}$
A#8-#18 :
DOWNS: $12(3.4 \text{ reo})(2.083) = 850.4 \text{ lbs}$
TIES: $11(52)(2.6748)(41) = 2013.1 \text{ lbs}$
LONG: $12(3.4 \text{ reo})(2.083) = 850.4 \text{ lbs}$
CONC: $11(52)(2.6748)(36.5) = 1541 \text{ lbs}$
A#3-#7 : DOWNS: $12(64)(2.044) = 98.1 \text{ lbs}$
TIES: $11(52)(2.6748)(41) = 266.4 \text{ lbs}$
LONG: $12(52)(2.6748)(41) = 1541 \text{ lbs}$
CONC: $11(52)(2.6748)(36.5) = 10688.7 \text{ lbs}$
A#8-#18 :
DOWNS: $12(3.4 \text{ reo})(2.083) = 850.4 \text{ lbs}$
TIES: $11(52)(2.6748)(41) = 2013.1 \text{ lbs}$
LONG: $12(3.4 \text{ reo})(2.083) = 850.4 \text{ lbs}$
CONC: $11(52)(2.6748)(36.5) = 1541 \text{ lbs}$

## Structural Estimate Calculations

COLUMNS (CONT.)

> C-5 (x 1)  
 $\text{CONC: } (\bar{f}_c \cdot \bar{A})^2 / (111) = 523 \cdot c_f = (19.4 \cdot c_f) \cdot 11 = 213 \text{ c}_f$

- STL:  $\Delta \#3-\#7:$

Dowels:  $98 \frac{L^3}{1B}$   
 Ties:  $\frac{35(82.17)(6.688 \text{ per f})}{30(6(2.17)(0.688))} = \frac{418 \frac{L^3}{1B}}{269 \frac{L^3}{1B}} = \frac{(19.4 \cdot c_f) \cdot 11}{134 \frac{L^3}{1B}}$   
 $\Delta \#8-\#18:$   
 $\text{Dowels: } 12(2.4 \text{ per f}) \left( \frac{52.3}{58.67} \right)^2 = 21.34 \frac{L^3}{1B} \quad \text{Ties: } 13(7.30 \cdot 1B) = 91.1 \frac{L^3}{1B}$   
 $8(3.4 \text{ per f}) \left( \frac{58.67}{58.67} \right)^2 = 59.6 \frac{L^3}{1B} \quad \text{Total: } 111.030 \frac{L^3}{1B} = 20.5 \text{ tons}$

> C-6 ( $x^1$ )  
 $\text{CONC: } (2.17)^2 / (16.5) = 54.9 \text{ c}_f = (20.3 \cdot c_f) \cdot 9 = 183 \text{ c}_f$

- STL:  
 $\Delta \#3-\#7:$   
 Dowels:  $98 \frac{L^3}{1B}$   
 $\text{Ties: } 4(82.17)(6.688 \text{ per f}) + 8(2) \frac{L^3}{1B} = 869 \frac{L^3}{1B} \quad \text{Total: } 967 \frac{L^3}{1B} = 4.35 \text{ tons}$

$\Delta \#8-\#18:$   
 $\text{Dowels: } 12(4(30.3 \cdot 2)(57.83)) = 2886 \frac{L^3}{1B} \quad \text{Ties: } 12(3.4 \text{ per f}) \left( \frac{4}{4} \right) = 179.5 \frac{L^3}{1B} \quad \text{Total: } 46,584 \frac{L^3}{1B} = 23.3 \text{ tons}$   
 $8(3.4) \left( \frac{145}{145} \right) = 395 \frac{L^3}{1B}$

## Structural Estimate Calculations

Cols (cont)

> C-1 (x2)  
 - CONC:  $(1.83)(2.17)(27.4)(506 \text{ cr})^2 = 102 \text{ CF} = 37.5 \text{ cft}$   
 - STL:

Δ#3-#7  
 DOLLS:  $65 \text{ lb}_B$   
 TIES:  $90 \left( \frac{(3)(2.17) + 2(1.83)}{1} \right) (0.688 \text{ PUF}) = 743$   
 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 808 \text{ lb}_B \\ 2 \end{array} \right\} = 1616 \text{ lb}_B = 0.81 \text{ tons}$

Δ#8-#8  
 LONG:  $8 \left( \frac{3.4 \text{ TLF}}{2.67} \right) \left( \frac{66.7}{58.7} \right) = \frac{1869}{1254} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 31.25 \\ 2 \end{array} \right\} = 62.46 \text{ lb}_B = 3.1 \text{ tons}$

> C-2  
 - CONC:  $(1.82)(14.6)^2 = 29.2 \text{ CF} = 1.1 \text{ cft}$   
 - STL:

Δ#3-#8  
 DOLLS:  $8 \left( \frac{14}{1} \right) \left( \frac{1.502 \text{ PUF}}{0.688} \right) = \frac{48 \text{ lb}_B}{93 \text{ lb}_B}$   
 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 141 \text{ lb}_B \\ 2 \end{array} \right\} = 0.04 \text{ tons}$

Δ#8-#8  
 LONG:  $8 \left( \frac{1.8}{2.67} \right) (14.6) = \frac{312 \text{ lb}_B}{1254} = 0.16 \text{ tons}$

Columns (cont.)

> C-9 (x 6)  
 $\text{CONC: } (2.17)^2 (116.5) = 549 \text{ CF} = 122 \text{ CY}$

- STL  
**6#3 #7:**  
 DOWELS:  $(4') (16' \times 0.4 \text{ in})^2 = 140 \text{ lbs}$   
 TIERS:  $30 (102.17') (0.688 \text{ in})^2 = 448$   
 $74 (8/17) (0.638 \text{ in})^2 = 884$

**Δ#8 #8**  
 LENGTH:  $16 (5.313 \text{ in}) (43.2') = 3672$   
 $12 (5.313 \text{ in}) = 2805$   
 $12 (3.4 \text{ in}) = 115$

> C-10 (x 9)  
 $\text{CONC: } (460 \text{ CF}) 9 = 4186 \text{ CF} = 155 \text{ CY}$

- STL  
**6#3 #7:**  
 DOWELS:  $10 (4') (2.041')^2 = 82 \text{ lbs}$   
 TIERS:  $83 (3(1.123) + 3(2.17')) (0.688 \text{ in})^2 = 685 \text{ lbs}$

**Δ#8 #18**  
 LENGTH:  $10 (4.503 \text{ in}) (57.8') = 2487$   
 $10 (3.4 \text{ in}) (58.7') = 1916$

**Δ#8 #18**  
 LENGTH:  $10 (4.503 \text{ in}) (57.8') = 2487$   
 $10 (3.4 \text{ in}) (58.7') = 1916$

## Structural Estimate Calculations

ELEVATED SLABS

1<sup>st</sup> + 2<sup>nd</sup> Floors + 3<sup>rd</sup> Roof Adjusted for Axle load

AREA:  $26.550 \text{ sr} - (5.7)(14) - (20.5) - (7)(4.7) - (5)(4.4)$   
 $- (6)(5.7) - (10.4)(8.6) - (3.8)(5.4) - (9)(4.8) - (9)(4) - (50 \text{ sr})$   
 $= 28,100 \text{ sf} \Rightarrow 998 \text{ cft} \rightarrow \text{ADJUSTED} = 968 \text{ cft}$

Thickness = 11.5"

Overall Dim: (11.5') x (202.7')

Bottom Mat: #5 @ 10" o.c. ER W/W  $\Rightarrow$  18.17 Tons + 18.17 Tons = 36.3 Tons

Horizontal Rein:  $\rightarrow \text{ADJUSTED} = 35.2 \text{ TONS}$

22, 20, 13, 8, 10, 13, 16, 10, 12, 12x7, 36, 22, 25, 10, 12x7, 23, 8 = 440

$440(4)(1502) = 1.32 \text{ TONS}$

#6 @ 7'

$\frac{13 \times 10}{(7)(1502)} = 10 \text{ cft}, 12 \times 2 \times 4, 8, 4, 8, 8 = 328$

$328(7)(1502) = 4.35 \text{ TONS}$

#6 @ 18'

$10(18)(1502) = 0.14 \text{ TONS}$

#6 @ 7.3':  
 $\frac{8 \times 10}{(7)(1502)}, 10 \text{ cft}, 4 = 0.24$   
 $52.4(7.3)(16.7) = 5.11 \text{ TONS}$

#8 @ 6':  
 $\frac{10(6)}{(6)(1502)} = 4 \text{ cft}, 6, 4, 6 = 236$   
 $236(6)(1502) = 1.89 \text{ TONS}$   
 $\#8 @ 8':$   
 $\frac{10(8)(32)}{(8)(1502)} = 3.10$   
 $3.10(8)(1502) = 3.42 \text{ TONS}$   
 $\#8 @ 18':$   
 $6(18)(1502) = 0.14 \text{ TONS}$

#8 @ 10':  
 $\frac{18, 20, 12, 18, 12}{(10)(1502)} = 80$   
 $80(10)(1502) = 0.11 \text{ TONS}$

ELEVATED SLABS (CONT)

AREA OF ATTIC SPACE:

$$(22.5)(10) + (25.5)(10) + (36)(10) = 840 \text{ sr}$$

$$\frac{840 \text{ sr}}{28,100 \text{ sr}} = 0.0291 = 3\% \text{ OF TOTAL SLAB AREA}$$

C-13

> CONC:  $(-1.83)^2(116.5) = 390 \text{ CF} = 145 \text{ CY}$

- STL

$\Delta \#3 \#7$

DUELS:  $98_{LB}$

TIES:  $83(8_{(1.83)})/(0.688) = 836_{LB}$

$\Delta \#8 - \#18$

LONG:  $12(5.33)(57.8) = 3685_{LB}$

$12(4.303)(8.7) = 3031_{LB}$

C-14

> CONC:  $(1)(2)(15) = 230 \text{ CF} = 8.5 \text{ CY}$

- STL

$\Delta \#3 \#7$

DUELS:  $65_{LB}$

TIES:  $115(9)(0.688) = 712_{LB}$

$\Delta \#8 \#18$

LONG:  $8(2.67)(15) = 2456_{LB} = 1.2 \text{ TONS}$

C-15

$\Delta \#3 \#7$

- CONC:  $(133)(61.17)(41.2) = (64 \text{ CY})^3 = 491 \text{ CY} = 18.2 \text{ CY}$

- STL

$\Delta \#8 \#18$

LONG:  $10(4.303)(41.2) = (1773_{LB})^3 = 5320_{LB} = 2.66 \text{ TONS}$