

Wardman West Residential



Penn State AE Senior Thesis Project
Kevin Kroener | Construction Option
Faculty Advisor | Ray Sowers

- I. **Introduction**
 - Project Background
 - Analysis Overview
- II. Depth 1: APC Panel Prefabrication
- III. Depth 2: SIPS
- IV. Depth 3: Safety Evaluation
- V. Conclusions & Recommendations
- VI. Acknowledgements



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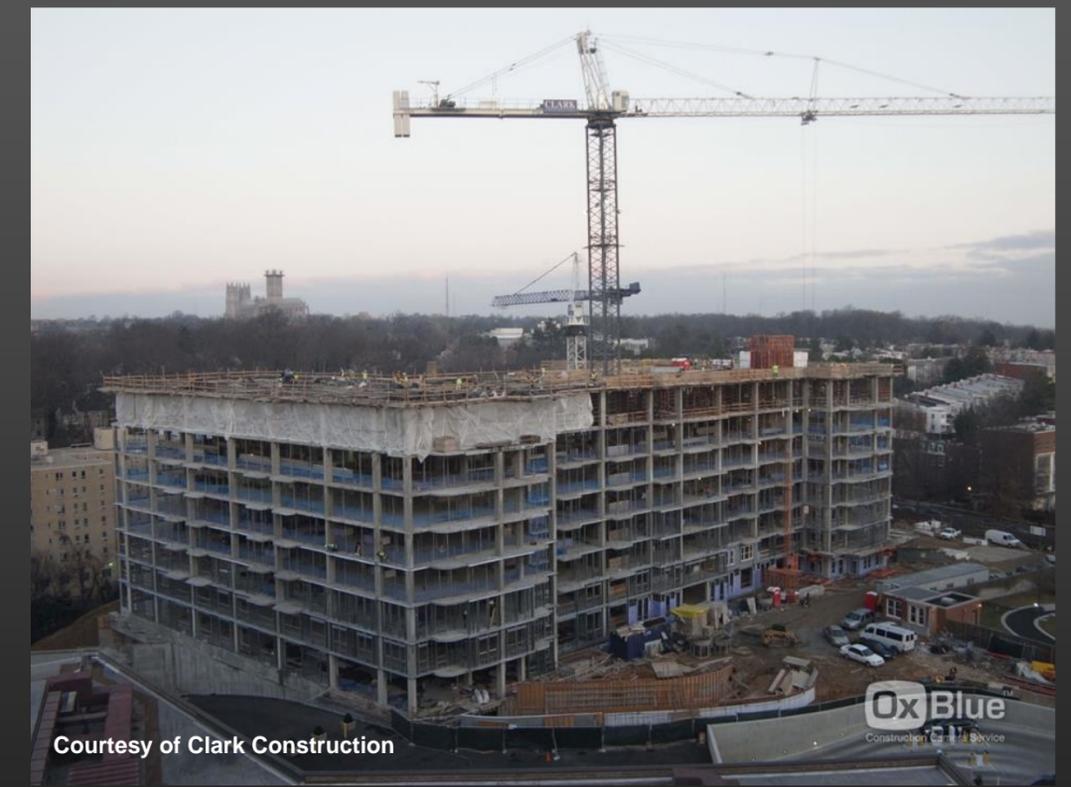
Introduction

Wardman West Residential
Woodley Park, NW Washington, DC



Project Background

Location | Woodley Park, NW Washington, DC
Building Type | Midrise Luxury Apartment Building
Project Size | 321,000 GSF (132,500 SF Below Grade)
Number of Stories | 8 Above - Grade / 2 Below - Grade
Contract Value | \$88 million
Contract Type | Negotiated GMP
Dates of Construction | June 16, 2011 – March 14, 2014
GC | Clark Construction Group, LLC
Owner/Developer | The JBG Companies
Architect | Cooper Carry



Courtesy of Clark Construction

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Introduction

Wardman West Residential
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Thesis Focus

Slow Exterior Brick Masonry Work



Courtesy of Clark Construction



Courtesy of Clark Construction



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Introduction

Thesis Focus

Slow Exterior Brick Masonry Work

Analysis Overview

Analysis 1: Architectural Precast Concrete Wall Panels

- Thermal Performance Study
- Structural Feasibility & Redesign Study

Analysis 2: SIPS (Short Interval Production Schedule)

Analysis 3: Safety Evaluation

Analysis 4: General Contractor Implementation Plan for APC Wall Panels



Courtesy of Clark Construction



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APC Wall Panel Prefabrication

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Problem:

Lagging Exterior Brick Masonry Work

Proposed Solution:

Substitute Architectural Precast
Concrete Wall Panels for Brick Veneer
Wall





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Problem:

Lagging Exterior Brick Masonry Work

Proposed Solution:

Substitute Architectural Precast Concrete Wall Panels for Brick Veneer Wall



Overview

Benefits to Architectural Precast Concrete Wall Panels

- Aesthetic Flexibility
- Product Quality
- Energy Performance
- Cost Savings
- Schedule Acceleration



Courtesy of PCI



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Proposed Solution:
Substitute Architectural Precast Concrete Wall Panels for Brick Veneer Wall



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Overview



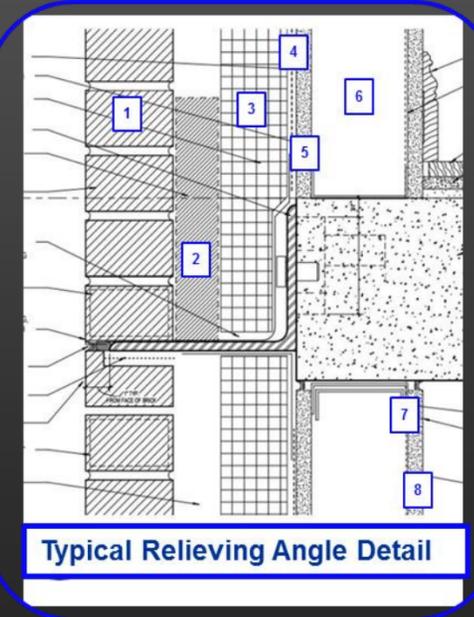
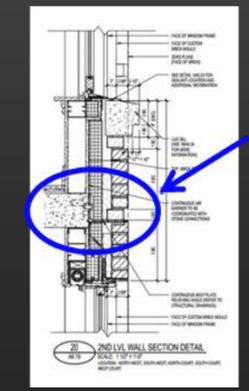
Courtesy of PCI

Material	Thickness (inches)
1. Standard Brick (Glen Gery 52 DD)	4
2. Air Cavity	2
3. Rigid Insulation (Dow EPS)	3
4. Permeable Air Barrier	--
5. Exterior Sheathing	5/8
6. Cold-Formed 18 Ga. Metal Stud (16" OC)	4
7. Polyethylene Vapor Barrier	--
8. 5/8" Gypsum Wall Board	5/8



Courtesy of Clark Construction

Existing Wall System





APC Wall Panel Prefabricication

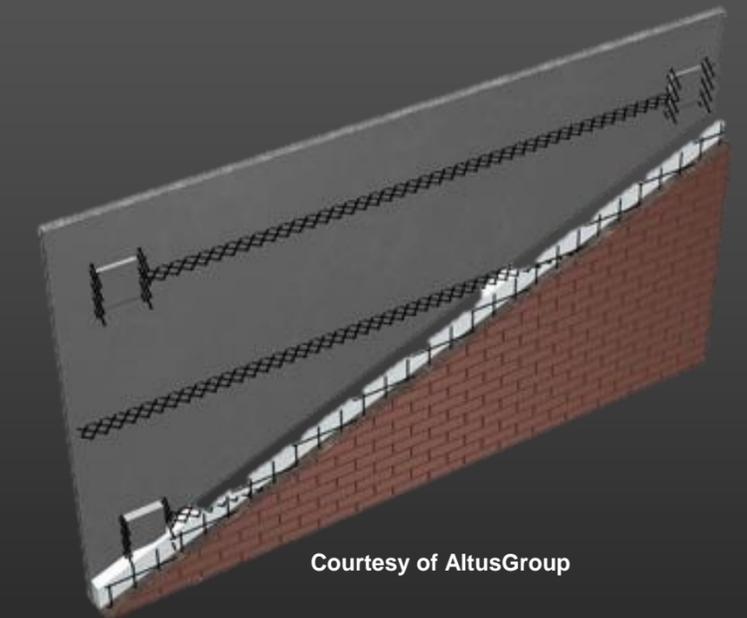


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Product Selection

Selection:
CarbonCast Insulated Architectural Cladding

- Product Advantages:**
- Reduced load on building structure
 - Lower transportation cost
 - Smaller cranes can be used to pick and erect CarbonCast panels
 - Lower carbon footprint
 - Aesthetic Versatility
 - Meets ASHRAE requirement for continuous insulation

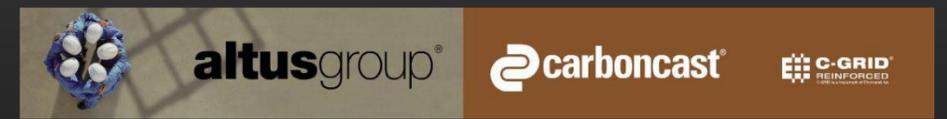


Courtesy of AltusGroup

- C-GRID Carbon Fiber Grid:**
- Shear connector between concrete wythes
 - Minimum wythe thickness of 1 3/4"
 - Up to 40% lighter



Less concrete means less weight, less embodied energy and a reduced carbon footprint.





APC Wall Panel Prefabricication

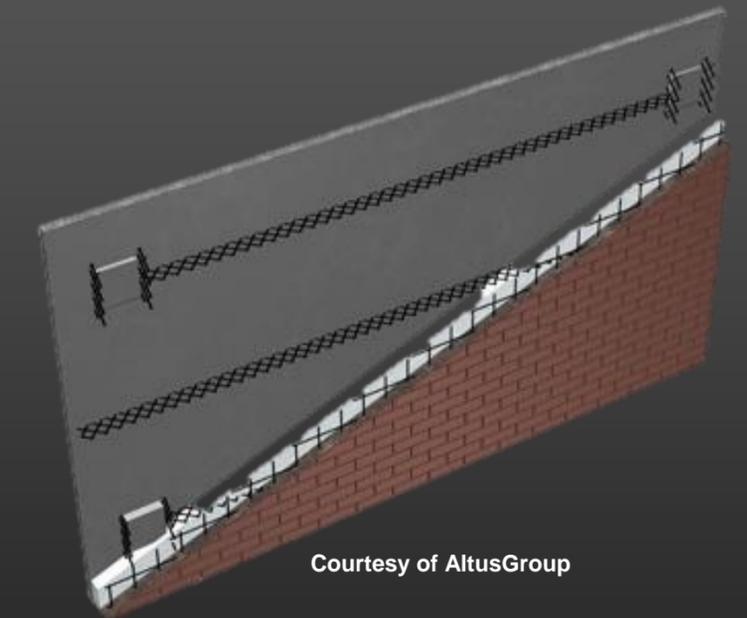


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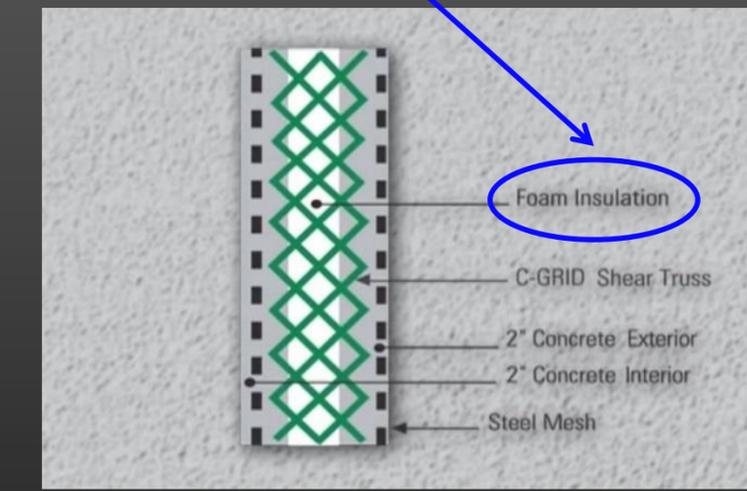
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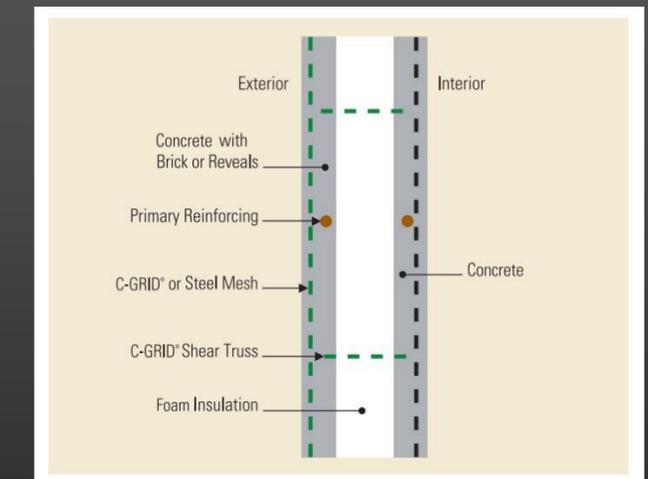


Less concrete means less weight, less embodied energy and a reduced carbon footprint.

EPS, XPS or Poly-Iso foam Rigid Insulation

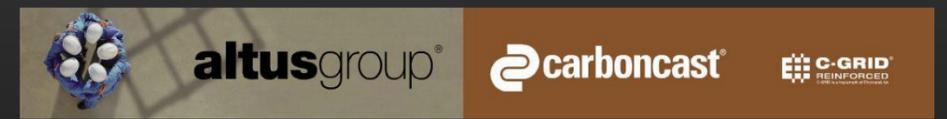


Courtesy of AltusGroup



Insulated Architectural Cladding
Horizontal Section

Courtesy of AltusGroup





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Crane Use



Mobile Crane

- Precast Subcontractor



20 ton Tower Crane

- Clark Concrete
- Jib Length shorten from 213' to 180'
- Capacity increased from 11,680 lb. to 17,200 lb.



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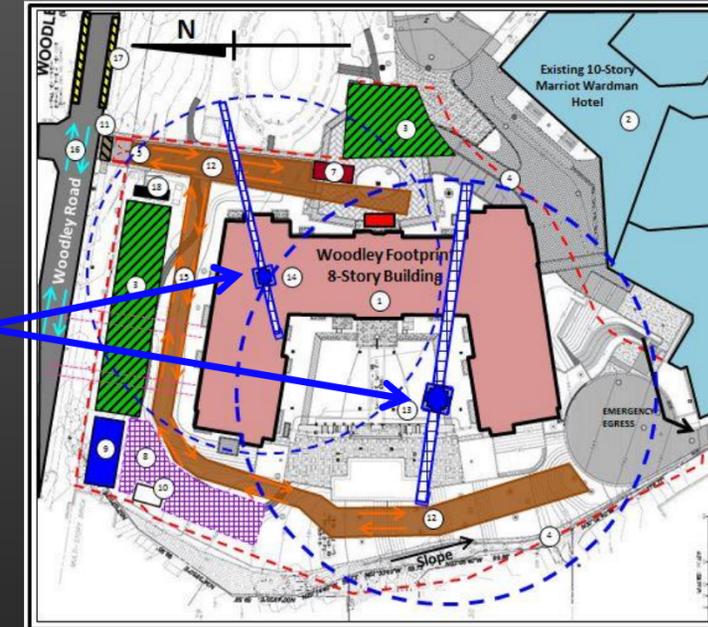
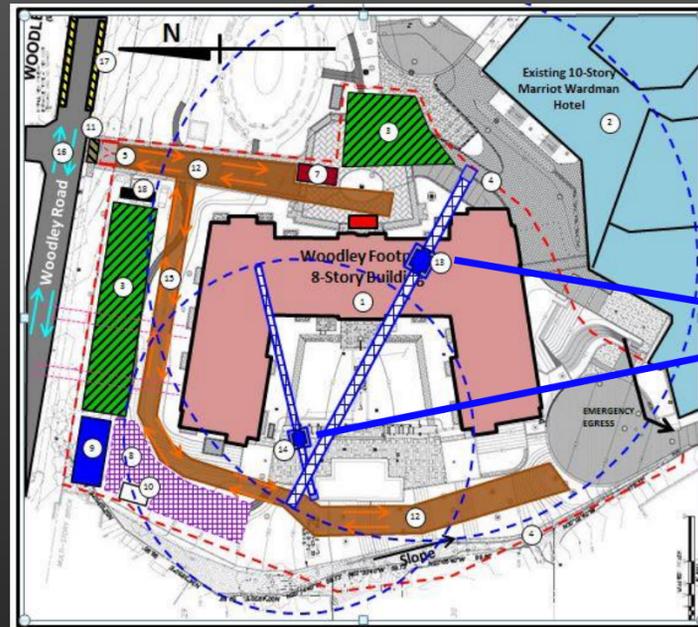
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Tower Crane Relocation





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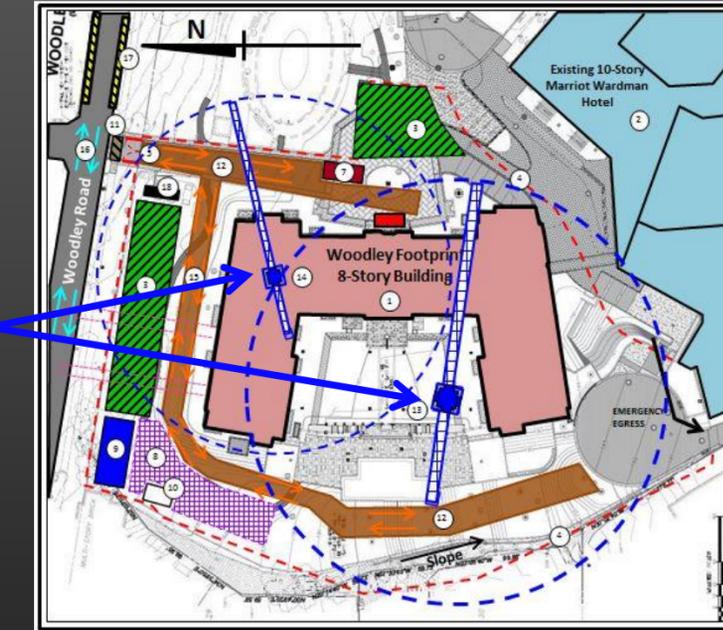
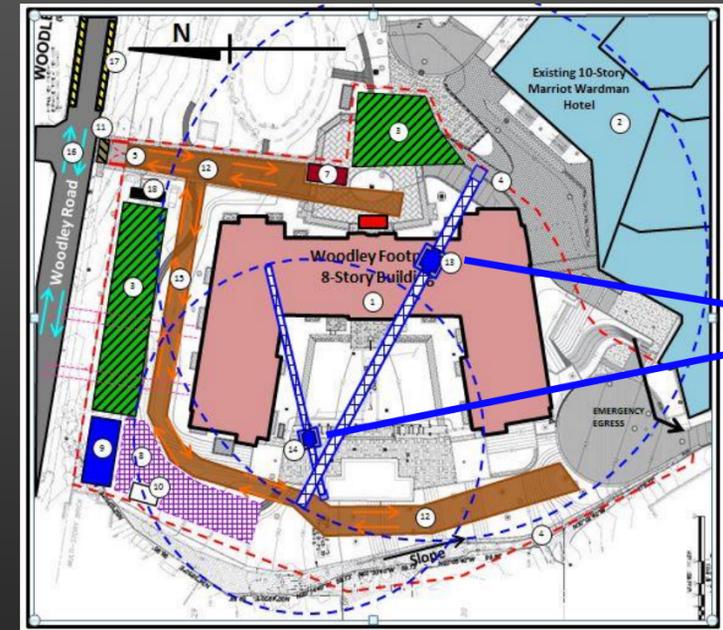


- Mobile Crane**
- Precast Subcontractor

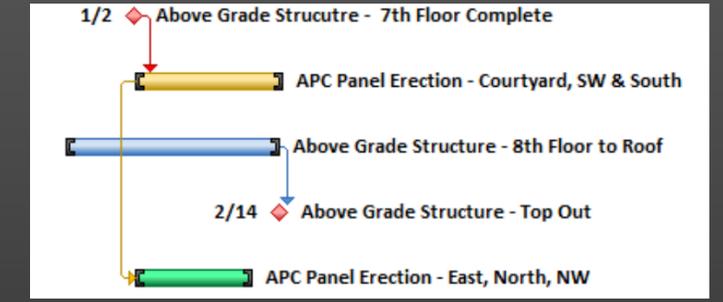


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Tower Crane Relocation



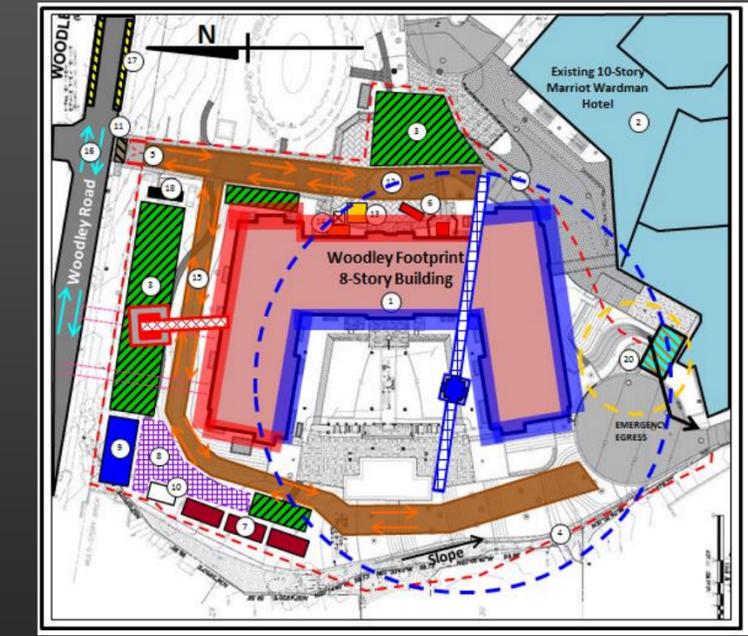
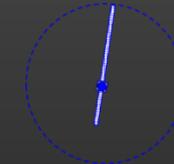
Workflow Sequence



- Mobile Crane**
- Elevations
- North
 - East



- Tower Crane**
- Elevations
- South
 - Courtyard





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Transportation

Flatbed or Low-deck Trailers:

- Used for precast panels < 12' x 40'



Courtesy of Oldcastle



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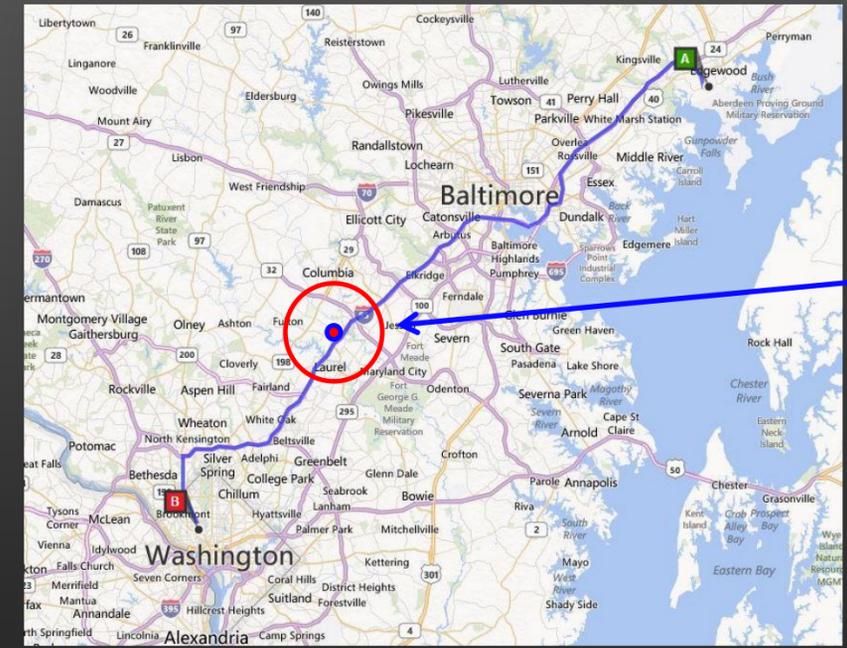
Courtesy of Oldcastle

Shipping:

- Oldcastle Precast Building Systems
- Plant Location – Edgewood, Maryland



Delivery



Rest Stop Staging

- I-95 Maryland Rest and Welcome Area
- 32 Miles from Beltway (I-495)



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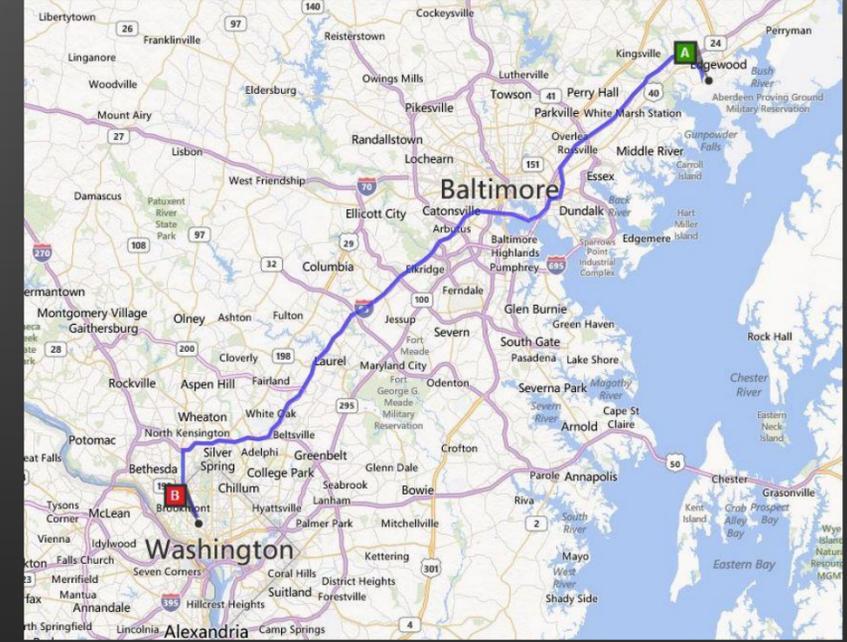
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Delivery



Site Staging

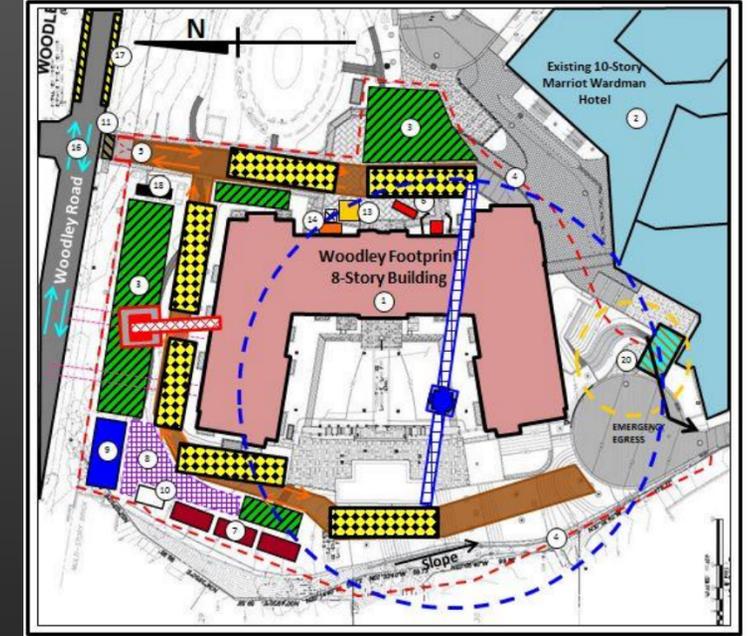
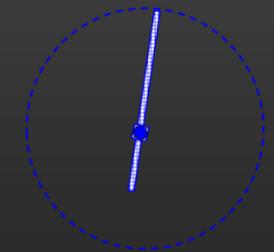
Staging Area



Mobile Crane



Tower Crane





APC Wall Panel Prefabrication



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Cost Savings

Existing Brick Veneer Wall System

Item	Amount
Brick	\$2,676,060
Backup, Sheathing and Insulation	\$55,834
Metals	\$292,500
Misc.	\$246,375
Limestone	\$843,570
Total	\$4,114,339

APC Wall Panels

Item	Amount
Architectural Precast Concrete Panels (including attachment hardware)	\$2,768,480
Penthouse Brick	\$205,905
Metals	\$292,500
Misc.	\$407,355
Total	\$3,468,335





APC Wall Panel Prefabrication



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Original Duration for Brick Work:

145 Days

Accelerated Duration for APC Wall Panels:

32 Days

Schedule Acceleration

Activity	Start	Finish	Duration (Work Days)
APC Wall Panels	2 Jan 2012	15 Feb 2013	32
Windows	18 Jan 2013	14 Jun 2013	105
Stone	6 Mar 2013	17 Aug 2013	118
Penthouse Brick	11 Jul 2013	7 Aug 2013	20
Balcony Front Brick	10 Jul 2013	10 Aug 2013	23
Revised Ext. Skin Total Duration	2 Jan 2012	17 Aug 2013	163
Schedule Acceleration w/ Earlier Finish Date			46

Activity	Duration (Work Days)
APC Wall Panels (Raw)	57
APC Wall Panel w/ Phasing	32
Schedule Acceleration	88
w/ Phasing	113



APC Wall Panel Prefabricication



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Results

SAVINGS = **\$646,000**

- **16 %** Cost Compared Existing System

- **5 %** Cost of Building Enclosure

+ **46 Days** to Project Schedule

Cost Savings

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Wind & Seismic Loading

Code:
IBC 2006 / ASCE 7-05

Assumption:
Panel Weight (12' x 30' @ 40 PSF) – 14,400 lb.

Wind:

Windward exposure

$$P = q_h \times (+GC_p) - q_h \times (-GC_{pi}) \text{ (lb./ft.}^2\text{)}$$

$$P = 18.3 \times (+0.62) - 18.3 \times (-0.18) = 14.64 \text{ lb./ft.}^2$$

Leeward exposure

$$P = q_h \times (-GC_p) - q_h \times (+GC_{pi}) \text{ (lb./ft.}^2\text{)}$$

$$P = 18.3 \times (-1.1) - 18.3 \times (+0.18) = 23.4 \text{ lb./ft.}^2$$

Max Suction Force = **8,424 lb.**

Seismic:

$$F_p = \left(\frac{0.4 a_p S_{DS} W_p}{\left(\frac{R_p}{I_p} \right)} \right) \times \left(1 + \left(2 \times \frac{z}{h} \right) \right)$$

Horizontal Seismic Force =
850 lb. (10% of Wind Load)

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Hardware Selection

SERIES 4500



Courtesy of JVI

Working Capacity = 2,680 lb. < 2,106 lb. (Max Suction Force per attachment point)

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Wind & Seismic Loading

Seismic:

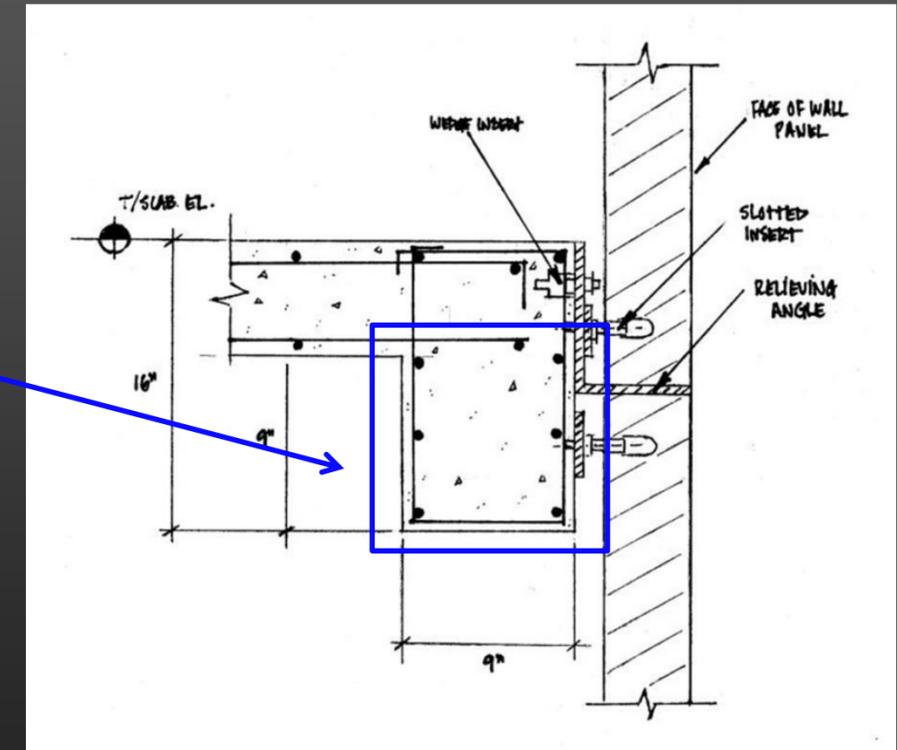
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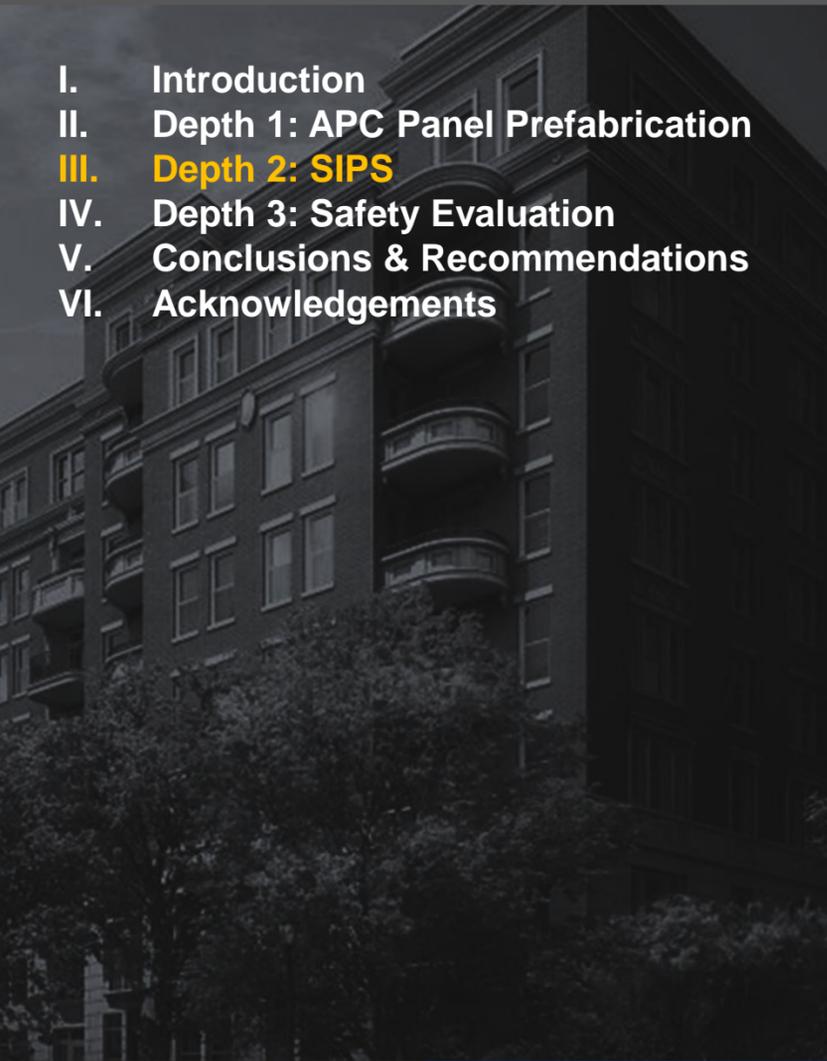
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Lateral Attachment & Spandrel Beam Redesign

16" x 9" Spandrel Beam

Added Cost: \$ 54,000





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SIPS

Brick SIPS Schedule



Floor Level	Productivity Rate (per mason)
1	175 brick/day
2	175 brick/day
3	175 brick/day
4	170 brick/day
5	165 brick/day
6	160 brick/day
7	155 brick/day
8	150 brick/day

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 - Original Schedule Analysis
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SIPS

Brick SIPS Schedule

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Floor Level	Productivity Rate (per mason)
1	175 brick/day
2	175 brick/day
3	175 brick/day
4	170 brick/day
5	165 brick/day
6	160 brick/day
7	155 brick/day
8	150 brick/day

Sample Calculation:

4th Floor – Zone E (East Elevation)
Total Area – 375 S.F.

$375 \text{ S.F.} \times (6.55 \text{ brick})/(\text{S.F.}) = 2,457 \text{ brick}$

$2,457 \div (170 \text{ (brick)})/(\text{per mason}) \times 3 \text{ masons} \times 1.25 \text{ (6 hrs. of labor)} = 6 \text{ days}$

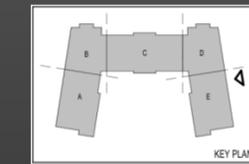




SIPS

APC Wall Panel SIPS Schedule

Construction Zone	Elevation	# of Panels	Crane	Duration (Days)
A1	East	22	Mobile	4
A2	East	26	Mobile	5
A3	East	22	Mobile	4
B	North	38	Mobile	7
C	Northwest	21	Mobile	4
D	South	29	Tower	5
	Courtyard			
E	West	34	Tower	6
	Courtyard			
F	North	26	Tower	5
	Courtyard			
G1	South	26	Tower	5
G2	South	25	Tower	5
H	Southwest	21	Tower	4
Total		290		54



Average # of Panels per Zone - 27

Panel Erection Productivity Rate – 6 panels/day

- I. Introduction
- II. Depth 1: APC Panel Prefabrication
- III. **Depth 2: SIPS**
 - Original Schedule Analysis
 - Brick SIPS
 - APC Panel SIPS
- IV. Depth 3: Safety Evaluation
- V. Conclusions & Recommendations
- VI. Acknowledgements



Safety Evaluation

- I. Introduction
- II. Depth 1: APC Panel Prefabrication
- III. Depth 2: SIPS
- IV. Depth 3: Safety Evaluation**
 - Scoring System Comparison
- V. Conclusions & Recommendations
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Scoring Criteria:

Scoring Value	Level of Concern
1	Safety Category is considered fairly safe with a low level of safety concern involved.
2	Safety Category is considered somewhat hazardous with a moderate level of safety concern involved.
3	Safety Category is considered very dangerous with a high level of safety concern involved.

Safety Category	Precast Wall Panel Erection & Installation	Brick Masonry Installation
Fall Protection	3	3
Equipment Inspection	2	3
Safety Training	2	1
Hazardous Materials	2	2
Incidents/Injuries	3	2
Total Score	12	11



Safety Evaluation

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Safety Category 1: Fall Protection

Activity	Safety Concerns	Score	Activity	Safety Concerns	Score
Precast Wall Panel Erection & Installation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Commonly Precast Wall Panel erection requires laborers to work off of electric boom lifts, engine powered boom lifts or scissor lifts to secure panels once a crane picks the load to the desired location. Work on these JLG's requires laborers to be tied off at all times 	3	Brick Masonry Installation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Exterior Enclosure brick work is performed on scaffolding. If all required guardrails are properly in place per OSHA, masons are not required to tie off due to the protected fall exposure. 	3

Safety Category 5: Incidents/Injuries

Activity	Safety Concerns	Score	Activity	Safety Concerns	Score
Precast Wall Panel Erection & Installation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Falls Falling objects Crush Injuries Struck by hazard from crane superstructure Swinging loads over other employees Swinging or out of control load Material handling (crush, caught in between, lifting, etc.) Crane collapse Faulty sling (load drop) Rigging failure Contact with overhead power line 	3	Brick Masonry Installation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Falls Falling debris Material handling (crush, lifting, cuts) Scaffolding Collapse/Tipping/Hit by equipment Windblown debris, contact with cement when mixing mortar Burns and explosion when heating water and sand 	2

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Safety Evaluation

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Scoring Criteria:

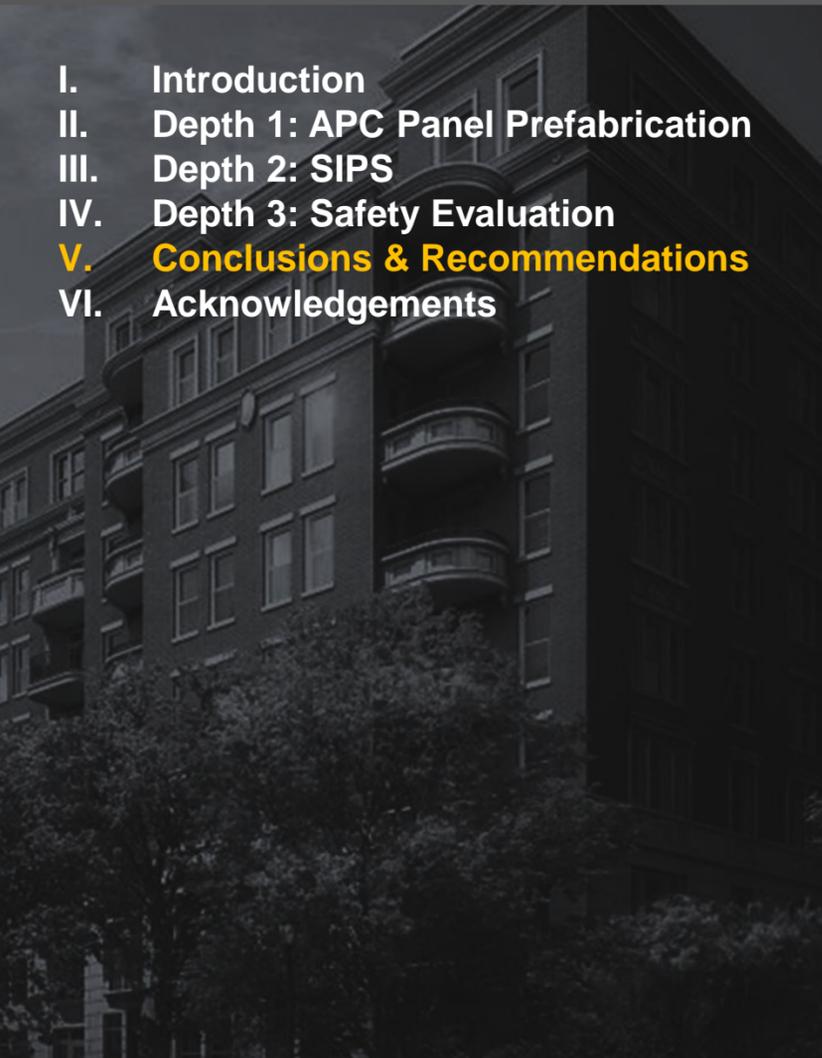
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Total Score	12	11

Activity Hazard Analysis:

- Principle Steps
- Potential Hazards
- Recommended Controls
- Required Equipment
- Inspection Requirements
- Training Requirements

ACTIVITY HAZARD ANALYSIS		
ACTIVITY: LIFTING PRECAST CONCRETE WALL PANELS		
Project: AE Senior Thesis Prepared By: Kevin Kroener Date: 4/9/2014		
Scope of Work: Precast Concrete Wall Panels		
PRINCIPAL STEPS	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	RECOMMENDED CONTROLS
1. Select and Inspect Rigging	1.a. Damaged or unsafe rigging 1.b. Under sized rigging or incorrect rigging	1.a. & 1.b. Inspect rigging on a daily basis for safe working conditions. Remove form service and discharge any rigging if as necessary. Competent groundman, assisted by Erection Foreman, will select appropriate rigging for each lift.
2. Lift wall panel load	2.a. Crane malfunction or failure 2.b. Improper crane setup leading to tipping or failure 2.c. Struck by hazard from crane superstructure 2.d. Swinging of loads other employees 2.e. Swinging or out of control panel load	2.a. Operator must perform daily inspections to ensure that crane is in safe working condition. Inspections will also be documented in the a crane logbook. 2.b. Ensure crane is on stable and level ground per the manufacturers specifications/recommendations. Proper boom radius as specified in crane capacity chart. 2.c. Barricade tail swing of crane 2.d. Ensure swing path is clear. Groundman and Erection Foreman will control area within swing radius of crane boom with assistance from GC field supervision. Swing path perimeter will be marked or barricaded to prevent employees from walking beneath load. The CAZ (Controlled Access Zone) will be set at an appropriate distance and the Groundman and Erection Foreman will remain alert to personnel entering restricted areas to keep people out of the swing path. 2.e. Only one person at a time will give signals and have radio communication with crane operator. Taglines will be used to control loads
EQUIPMENT TO BE USED	INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS	TRAINING REQUIREMENTS
1. Tower Crane 2. Mobile Crane 3. Rigging 4. Tag lines 5. PPE - hard hat, safety glasses, steel-toe boots, reflective vests	1. Annual crane inspection 2. Daily crane inspection 3. Crane inspection upon arrival at site 4. Posted Certificate of Compliance on Crane 5. Daily rigging inspection	1. Certified Crane Operator 2. Erection Foreman has completed PCI's Certified Erector course 3. All erectors and riggers have completed rigging training ** GC is responsible for training of all non- precast/erector personnel to remain clear of the precast work area and to obey warning signs and barricades.



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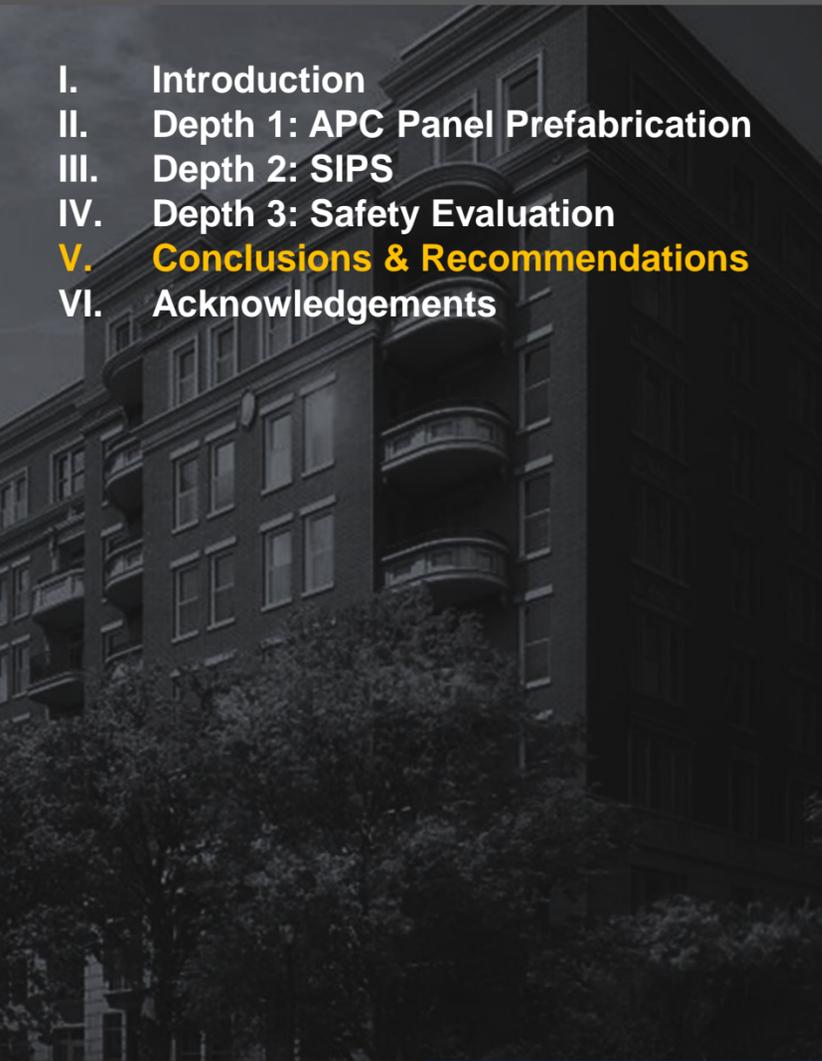
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Analysis 1: Architectural Precast

Concrete Wall Panels

- Accelerated Schedule – 46 Days
- Saved \$ 646,000
- Improved Quality
- Structurally Feasible



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Conclusions & Recommendations

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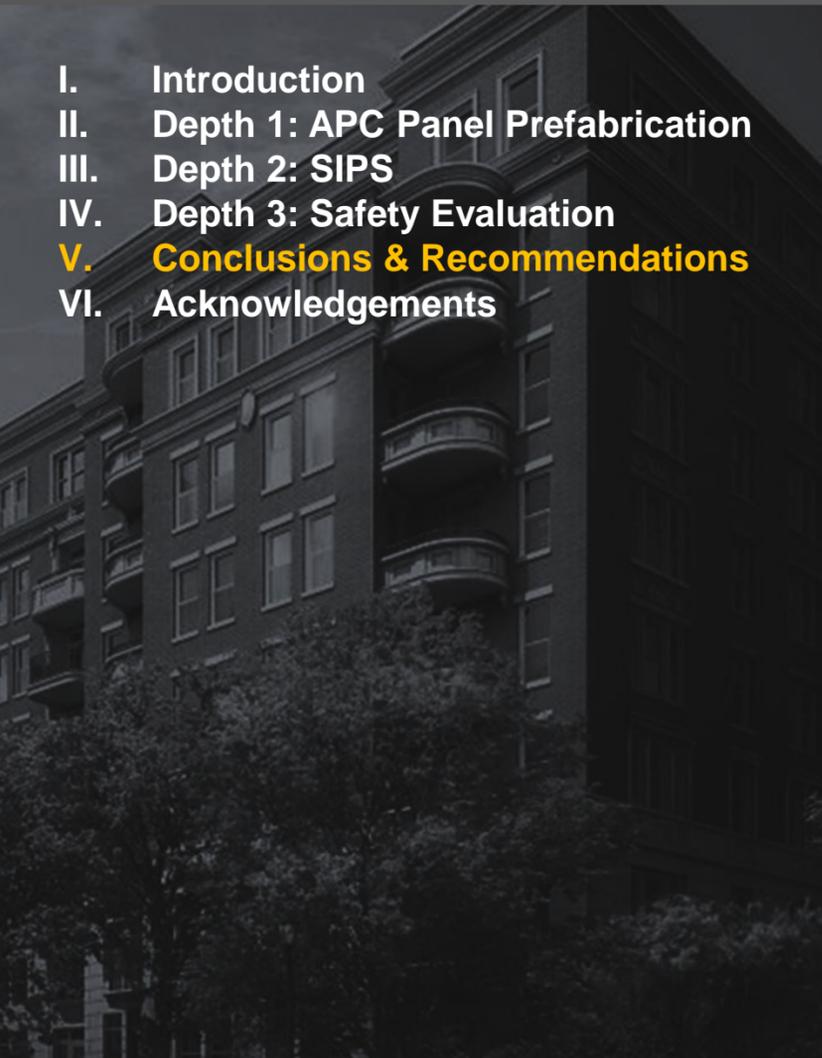
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- Accelerated Schedule
 - Brick – 12 Days
 - APC Wall Panels – 3 Days
- Improved Productivity



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Analysis 3: Safety Evaluation

- Identified Safety Concerns
- Improved Site Safety w/ AHA

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Matt Quigg – Gate Precast Company

Ed Kroener – WorleyParsons

Julia Gamble

My Family and Friends

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Questions?



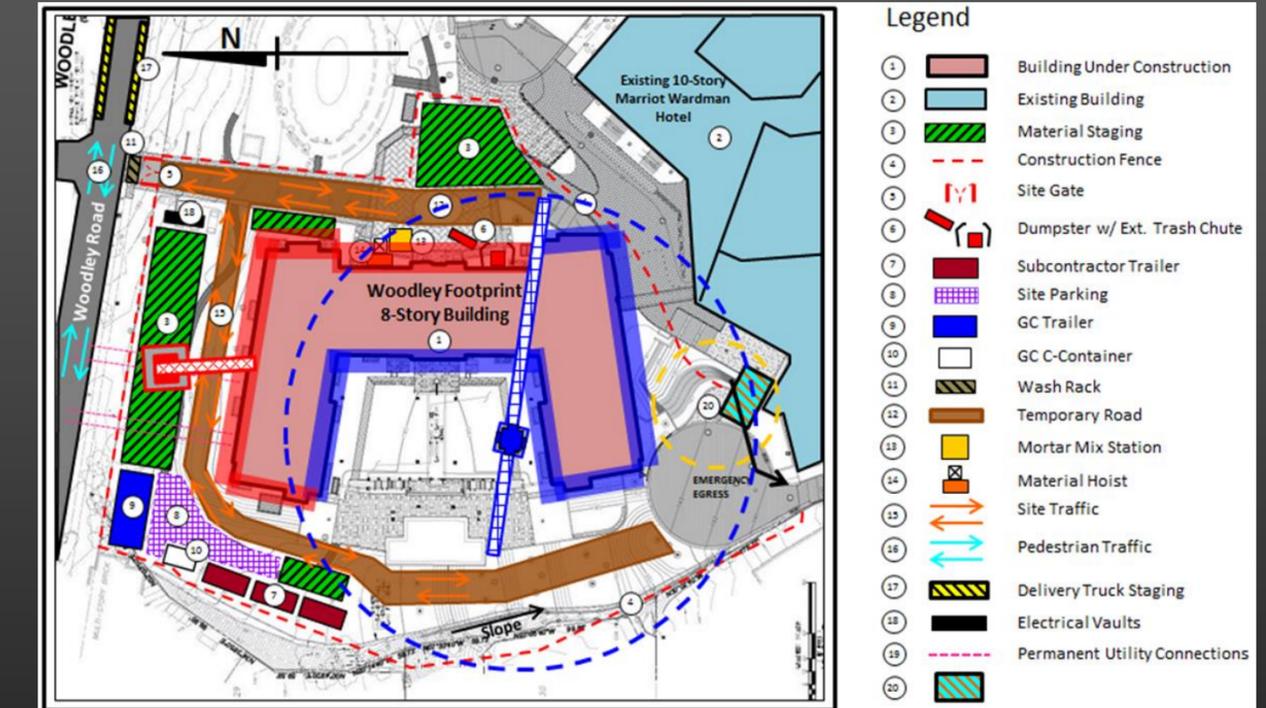
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Item	Unit	Quantity	Unit Price	Amount
Architectural Precast Concrete Panels				
APC Wall Panels <i>** includes attachment hardware</i>	sf	69,212	\$40.00	\$ 2,768,480
Subtotal				\$ 2,768,480
Metals				
Slab edge shelf angles	lf	11,700	\$25.00	\$ 292,500
Subtotal				\$ 292,500
Misc.				
Caulking	sf	294,900	\$0.50	\$ 147,450
Brick at Penthouses	sf	5,883	\$35.00	\$ 205,905
Spandrel Beam	Cu Yd	72	\$750.00	\$ 54,000
Subtotal				\$ 407,355
Total				\$3,468,335

Item	Unit	Quantity	Unit Price	Amount
Brick				
Brick at Balconies	sf	1,130	\$35.00	\$ 39,540
Birck Soldier Course	sf	821	\$45.00	\$ 36,927
Brick Standard Size Running Bond	sf	74,274	\$35.00	\$ 2,599,593
Subtotal				\$ 2,676,060
Backup, Sheathing and Insulation				
Metal Stud Backup with Sheathing	sf	111,669	\$3.50	\$ 390,841
Gypsum Board and Batt Insulation	sf	111,669	\$2.25	\$ 251
Rigid Insulation	sf	111,669	\$1.50	\$ 255
Exterior Tyvek Wrap	sf	111,669	\$0.50	\$ 167,503
Subtotal				\$ 55,834
Metals				
Slab edge shelf angles	lf	11,700	\$25.00	\$ 292,500
Subtotal				\$ 292,500
Misc.				
Wall Flashings	sf	147,450	\$1.00	\$ 147,450
Caulking	sf	147,450	\$0.50	\$ 73,725
Scaffolding	mon.	9	\$ 2,800.00	\$ 25,200
Subtotal				\$ 246,375
Limestone				
Headers and Sills	lf	3915	75	\$ 293,625
Jambs	lf	4275	75	\$ 320,625
Install of Headers, Sills and Jambs	lf	8190	28	\$ 229,320
Subtotal				\$ 843,570
Total				\$4,114,339

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<p>The Woodley Woodley Park NW Washington, DC</p>	<p>Site Utilization Plan Phase 2 Residential – Skin/Finishes/Site</p>	<p>CLARK CONSTRUCTION THE JBG COMPANIES</p>	<p>Kevin Kroener Construction Option 4/9/2014</p>
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ITEM OF WORK	MONTH	August				September				October						
	WEEK	8/5/2013				9/2/2013				10/14/2013						
	DAY	M	T	W	R	F	M	T	W	R	F	M	T	W	R	F
South, Southwest, East																
Zone J																
Zone K																
Zone L																
Zone M																
North Courtyard, West Courtyard																
Zone N																
Zone O																
Zone P																
Zone Q																
South Courtyard, West Courtyard, NW																
Zone R																
Zone S																
Zone T																
Zone U																
Zone V																
North, Northwest																
Zone W - 4 Masons																
Zone A - 4 Masons																
Zone B - 4 Masons																
Zone C - 4 Masons																
Zone D - 4 Masons																
East																
Zone E - 2 Masons																
Zone F - 2 Masons																
Zone G - 2 Masons																
Zone H - 2 Masons																
Zone I - 2 Masons																

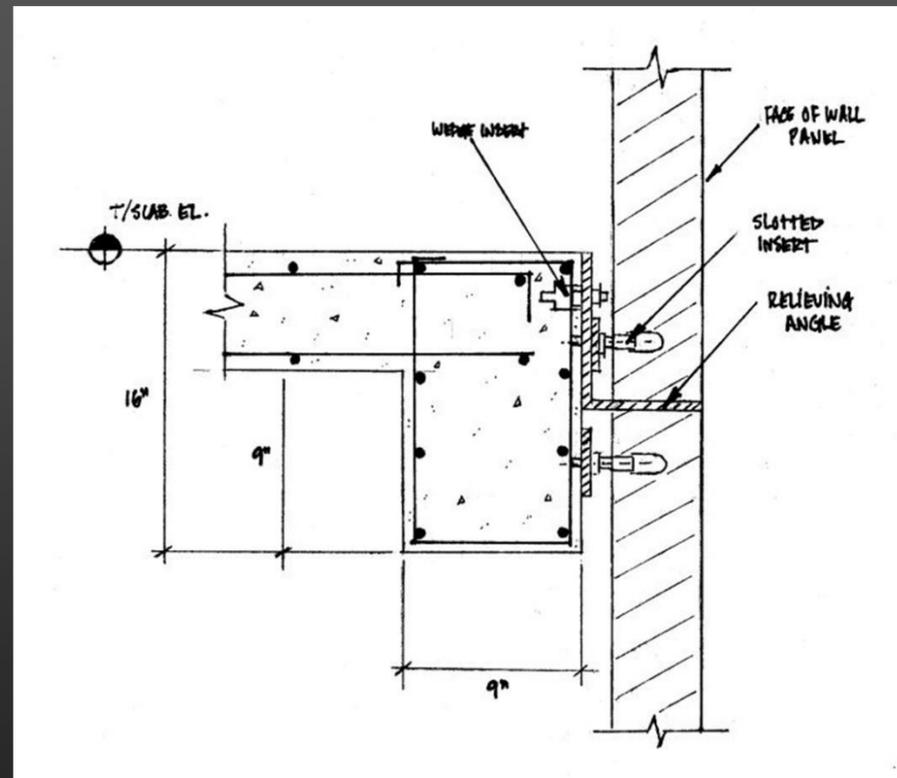
1. Zone A		14. Zone N	
2. Zone B		15. Zone O	
3. Zone C		16. Zone P	
4. Zone D		17. Zone Q	
5. Zone E		18. Zone R	
6. Zone F		19. Zone S	
7. Zone G		20. Zone T	
8. Zone H		21. Zone U	
9. Zone I		22. Zone V	
10. Zone J		23. Zone W	
11. Zone K			
12. Zone L			
13. Zone M			

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SPANDREL BEAM DESIGN CHECK

PANEL $14' \frac{4}{12} \times 12 = 1.44 \text{ k/1}$

19.9 k $25'$ $.15 \text{ k/1}$ - BEAM
 1.59 k/1

$M_u = \frac{1.59 \times 25^2}{8} = 124 \text{ k-ft}$

$V_u = 1.59 \times 12.5 = 19.9 \text{ k}$

$7'$ $9'$ $9'$ $16'$ $d = 16'' - .75 - .375 - .44 = 14.43''$

$\#7 \text{ BAR}$ $\#3 \text{ STIRRUPS @ } 12''$ $4 \cdot \#7 \text{ BAR}$ $A_s = 2.4 \text{ in}^2$

BENDING:

$a = \frac{2.4 \times 60}{.85 \times 4 \times 9} = 4.7''$

$\phi M_u = .9 \times 2.4 \times 60 \left(14.43 - \frac{4.7}{2} \right) = 132.6 \text{ k-ft}$

Shear:

$V_c = 2 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{4000} \times 9 \times 14.43}{1000} = 18.21 \text{ k}$ $V_s = \frac{2 \times .11 \times 60 \times 14.43}{12} = 15.9 \text{ k}$

$V_c/\phi = 7.1 \text{ k} < 19.9 \text{ k}$; STIRRUP REQ'D $\phi V_u = .75 (18.21 + 15.9) = 25.51 \text{ k}$

$25.5 > 19.9 \text{ k}$

- USE $\#3 \text{ STIRRUPS @ } 12''$